THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 2. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

THE FORD ARRESTS

Complaint Lodged With The Police Board

AND SUIT ENTERED AGAINST TWO OFFICERS.

Jerome Manning the Instigator of the Suit.

The board of police held a meeting last evening. Lawrence Ford and Margaret Ford made complaint against Officers Henry Quinn and Dennis J. Breen that on Aug. 15th they did illegally and forcibly seize and remove them from their dwelling house and imprison them against their will and in violation of the law. On this complaint a hearing was ordered for the evening of September 15, at 7.30.

The following licenses were granted: Remark E. Wixon, Massachusetts corporation; Daniel Mahan, junk collector, Dane street avenue; Narcisse Deloga, pool room, Lakeview avenue.

Leave to withdraw was granted to William H. Murphy, who asked for a license for a hackney coach. This man does not seem to have a suitable vehicle.

Charles Dumas on Moody street was granted an auctioneer's license.

Two Officers Sued.

Jerome F. Manning, Esq., as attorney, has brought suit for Mrs. Mary Ford (above alluded to) against Dennis J. Breen et als. The ad damnum is $10,000 and the allegations is that the defendants, who are police officers of the city of Lowell, did falsely arrest and imprison the plaintiff.

FOR AND AGAINST IT.

The Republican Club Discussed Out Door Meetings Last Night.

Some of the members of the republican club want to hold out door rallies and they also desire to hire brass bands. Then there are others who do not want to conduct out door meetings.

They said so at a meeting of the republican club last night. The barbecue at Lakeview Sept. 12 is not exactly to their liking. Chairman Poore of the republican city committee told the meeting that Congressman Knox does not favor the barbecue unless some big gun like Tom Reed or Bourke Cockran can be secured.

William E. Westall acknowledged that he knows little about the monetary question and considered it advisable to hold a meeting on Fort Hill part or the South common.

Councilman E. K. White favored a rally in some hall.

Finally it was decided to refer the matter to the executive committee of the club. The matter of ward rallies and club buttons was also talked over during the meeting.

REV. FR. DORGAN, O. M. I.,

Transferred to Buffalo, N. Y., For the Present.

Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., who has been stationed at the Immaculate Conception church for the past three months has been transferred to the church of the Holy Angels, Buffalo, N. Y., and will soon start for that place. Prior to coming to Lowell Fr. Dorgan was stationed three months in Texas.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 20 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

BRYAN'S TRIUMPH

Greeted by Crowds of From 50,000 to 100,000.

HIS MAGNIFICENT SPEECH AT CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Terrific Arraignment of the Robber Standard.

Columbus, O., Sept. 2.—The free silver campaign in Ohio attained its high-water mark in Cleveland, but the outpouring of people to see and hear the Democratic presidential candidate as the state capital last night was greater in proportion to size of the city than that in the northern metropolis had been. Mr. Bryan had the state capitol grounds for his forum, and the memory of local politicians contains no such demonstration as the one in which he played a star part. A roofed and flag-draped platform faced the eastern front of the capitol building, and as Mr. Bryan looked down from its height, 20 feet above the plain of faces, he saw the steps and terraces packed in solid rows, with the gloomy stonewall for the back ground, while about the other three sides of the stage across the lawn of several acres, to the street beyond, stood regiments of which an accurate estimate was an impossibility, and which a careful guess would place at 20,000. Looking down from the roof of the capitol building an hour before the candidate's arrival, one saw the whole place about its four sides swarming with men, women and children. Mr Bryan's speech was devoted to the financial question.

BRYAN'S GREAT SPEECH

To One of the Three Vast Audiences That Greeted Him at Cleveland—The Gold Standard Arraigned.

Today the people are confronted with this proposition: Are the American people able to govern themselves, or must this government be thrown over to the syndicates to carry on as they think best for their private profit?

(Applause and cries of "No, no.")

A voice, "Everybody vote for Bryan."

(Great applause and cheering.)

Issue of the Campaign.

There is an issue now, and the line is drawn so that no one need be deceived. Is there anybody, any party, declaring that the gold standard is good? Not one. Never in the history of the United States has a national party dared to write in a national platform a single sentence in approval of the gold standard. The gold standard was conceived in avarice. It was fastened upon this country by fraud and it can only be continued by deception.

The gold standard never fought an open fight in all its career. It carries the mask of the burglar and the knife of the assassin. When it was fastened upon this country in 1873 the American people had never discussed it and no party had ever gone before the people indorsing a single measure that leaned toward a gold standard. Every step has been taken at night, and without the knowledge or consent of the people. (Applause.)

Opportunity of Republicans.

The republican party had at St. Louis such an opportunity as seldom comes to a party. The present administration had advanced the gold standard, had forced through under whip and spur a law repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. The administration had issued bonds in time of peace, and, worse than all, it entered into the contract with a few financiers in New York and London by which it paid those financiers an enormous profit for protecting the treasury, which 70,000,000 of people stood ready to protect.

What an opportunity for the republican party! Why didn't the convention denounce the policy of the democratic party? The financiers of New York wrote the republican platform. The laborers of this country, the farmers of this country, were looking and longing for relief, but the republican party was deaf to all sounds save the clinking of gold, and blind to all colors save the glittering yellow. (Tremendous applause.)

The Republican Platform.

It wrote its platform. Did it say the gold standard was good? In the presence of the misery that it has wrought, even the republican party, with all its audacity, did not dare to advocate a gold standard. If anybody comes to you and tells you that the gold standard is good, you ask them who said so. If anybody tells you that it is a blessing, ask him why no political party in the United States ever found it out.

What does it say? Why, it pledges the republican party to get rid of the gold standard and substitute bimetallism—when? When the foreign nations will help us to do it. It confesses the gold standard bad when it says it ought to be abandoned, and yet it confesses that it must ask for foreign aid. This is the platform.

I am not writing republican platform. I am simply quoting to you what the writers of it have said. Did they say that you will suffer for one year? No, they did not limit it to that. Did they say you should bear it for four years? What is the duration of the time during which you must suffer from the gold standard? Forever and ever. (Applause.)

When will foreign nations come? When will they have pity on you? (Great applause.) What hope is there? If the republican party which you have made has no pity on you, how can you expect pity for you across the ocean?

Our opponents preach the gospel of despair. There is no hope, not a promise, not a prospect. They ask you to enter upon a night illuminated by no stars, to embark upon a sea whose future shore no mariner may find, to travel upon a desert where the oasis when reached only makes disappointment a thousand times more keen.

Against this policy, against this surrender of the right of self government, against this vesting of legislative power in the hands of aliens, the democratic party presents a platform which is so clear and emphatic that he who runs may read.

The republican party says that we must maintain for a time, at least, the gold standard. The democratic party declares unalterable opposition to the gold standard. The republican party says that when other nations are willing to restore bimetallism we will do it. The democratic party says:

"We demand the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. (Great cheering.)

There is an issue, my friends, and you can decide upon which side of this question your interest lies. We have not finished the gold standard yet. You think you have suffered. Our suffering has just begun if we have a continuation of the gold standard. We have not reached the end of it. We are but upon the threshold of a period of depression which is indefinite in duration and cannot be described in intensity. Hard times? Why, only a few of the nations are now suffering from gold. Wait until they all demand gold. (Applause.)

Driving Out of Silver.

If they can drive silver out here what nation can stand its influences? Wait until these influences, wait until those heartless, merciless influences have driven silver from here and they will turn to other nations. Wait until they have driven silver from India and 250,000,000 of people reach out after their share of the world's supply of gold. Wait until they have driven silver from China and left 350,000,000 of people to reach after their share of the world's supply of gold.

And at whose bidding do you destroy silver? At the bidding of the farmers of the world? The farmers of the world have never asked for the crucifixion of silver. (Applause.) At the bidding of the laborers of the world? The laborers of the world have never demanded the death of the white metal. Who has demanded it? The money changers, whom the Savior drove out of the temple.

Go to the great money changers, when a few men can corner the world's gold and then let it out a little while to the nation that will pay the highest price for it. Go to the large holders of fixed investments, who find that their property rises as stagnation and distress prevail through the world. These are the ones who come to you in the name of honesty and beg you to give them the bread by the sweat of their brow.

Every silver man from Bryan down is encouraged by the miserable fiasco, the signal failure of the greatest exponent of the money kings, Bourke Cockran. He is out of his element in pleading such a cause, he is prostituting his eloquence to vile ends in supporting disguised robbery and designating as anarchists, the best friends of the people, the men who preach free silver as the salvation of this nation. But the $250,000 which it is said he is to receive for his services in this campaign may compensate him for espousing such an unpopular cause and for speaking not only against justice and right, but also as it appears against his own conviction

POLICE COURT.

Hadley J.

Five simple drunks were fined $1.

Mary E. Sullivan, second offence of drunkenness, was sentenced one month to the workhouse, and Ellen Tully for a similar offence was sentenced two months to the same institution.

Several continued cases were disposed of as follows: Nellie Shea, charged with illegally selling liquor, was further continued until Saturday next for trial.

Sycurgus K. Watson, charged with non-support of wife, was continued until Oct. 2.

T. Hanson Partridge, charged with the larceny of a bicycle from James Walsh, was represented by Jeremiah Crowley, Esq., as counsel. The witnesses for the prosecution were Officer Duncan, who made the arrest, James Meers, who pulled the defendant from the stolen bicycle, and James Walsh who owned the machine. Four witnesses were heard in behalf of the defendant, but their evidence was not sufficient to convince Judge Hadley of Partridge's innocence and the latter was consequently fined $25.

Thomas E. Crowe, was found guilty of obtaining board on false pretenses from Mr. Thomas Don, boarding house keeper on the Massachusetts corporation, and was fined $15.

George H. Wood, the jeweler, yesterday bought the fruit store of W. R. Kilpartrick on Central street to enlarge his own store.

The railroad commission will hear the petition of the Lowell & Suburban to increase their capital stock Sept. 23.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

2 O'CLOCK

FATAL SHOOTING

An Italian Deliberately Murders a Girl

BECAUSE SHE REFUSED TO SCRUB HIS ROOM.

The Murderer Escaped And Is At Large.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 2.—Without an instant's warning the life of little Isabelle Rossi was ended yesterday afternoon. She lived with her parents at 30 Common street. She and a companion were scrubbing the floor in the kitchen, when Antonio Guatiero entered. Guatiero boarded with Isabelle's parents. He went to his room, adjoining the kitchen, and washed his hands and face and combed his hair. He then returned to the room where the two children were at work. "Come to my room and wash the floor," said Guatiero.

Isabelle thought he was joking, and refused. Guatiero went to his room again and returned in a short time with an old army musket. Pointing the weapon at Isabelle's head, he again demanded that she scrub the floor. She still thought him fooling and again refused, and then Guatiero pulled the trigger.

The child sank to the floor, and Guatiero stood for a second like one stupefied as he gazed on the work he had done. Then the shrieks of Isabelle's companion brought him to his senses, and with a cry of "My God! What have I done!" he rushed from the house by the rear door.

Neighbors gathered to learn the cause of the shot, but Guatiero eluded them and ran up an alleyway and made for the woods in South Lawrence.

Guatiero is still at large. He was last seen going in the direction of North Andover, where it is thought he took a train for Portland, Me. The police of the surrounding cities and towns have been notified and all the large cities have been given a description of the murderer.

Dauntless' Detention Ordered.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Acting Secretary Hamlin has directed the collector of customs at Brunswick, Ga., to seize the alleged filibustering steamer Dauntless in that port and hold her, pending an investigation by the department of justice as to whether she has been violating the neutrality laws.

The Public Debt.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt, issued from the treasury department, shows that at the close of business Monday, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, was $972,497,196, which is an increase for the month of $12,342,684, which is accounted for by the loss of nearly exactly that amount of cash on hand due to the excess of expenditures over receipts.

Fought to the Death.

Sergeant, Ky., Sept. 2.—Reliable information has just been received here from a remote section in Magoffin county of a terrible, hand-to-hand battle between two desperate factions, in which four men were killed outright and two others seriously, if not fatally, wounded. It is said to have been the result of a "mountain dew" spree and a game of cards on the roadside.

Shutters Are Up.

Lebanon, N. H., Sept. 2.—A sensation was caused here when it became known that Bank Commissioner Baker had obtained an injunction restraining the Lebanon Savings bank from receiving or paying out deposits. There are 3500 depositors, and the injunction proceedings come as a great surprise. The trustees of the bank say that "no one need worry, as no person need lose a dollar."

Direct Evidence Lacking.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 2.—At yesterday afternoon's session of the coroner's jury which is investigating the railroad accident in this city only one witness, Superintendent Cummings of the White mountain division, was asked to testify. Nothing in the way of direct evidence as to the cause of the accident was adduced.

Coinage In August.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the total coinage during August to have been $6,068,220, of which $3,515,000 was gold, $2,686,000 silver and $67,220 minor coins. Of the silver coined $2,650,000 were standard dollars, $30,000 half dollars and $6000 dimes.

Youthful Murderer Executed.

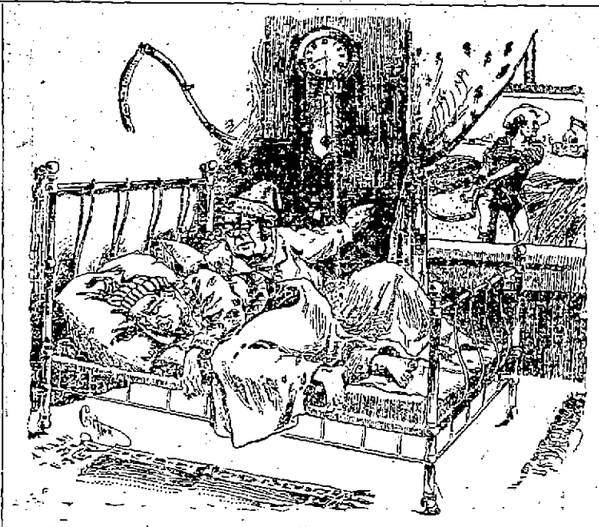
Uniontown, Pa., Sept. 2.—Frank Morris, aged 18, was hanged here for the murder two years ago of Bernard Loker, a farmer of Chestnut Ridge. The object was robbery. The murderer was a cheap-novel fiend and at no time showed any particular concern about his fate.

Objections Appear Well Grounded.

Woonsocket, R. I., Sept. 2.—The arrival yesterday of 75 Italians from Boston to work on the sewer construction caused intense indignation in this city, where more than 1000 laborers are idle, and many are desperate. Over 1100 people are being assisted by the overseers of the poor, owing to the depressed condition of the woolen, cotton and rubber business. Yesterday afternoon 300 unemployed, of all nationalities, met in a vacant lot and gave free expression to their indignation at the importation of laborers. The cry of "work or bread" was taken up, and seemed to crystallize the sentiment and purpose of the meeting.

Firebugs' Dastardly Work.

Halifax, Sept. 2.—At an early hour yesterday morning incendiary fires were started almost simultaneously in four different parts of the city, and all in thickly populated districts. The Ladies' College and Conservatory of Music, the Grosvenor hotel, a building at the lower end of Hollis street and the Halifax hotel were the scenes of operation of the firebugs. The operators succeeded in igniting buildings in each case, but timely discovery averted disastrous results.



Farmer Hanna: "Wake up, Mack, and go to work. Bill Bryan's goin to get the whole crop."

DRAWING JURORS

By Aldermen at Last Night's Meeting.

A LIVELY DISCUSSION OVER ACCEPTING STREETS.

Hawkers and Peddlers May Sell Wares.

The aldermen held quite a lengthy session last night and disposed of considerable routine business that had accumulated during the vacation season.

Chairman Tryder presided over the meeting and the following petitions were referred:

For sidewalk of edgestone and cinders in Lane and Madison streets; for a sewer in Sargent street; for the removal of trees in Ames street; for gas lights in Orleans street and sewer in Concord street; and for the removal of trees in Wilder street.

The following resolutions were passed: To allow the Lowell and Suburban road to lay tracks over the Moody street bridge; to lay a sidewalk of edgestone and cinders along the westerly side of Fletcher street, near Pawtucket; to lay a sidewalk of edgestone and cinders on Hall street; to lay a sidewalk on Warwick street, from Shaw to B streets; also one on the southerly side of Cross street, from Adams street past the residences of Cornelius Callahan, and another on Clare street.

Notices were read from republican and democratic city committees stating that the dates for caucuses for choosing delegates to the conventions for the nomination of state officers would be as follows: Democratic, Sept. 10; republican, Sept. 16.

The request of the republican city committee for the use of the basement of the new Moody school for caucus purposes, and also for the use of the basement of the new Highland school for the same purpose was referred to the lands and buildings committee.

The resolution to lay out and accept State street was read, and Alderman Crowley wanted to know where State street is located.

Alderman Fleming said it is on new land near the Bleachery. There are no houses on the street.

Alderman Crowley answered that he will vote for no scheme to boom private property at the expense of the city. He wanted to know if State street is a repetition of the Victoria and Stedman streets racket.

"There is only one man benefited by Victoria street," he said," and that is the councilman against whose barn the street runs."

Alderman Fleming made the statement that Victoria street had not cost the city one cent. The resolution then passed. When the resolution to lay out and accept Upham street was read, Alderman Crowley wanted to know where Upham street was. "Near Victoria," was the information received from Alderman Fleming.

The joint standing committee on ordinances and legislation, to whom was referred the proposed ordinance in reference to hawkers and peddlers, refusing them the privilege of streets for crying wares for sale, was returned with the disapproval of the committee on the ground that it was contrary to Chap. 16 of the Public Statutes, a law that has been in force for years.

Alderman Crowley explained the unfairness of the proposed ordinance and said they might as well require the farmers to be licensed and labeled.

The report was accepted.

Voted to appropriate $5000 for use at rifle range in addition to the amount already appropriated.

A resolution was adopted transferring $20,000 from the school house fund to be used on the Carter street school.

A hearing was ordered for Sept. 15 on the question of purchasing the much talked-of portraits of the Mechanics association.

An order was adopted instructing the city treasurer to deposit the city funds to the extent of $100,000 with the Lowell Trust Co. at 4.18 per cent. and if he had funds on hand in excess of that amount to divide them among the other banks, giving prefrence to the Trader's bank in recognition of its bid.

A resolution to lay out and accept Sidney street was then adopted, after which jurors for the Superior court to be held Monday, Oct. 2, were drawn as follows: Austin Keith, 11 Myrtle street; Simon Dean, 516 Lawrence street; Harry V. Huse, 40 Oak street; Edward Learned, 494 Merrimack street; Joseph Mack, 13 Burns street; and Clarence G. Coburn, 215 Mammoth road.

For the U. S. circuit court, grand jury—Charles F. Edwards, 196 Hale street; Thomas Mahoney, 139 Merrimack corporation, and Samuel J. Bigelow, 64 Chapel street.

Petit jury—Fred H. Kilgore, 42 Columbus avenue; Stephen B. Puffer, 942 Middlesex street; Thomas Teague, 19 Burns street, and W. J. G. Myers, 36 Eighteenth street.

A GENERAL MILL CANVASS

WAS CONDUCTED IN THE MERRIMACK YESTERDAY

By the Overseers for State Committee—Other Matters of Local Politics.

It is only a little over one week since Mark Hanna visited Boston and conferred with the Arkwright club and thus early the campaign outlined by him to these mill owners and managers is being conducted along the plan of action decided upon by him.

At that time it was reported that Mr. Hanna impressed upon these mill managers the importance of rolling up a big republican majority in the old Bay State and suggested a canvass to determine as nearly as possible the standing of each city and town, that advance reports of probable gains might be sent out as an indication of what Massachusetts would do for the "sound money" cause.

These mill men determined upon a canvass of the men employed in the concerns under their control, and yesterday the big task, was inaugurated in the Merrimack mills. In the weaving department the overseer had a list containing the names of every male employe. He approached each one with this question.

"Are you a voter?" An affirmative answer being received, he continued, "Will you vote for McKinley or Bryan at the next election?" If the employe answered, "McKinley," a little "r" was placed opposite his name; if Bryan was his favorite, he was marked with a "d".

One employe was inclined to be taquisitive. When the second question was put to him, he replied:

"It is my own business how I intend to vote, and I see no reason why I should tell you."

"But we are making a canvass for the state committee" was the reply.

"Put me down as a Bryan man," answered the laborer.

It is safe to venture the assertion that the canvass will be far from correct as many gave the impression that they are McKinley men, because they did not care to run the risk of incurring the displeasure of the mill officials who are strong McKinley men.

The republican assessors in wards one and two, particularly, performed their work remarkably well. As a result of their careful enumeration of the voters in the ward, they have succeeded in dropping from the check-lists a remarkably large number of democrats and a surprisingly small number of republicans. In ward one the republicans dropped number about one half the number of democratic voters, whose names are missing.

Secretary Tully is at democratic headquarters every day and evening. At present he is busily engaged making out lists of the names of democratic voters who were dropped.

The democratic city committee has made no definite arrangements for rallies yet. Chairman Pearson promises that some of the best campaign orators will be heard here before election day.

Philip J. Farley, Esq., will start in this week on the work of reorganizing the towns in this vicinity, in the interest of the democratic party.

Merit First

It is our first consideration; whether you buy from us a high or a low priced hat—the hat will be good—be fully worth the money.

We are in business (to tell the truth) to make money. We can't make money unless we get a lot of customers. We can't get the customers unless we give satisfaction—Some stores give a chromo instead, but when it comes to hats, satisfaction is better than a chromo.

THE IMPERIAL HAT

For which we are exclusive agents is new to Lowell yet—it won't be at the close of this season—'tis the popular New York city block; Guyer and Lamson & Hubbard blocks in line also—and the new shapes in Tourists in the fashionable colors.

"OUR SPECIAL

$2.00 DERBY

If we told you who the maker was you'd allow it had the ear marks of the $3.00 kind—if you want the satisfaction of showing the manufacturer's name, you want the $3 kind.

MERRIMACK Fashion Corner

Opp. City Hall **CLOTH'G CO.**

VERMONT'S VOTE

For Republican Ticket Biggest Ever Given.

LIST OF OFFICIALS CHOSEN AND RETURNS.

Democrats Made No Effort to Stem the Tide.

White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 2.—The Green Mountain state declared for Josiah Grout, Rep., of Derby for governor, and for the Republican state ticket entire by a majority that equalled the prediction of the most confident Republican managers. Returns from the distant towns are, as usual, rather slow in coming in, but the count in all sections of the state shows substantial Republican gains, and indicating that the majority for the Republican state ticket will be nearly 40,000.

This is the largest majority ever given for a governor in this state, the nearest approach to it being in 1888, when the majority was 27,618. The Republican leaders claim that the majority may reach 35,000, and even 37,000.

The final bulletin issued by Chairman Merrill of the Republican state committee, for 230 out of 245 towns, gives a Republican majority of 37,824. The remaining towns, in 1894, gave a Republican majority of 1031, and with this majority added, Mr. Merrill figures a majority of 39,000 for the head of the ticket. He says: "I consider this result a death blow to the Democracy of Vermont, and the majority is greater than I hoped for."

There were four tickets in the field for governor and lieutenant governor, but as has been the case in former elections there was but a small percentage of votes for other than the Democratic and Republican tickets. The following were the candidates for governor on the Republican, Democratic, Prohibition and People's tickets respectively: Josiah Grout of Derby, John H. Jackson of Barre, Rodney Whittemore of St. Albans and Joseph Batten of Ripton. For lieutenant governor, the following gentlemen asked for the support of the people on the four respective tickets: Nelson W. Fisk of Isle La Motte, Ralph Sherwood of St. Albans, Cyrus W. Wyman of Brattleboro and William Dexter of Sheffield.

Two years ago the Democratic vote was 14,142, while Governor Woodbury received a vote of 42,625, or a plurality of 28,521.

The following table gives the vote of the Republican and Democratic parties and Republican majority during every presidential election since the Republican party commenced in national politics, the scattering votes being eliminated:

Year.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep. Maj.
1856	34,757	11,747	22,736
1860	34,188	11,796	20,241
1864	32,052	12,637	19,302
1868	42,615	15,829	26,325
1872	41,946	14,613	25,819
1876	44,723	20,958	23,662
1880	47,848	21,245	25,012
1884	42,524	19,820	21,850
1888	48,622	16,527	27,613
1892	38,918	19,216	17,956

The average majority during the 10 gubernatorial contests in presidential years was 23,102, and the smallest majority was that of Levi K. Fuller over B. B. Smalley, in 1892; while the largest majority was in 1888, when William P. Dillingham was elected over Stephen C. Shurtleff by 27,618 majority. The Democratic tidal wave, in 1892, broke the constantly increasing majority received by the Republicans during the past 40 years.

H. H. Powers, the Republican congressional candidate in the First district, and William W. Grout in the Second are both re-elected by increased majorities, and the state senate and house are in the control of the Republicans by practically the same majority as two years ago.

The Republican managers claim that the result is significant, and shows opposition from all sides to the Democratic currency principle, but the Democrats maintain that the increased Republican majority was expected, and it would have been very surprising if it had failed to develop. The Republican state ticket elected is as follows:

Governor, Josiah Grout of Derby.

Lieutenant governor, Nelson W. Fisk of Isle La Motte.

State treasurer, Henry F. Field of Rutland.

Secretary of state, Chauncey W. Brownell of Burlington.

State auditor, Franklin D. Hale of Lunenburg.

Congressman from First district, H. H. Powers of Morrisville.

Congressman from Second district, William W. Grout of Barton.

The defeated Democratic candidates are:

For governor, J. Henry Jackson of Barre.

Lieutenant governor, Ralph Sherwood of St. Albans.

Treasurer, James H. Williams of Bellows Falls.

Secretary of state, William W. Rider of Bristol.

State auditor, E. P. Seaver of North Troy.

For congressman from First district, P. F. McManus of Rutland.

For congressman from Second district, H. E. Fitzgerald of Island Pond.

Used Shotgun on Himself.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 2.—Richard Skinner, a well known character to the police, who has been confined in the insane asylum a number of times, attempted suicide last evening with a shotgun, but only succeeded in blowing off the side of his face.

Nebraska Bank Closed.

Beatrice, Neb., Sept. 2.—The First National bank of this city was forced to close its doors yesterday afternoon. Liabilities to depositors had been reduced to about $110,000, while the assets are in excess of $250,000.

Alleged Jewelry Thieves.

New York, Sept. 2.—Julius Stein, 23 years old, and Joseph Edison, 24 years old, are locked up in police headquarters in connection with the robbery of diamonds worth $100,000 from the store of Julius M. Lyon of Maiden lane. The loss caused the failure of the firm, which made an assignment last week.

Charles N. Drake, a prominent citizen of Bristol, N. H., died suddenly of heart disease, while officiating as manager at the funeral of a fellow townsman. He was prominent in fraternal orders.

If you wish for one of the FALL OVERCOATS advertised at **$6.00,** there's no time to lose.

Since advertising these overcoats—men's and young men's—half the lots have been sold.

To help out, we've reduced several other lots of fall overcoats to $8.00,—regular and covert lengths—these have sold for ten and twelve dollars.

Boys' and children's FALL REEFERS, and fall suits, all ready.

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.

MILLS RESUME WORK.

The Woonsocket Factory and Others Start Up Again.

Worcester, Sept. 2.—It is announced that the Woonsocket Rubber works of Millville will resume business the 10th. These works employ 1200 hands, and with the exception of a few weeks the past summer, have been shut down since last January.

The Alice mill at Woonsocket, R. I., owned by the same company, will start up at the same date.

With Full Number on Full Time.

Waltham, Sept. 2.—The American watch factory began work yesterday after a three-weeks' vacation, with a full number of employes and they will run on full time.

Full Time Now at Hamilton Mills.

Amesbury, Sept. 2.—The Hamilton mills resumed running on full time Monday, after two months of running alternate weeks.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Granville P. Wood of Nashua is visiting in this city.

Clerk Frank Parrott of the Lincoln Square pharmacy has returned from his vacation at Long pond.

Misses Agnes Davis and Gertie O'Connor have returned home after a vacation of four weeks at Whitinsville, Mass.

Miss Martha McDermott of C. I. Hood & Co.'s laboratory, has returned from her vacation at points of interest in the Granite state and also at the seashore.

Daniel Sullivan of O'Donnell's stables; John Leary and Frank Garvey left today for Plymouth, where they will ride horses in the races to be held here, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

DEATHS.

JOHNSON—Mrs. Nellie Johnson, aged 35 years, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 183 Church street. The funeral took place this afternoon and was attended by many relatives and friends. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

BENSON—Sarah Benson died Saturday at St. John's hospital. She was a well known old resident of the city and the mother of the late Councilman Benson. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mrs. William Benson, 132 Charles street, tomorrow afternoon.

MARSHALL—Fred R. Marshall, aged 22 years, 11 months, died this morning at his late home in Chelmsford. He was the son of Eben R. and Lucy E. Marshal. Funeral Friday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

RYAN.—John J. Ryan, child of James and Mary Ryan, died last evening at their home, 4 Dummer street. The funeral took place this afternoon and interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

MORIARTY.—Annie Moriarty aged 1 year 3 months, child of Martin and Margaret Moriarty, died yesterday at 389 Adams street. There was a large attendance at the funeral which took place this afternoon, and the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

Miss Susan Hogan of Lawrence street, Miss Annie Barrett of Manahan street and Miss Mary O'Laughlin of Nesmith street are enjoying their vacation at Lynn and vicinity.

Ex-Senator Richard Carter and Mr Daniel Desmond of Lawrence were in the city yesterday.

The Non-Partisan Silver league will hold a regular meeting at their rooms in Barristers' hall this evening.

Money Deposited

In the savings department of the Trader's National Bank before 4 p. m. Thursday, Sep. 3rd. will commence interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Bank open open daily 8 a. m. till 4 p. m., and Saturdays 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. and Saturday evenings 7 to 9 o'clock. 30 Middlesex street, and 11 P. O. Ave.

FOR SALE—A small grocery business, with horse, harness, wagon and good cash customers. Low cash price. Apply to Charles Spooney, 1206 Lawrence Street.

MILL KINDLING. Just at present I can give a very large load of Mill Kindling for one dollar. Postal order promptly attended to. WILLIAM COGGILL, wood dealer, 23 Concord street.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McFadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McFadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily: Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

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Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

Bryan's triumphs become greater as he moves westward—where he meets his own.

The gold bugs find it hard to select standard bearers because nobody cares to occupy the position of arch traitor to his party.

Mr. Manning's suit against two officers for false arrest will at least induce officers to consider where their brief authority begins and ends, a matter upon which many officers seem to have very hazy ideas.

Many manufactories of different kinds throughout the country have been closed without any apparent cause, except to intimidate the people and induce them to vote for Mark Hanna and the robber gold standard.

Another hearing is to be given on Sept. 15 on the question of purchasing the M. M. A. pictures. The public supposed the advocates of this scheme would let it drop; but no, they persevere. It does not seem that the city has money to spend for any such purpose.

The gold bugs of Wall street are alarmed. They fear the state will go for Bryan. They will have the shivers after the democratic state convention when the Chicago platform will be formally endorsed and when the democrats will enter in earnest into the fight.

Vermont has given an unusually large majority for the republican ticket, but no effort was made by democrats to avert such a result. Now, however, the battle will commence for the national election. There will be a reduced majority for the republican party, which is the most the democrats can hope to accomplish in that hide-bound state.

The reception which Mr. Bryan received at Cleveland, Ohio, indicates that there is the very best prospect of carrying Ohio for the democratic party. Already the republican party is alarmed lest New York should swing over to the democratic column, and now they are cast into utter consternation at the prospect of 100,000 men turning out to greet Mr. Bryan at Cleveland. Even Canton, the home of McKinley, sent 7000 men to the great reception, all organized to do battle for the silver cause.

The silver sentiment is fast spreading in New York state. Mr. Bryan's trolley tour into the farming districts of New York has been an unparalleled success. Crowds of thirty to fifty thousand people have gathered at small villages to hear his address, and men by thousands who have always voted the republican ticket declare that now they will vote for Bryan and Sewall and for free silver. It is clear that Chairman Jones, Senator Gorman and Mr. Bryan made no mistake when they decided to make New York state their chief battleground.

THE GOLD PULPITEERS.

It is amusing to find with what self-confidence some advocates of the gold standard undertake to defend its most dangerous features. They have raised a cry against the "fifty cent dollar," just as if the advocates of free silver ever proposed a fifty cent dollar. They represent the silver men not only as anarchists, but as men who want to repudiate their just debts, and establish a monetary system from which they themselves might derive a financial profit. Now if they would succeed in doing all this, they would not have inflicted half the evil, or the outrage, or the dishonesty upon the country or upon their creditors that the advocates of the gold standard have accomplished, and have been successfully carrying on since 1873.

Those selfish defenders of the gold standard raised a shout for national honor against repudiation of just debts, and claim that any departure from the present financial system would be ruinous to our credit abroad.

This is the very essence of political cant, and it seems all the more despicable when it is taken up by sensational preachers and hurled from their pulpits at inoffensive people who are seeking spiritual help and comfort. It appears that not only are brokers, money changers and the great bond syndicates interested financially in the gold standard, but also the sensational preachers who draw a salary from churches made up chiefly of this class. They, too, have taken up the cry naturally for the purpose of retaining their positions and steadily drawing their salaries. Such pulpit cant is the essence of hypocrisy, a disgrace to religion and its ministers who might be supposed to preach the gospel rather than prostitute their cloth to the vile ends of a mercenary defense of the tottering monetary system that robs one class of people for the benefit of another class.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

PLAIN PEOPLE'S CHANCE

NONPARTISAN, POOR MAN'S VIEW OF POLITICAL FIELD.

The Present Struggle Embraces the Attempt to Break Through the Outposts of Plutocracy—It Is Not Nearly All, but Is Much More Than Nothing.

[Special Correspondence.]

The butterfly becomes a bright, lively creature by simply dropping the envelope of the clumsy caterpillar. Something of the kind has taken place in the recent Chicago convention of July, 1896. The Democracy has dropped the heavy envelope of the gold plutocracy. It has done something more than that. Its platform contains two very important planks besides the silver one, two planks inviting the people to rebuke that judiciary of ours which, in the last two years, has twice insulted the majesty of the American nation, as follows:

First.—Our judiciary has established despotism by injunction against the working masses and practically made strikes impossible, when they are the only weapon that our infernal monopoly laws leave for the workers to at least check the constant exactions of our masters, the corporations and large employers of labor.

Second.—Our judiciary has vetoed the income tax, wanted by the people, on the pretext of its being class legislation.

The supreme stupidity of that pretext can be noticed by the fact that it would have meant an average $60 tax on our 400,000 richest chaps, when by right they should pay ten times as much, if anything. Why? Because our class monopoly legislation condemns 90 per cent of the race to live on a bare average of $500 per annum for each family group when they need and would have four times as much under laws of equal freedom. What a farce that of speaking of class legislation when you attempt to take back a small fragment from 3 per cent of the nation, about $25,000,000, out of the $7,000,000,000 we give them per annum through the most criminal laws of privilege that were ever concocted on the face of the earth.

Well, it remains to be seen what the American people shall do next November on the subject of rebuking our plutocratic judiciary, as the two indicated planks invite us to do. If the invitation is not accepted, if we fail to record that the natural rights of the American people mean something higher, in the eyes of God, than any human constitution or the whims of any lawyers in trying to read it to suit their spirit of oppression, then we shall proclaim to the world that we don't care anything for real freedom, judiciary despotism being good enough for us.

The elections next November shall determine something more than the triumph of this or that party. They shall fix the line of progress for the next 50 years on this side of the Atlantic. We are face to face with a supreme struggle, when all partisanship feelings should be drawn into love for that freedom and that justice without which manhood is impossible. Now is the time to remember that there can be but two logical parties after all in a social compact where the workers want to be the real citizens of their own nation and not the puppets or miserable tools of machine politicians and plutocratic masters. The two parties in question are as follows:

That of monopoly, and so of especial and class privileges.

That of the people, and so of the working masses and equal rights.

The latter party should include all honest, working capitalists and all men rendering useful, healthy services to humanity. That excludes nothing but monopolists, gamblers and schemers, actual or potential, in the flesh or in the spirit. The men just mentioned would melt away like glaciers under a tropical sun as soon as we had a social structure without laws of privilege.

The real happiness or wretchedness of nations is conditioned on two central, social thoughts formulated as follows:

First.—Mighty few laws, only those indispensable to specialize the eternal verities ingrained in the structure of the universe as revealed by human needs and the ethics of the golden rule.

Second.—As many laws as possible, by the bushel and the ton, as we have forever been manufacturing under the despotisms of all monarchs and all parliamentary systems and through which we defy the wisdom of nature and God.

The birth of the antiplutocratic Democracy in Chicago may yet prove a failure. It will all depend on the people whether it becomes plutocratic or not, in this or that form. Just now it simply represents an improvement when in contrast with the intense plutocratic elements against which it has revolted.

We can hardly expect more than a partial success, at the utmost; but that should not discourage the brave and the true. We should remember that the working masses here are essentially conservative, as they have always been in all nations, heathen and Christian, ancient and modern; that conservatism has been the eternal stumbling block of healthy, rapid progress. It has always sent humanity away from the straight line of march toward fundamental truth. It has kept men and nations lingering in the suburbs of all that is right and hanging around that fatal tree of good and evil. We have thus been forever mixing evil with good and giving to evil the power of self existence that good alone can impart to it.

The grand, eternal law of God is to eschew evil, to fly from all evil, to have nothing to do with any wretched mixture of the two elements. And civilization must necessarily be a war against the Father in heaven and all his truth as long as we insist upon our insane philosophy of mixing up evil with good. The final triumph of truth is inevitable, but it can only come through work and hope backed with prayers for the guidance of the All High. JOSE GROS.

Morristown, N. J.

TIRED MOTHERS find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives them pure blood, a good appetite and new and needed STRENGTH

THE GREAT QUESTION.

We Dare Not Intrust Our Affairs to Those Who Doubt Our Nation's Potency.

My friends, in this campaign there is only one great issue. If that is settled, it will not give us a government perfect in all its details, but that one question must be settled first before other questions can be settled.

A nation that is not able to adopt its own financial policy is too impotent to legislate on any question where the people are concerned. We do not say that our opponents are insincere. We do not say they are less honest than we, but we do say that when they attempt to say to the American people that we must be dependent upon the legislative act of some other government, we say it matters not how honest they may be, we dare not intrust legislation to their hands.

I have said that in this contest we have a repetition of the contest of 1776, and that in this campaign, as in that, a line will be drawn between the patriot and the Tory, and when I say it I do not say it, my friends, to criticise the man who believes that this nation is not great enough to legislate for its own people. He believes it honestly, and I recall your attention to the fact that in the struggle of our forefathers for liberty there were those who honestly believed that we ought to continue in this land the political supremacy of Great Britain.

In this they were but mistaken, and if you go to the cemeteries you will find no monument reared by a grateful people to commemorate the names of those who thought English domination should continue. There are people today who believe that this nation is not strong enough to legislate for our people, and there are people who honestly believe that an attempt to do so would bring distress and many evils. We may respect their honesty, but must we enter into a life and death struggle with them because we assert here that the financial domination by a foreign power is as dangerous to the liberties of the people as political domination?—Bryan at Pittsburg.

Wealth of Boston.

With less than 150,000 citizens of voting age, Boston has property assessed this year at nearly $1,000,000,000. This would make the average citizen of Boston worth in the neighborhood of $6,000, but, as every one knows, the average citizen in Boston is as poor as he is anywhere else. The immense wealth of the city is held in the hands of a few men who have gained it by their mortgages on the labor of the east and the farms of the west.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Exact justice demands a return to the bimetallic standard. This can only be done by opening the mints to silver as a money metal. To discredit silver by legislation intimates the divergence between the relative value of the two metals. Parity cannot be restored by making silver an outcast from the mints.

The Major's Temptation.

Sometimes Major McKinley has a darn good notion to yell the word "gold" right out and have it done with.—Detroit News.

It cures from head to foot.

Puritana

To make the cure of any disease complete and permanent, the purifying, correcting and building-up process must begin and end in the Stomach.

92% of all sickness is caused by a wrong Stomach. Puritana makes the Heart right, the Lungs right, the Liver right, the Blood right, the Kidneys right, the Nerves right, the Health right, because it makes the Stomach right.

The Puritana treatment consists of one bottle of Puritana, one bottle of Puritana Pills, and one bottle of Puritana Tablets, all in one package. Price $1. All druggists.

LOWELL

RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 324-3. City Tel., 552-4.

SUNBEAMS.

Willing to Let Her Have a Taste.

"Give me a bite of your candy, Jimmy!"

"Nope, but you may kiss me while my mouth's sticky."—Truth.

Similar Impulses.

Miss Romance—Did you hear about that English nobleman who, wanting to know the true character of an American heiress, changed identity with his valet?

Miss Comeon—No. How did it work?

Miss Romance—All right. The heiress had felt the same way and changed places with her maid.—New York Sunday World.

The Mind Cure.

Rantipole—Now, see here, if I can persuade you that your tooth doesn't ache at all you ought to feel relieved, oughtn't you?

Jolterhead—I suppose so.

Rantipole—Well, now, bring your mind to bear on it. It isn't your tooth that aches. It's the nerve.—Chicago Tribune.

The Patient Man.

"De only trouble 'bout havin patience under provocation," said Uncle Eben, "is dat dess ez soon ez er man gits er reppytation foh it eberybody seems anxious ter gib 'im er chance ter show off."—Washington Star.

Cold, Callous Girl.

"My heart is burning with love for you"—

"Grandma always told me that a little soda was first rate for heartburn."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Would Not Risk It.

Fond Parent (despairingly)—Can't you be a good boy, Bobby, just for once?

Bobby (decidedly)—No. I might get into a habit of it.—New York Sunday World.

The Mystery of Pain.

"Such a dress must hurt the woman who wears it."

"But it hurts the women who don't wear it more."—Detroit Tribune.

A Rival.

"I should be delighted to accept your offer of your hand, Mr. Mudge," said the landlady, "but unfortunately I am already engaged to Mr. Borrowes, who owes $18 more than you do."—Indianapolis Journal.

His Best Recollection.

"I haven't seen your father for several days, Johnny. Is he out of town?"

"Yep. Paw, he's gone away on his—on his vaccination."—Chicago Tribune.

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Sheehan's Block, Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block, Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR H. ROOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder, 21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO. Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty. 42 CHURCH STREET.

"Don't be worried, madam. Your little one has nothing the matter with him. All he needs is pure air."

"But, doctor, isn't there anything better for rich people?"

80 Drinks For 15c

Of our Dandelion Nerve Tonic—a delicious invigorating home drink easily made—simply adding water and sugar and is low enough in price so that any one can afford it.

It is a good stomach tonic as well and should be tried by every one—much different and heathier than the majority of oil and soap bark concoctions usually sold 15c. a bottle only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

FINCH'S GOLDEN WEDDING RYE WHISKEY

1876—20 Years Old—1896

Held in storage by the late C. W. Cheney, for 15 years.

$1.50 PER BOTTLE, FULL QUART.

CHARLES H. JOYCE, 9 and 15 Middle St.

If There is Anything You Need in FURNITURE

Get it Now and Secure ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS

When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

STORY OF MAN — PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES
HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT — AND OTHERS

REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

PETER DAVEY, Undertaker and Furniture Dealer, 134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

Day and Night School

Now in session at New England Business University. Actual business from the start. Call and see us. GLICK & YOUNG, Bennett Building.

MUSIC HALL

Sept. 3, 4 and 5.

Nothing Old but the name. Everybody's Favorite Funny Show,

PECK'S BAD BOY

12th Annual Tour.

New Specialties.
Funny Comedians,
Graceful Dancers,
Pretty Girls.

An Extraordinary Singing Company.

POPULAR PRICES.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

New Management Entire and Seventh Week of Success.

KENDAL WESTON COMPANY

In His Great Success in One Act,

"One Touch of Nature."

And the farcical play, "My Uncle's Will."

Prices, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Box seats 50c., for sale during the day at Leed's. Evenings at 8. Matinees at 3 Wednesday and Saturday. Next week, Sept. 7th, commencing with a special matinee Labor Day, "A Happy Pair" and "To Oblige Benson."

LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 31.

THE Alabama Troubadours

A band of Afro-American celebrities, presenting in a true and realistic manner

Life in the Sunny South Before the War.

Buck and Wing Dancers,
Banjoists,
Jubilee Singers,
Plantation Dancers,
Male and Female Quartettes,
Old Time Plantation Scenes,
Camp Meeting Shouters,
And the

Great Cake Walk.

Two Exhibitions Daily. Afternoon and Evening.

"GLEN FOREST."

Fare From Lowell 10c.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 24.

THE ALABAMA TROUBADOURS

A Band of Afro-American Celebrities,

PRESENTING IN A TRUE AND REALISTIC MANNER.

Life in the Sunny South before the war, Buck and Wing Dances, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dances, Male and Female Quartettes, Old-Time Plantation Scenes, Camp-Meeting Shouters, and the

GREAT CAKE WALK.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO SALISBURY BEACH.

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with Steamer Merrimack, daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. and 12 m.

On and After Sept. 8

Cars will leave daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. only. Steamer leaves beach to return at 4 p. m., one hour earlier. Four hours at the beach.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent.

Have You Ever Tried a Sample of Our

CALIFORNIA WHITE WINES

Hochheimer, Reising, Haut Sauterne, Deidesheimer, Sauterne.

JOHN M. PEVEY'S

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 16½ Merrimack St. Opposite the Washington House

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

WANT COLUMN.

LOST—A railroad pass near the corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Finder please leave at Sun office.

WANTED.—$5000 capital wanted and equal partnership offered on a Lowell theatre, to be run on first-class principal with strong N. Y. dramatic company. Address W, Sun office.

MILLINER WANTED—As trimmer. (Catholic preferred.) Address P. O. Box 430 Milford, N. H.

FOR SALE.—Near Westford and Lane streets, two tenement house, all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land; you can buy this place at a bargain. Call and see G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on credit. Sampler, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1354, New York City.

FOR SALE.—Near Powell street, two story house, large lot of land; this is your chance to get a home and on easy terms. Price $1450. L. G. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Allan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE.—On Westford street, cottage house, small barn, one acre of land; this is a bargain. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.—In Pawtucketville, near new bridge, good two tenement house, large lot of land, always rented. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE.—On line of electric road, small place of 16 acres of land, new cottage house; this is your chance. Price $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 70 houses have been built in the last 9 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 204 Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

STOP AND THINK,

Vain Regrets usually follow hasty actions.

Is it cheaper to get a cheap job cheap than to get a good job done at a reasonable price?

Good work at reasonable prices has built up our business.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

BERTRAND ?

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF CAS COOKER"

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S 279 DUTTON STREET.

2 O'CLOCK

THE JEWS AIDED

In the Massacre of the Armenians.

FIVE THOUSAND OF LATTER WERE SLAUGHTERED.

Another Note of Warning From the Powers.

Constantinople, Sept. 2.—Additional facts concerning the recent massacres are slowly coming to light. It is now estimated that 5000 persons perished, and that scarcely a male Armenian escaped in the Hassim Pasha and Haskoi quarters. Forty-five women and children in the Hassim Pasha quarter sought refuge on the roof of a house, where they were discovered, slaughtered and their bodies thrown in the street. It is reported that the Jews assisted the Turks in pointing out the homes of Armenians, and it is believed that 300 of the Mussulmans arrested are members of the Young Turks' party, and not partakers in the massacres, as the porte asserts.

Ambassadors of the powers are preparing a note to the sultan, supplementary to the recent note and telegram of warning, in which the sublime porte was told that failure to suppress the riots in the streets of Constantinople, precipitated by the attack on the Ottoman bank by the Armenians, was endangering the existence of the Turkish empire. In this latest note from the representatives of the powers, the whole blame for this week's events is laid upon the shoulders of the government of Turkey.

The Young Turks' party is desirous of dethroning the sultan, whose place is now constantly guarded by 15,000 men.

Among the victims of the recent riots were many rich Armenians. Several cases are reported where the Armenians, being brought to bay, fought splendidly, and from 300 to 400 Turkish soldiers were killed.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—Very serious news has been received here, by way of Athens, to the effect that massacres have again been commenced in several places in Asia Minor and that many Christians have been killed and wounded as a result of these outbreaks.

Pertinent Comment.

London, Sept. 2.—A dispatch to The Times from Berlin says that the Hamburg South American Steamship company, the North German Lloyd Steamship company and the Hamburg Colonization society have united in the acquisition of a large tract of land in the state of Santa Catharina, Brazil. It is the intention of these companies to found there a German colony, with the view to attracting emigrants and trade to the section. In conclusion The Times says: It remains to be seen whether the Brazilians will accord a hearty welcome to this scheme, or whether the United States of America will consider it compatible with a strict interpretation of the Monroe doctrine.

Driven to Suicide.

Vienna, Sept. 2.—Mouthner Von Markow, the millionaire brewer, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. He left a letter attributing his self-murder to the attacks of the anti-Semite newspapers, which have accused him of defrauding the authorities in the matter of payments of Octrol taxes. There is no doubt but what the charges were untrue, for Herr Von Markow, although possessed of great riches, was of an estimable character.

Danger In Ocean Racing.

London, Sept. 2.—The Times this morning publishes a letter from Lord Colville of Colross, remonstrating against the great speed of the modern transatlantic steamers. He says that they cross the ocean at such a furious pace that some calamity is sure to occur in the near future unless the ocean liners are compelled to adopt additional precautionary measures. He cites the case of the steamship St. Paul, which, on Tuesday, nearly swamped a small steamer.

Pluck Kept Him Alive.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Dr. Guion, who performed an operation upon Prince Lobanoff-Rostovsky in 1891, says that Prince Lobanoff's life since 1891 has been of the nature of a continuous miracle and that he survived only because of his indomitable energy. According to Dr. Guion, the Russian foreign minister suffered from grave kidney troubles, combined with cardiac symptoms.

Sees Hope For Bryan.

London, Sept. 2.—The Standard, in its editorial columns this morning, says: William Jennings Bryan, the Democratic candidate for President of the United States, seems to possess the quality which Americans call magnetism, and it may be anticipated that the Republicans have no such easy victory as expected.

Work For Frenchmen In China.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Liberte this morning says: China has engaged French engineers to take charge of the works at the Foo-Chow arsenal and arranged for the building of fast armored cruisers there. The big ironclads, however, will be ordered at the shipyards of other countries.

An Unparalleled Output.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 2.—Word has been received from Cariboo that the clean-up of sluices and cuts in the Cariboo hydraulic mine amounted to $81,600 after a 10 days' run. This is the biggest piece of bullion ever captured from any mine in the same space of time.

Manson Seavy, instructor in mathematics, English high school, Boston, is dead.

There are rumors of impending changes in Concord (N. H.) newspaper circles.

The British Mediterranean squadron has been ordered to the Grecian Archipelago.

Dartmouth's freshman class this year numbers 140, the largest in the history of the college.

The number of doctors in Massachusetts is to be swelled by the addition of 168 new ones.

Lorillard's Diakka won the Peveril of the Peak stakes at the English Derby summer meeting.

New England cotton yarn manufacturers are to consider a further curtailment of production.

THE "SUN" HOW COLUMN

AN IDEA OF THE WAY HINDOOS SHAVED.

Peculiar Religious Ceremony in the Far East—How to Tan Furs—How to Estimate Without Weighing.

In the Koran there is no mention of shaving at all, yet the Mohammedans shave their heads in the same manner as the Hindoos. They also shave their armpits. But among the Hindoos—not only now, but ever since the publication of the Purana "Sambo" (the date of which is uncertain)—we find the hairs which grow upon the body regarded with a mixture of veneration and awe, for in this work it is written that according to the hairs a man has upon his body so many years (one year for each hair) shall his body remain in bliss or torment before again returning to the earth. This number is computed at some 8,600,000 And so we find that when a Hindoo child is born many ceremonies are gone through with priests and astrologers, and then "in the first, third, fifth or any odd year they (the parents) generally go to a certain fair and in an auspicious time and near a temple of a god have the child shaved for the first time." On reaching man's estate most Hindoos keep only a cue on the top of their heads and shave the rest of it. There is an object in this, for when they bathe—three times a day is the allotted performance—they tie this cue in a knot and then proceed with "pooja," or worship, saying verses from the Gayatri. Some Hindoos wear mustaches and beards turned up, but all wear whiskers, which are shaved off once when an adult of their connection dies. The shaving off of whiskers is thus a sign of mourning. The Hindoos burn their dead, and the person who sets fire to the pile has himself shaved in every portion of the head and face, except only his cue, but if the person deceased, whether male or female, be younger than he, then he does not shave his whiskers.

How to Tan Furs.

Spread the skin flat, with the inner side upward, and sprinkle it with a mixture of salt two parts, saltpeter one part and alum one part. The mixture must be pounded fine. Put on plenty and roll the skin up tight. In a few days the powder will have dissolved. Then stretch the skin on a board and scrape the inside quite clean. Dry it thoroughly in the sun. Rub it well with neatsfoot oil and dry it again in the sun. Scrape it again, to get the loose oil out, and sprinkle it well with hot plaster of paris powder. Rub this in with a cloth. Dry once more, and the fur will be ready to use.

How to Estimate Without Weighing.

Twelve small eggs without the shells weigh one pound.

Ten medium eggs without the shells weigh one pound.

Nine large eggs without the shells weigh one pound.

An ordinary egg weighs from one and a quarter to two ounces.

A duck's egg weighs from two to three ounces.

A turkey's egg weighs from three to four ounces.

A goose egg weighs from four to six ounces.

Two ounces unmelted butter equal in size an ordinary egg.

Two tablespoonfuls of liquid weigh one ounce.

Two heaping tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar weigh one ounce.

One heaping tablespoonful of granulated sugar weighs one ounce.

Two rounded tablespoonfuls of flour weigh one ounce.

How to Remove a Fishhook.

The hook, if not too deeply imbedded in the flesh, may be generally removed without surgical aid. If the hook is fastened in the hand, cut the line from the hook, turn the point upward and push it through as a needle would be in sewing. If the hook has a broad end or eye, snip this off before attempting to remove it. Do not try to draw the hook out backward, as the barb will lacerate and inflame the flesh.

How to Retain Beauty.

A woman beautiful in all else, but wanting mirth, will grow old, sour, thin and sallow, while the merry, fun loving woman will be fresh and sweet despite life's happenings and sorrows. The highest beauty is the beauty of expression, and the cultivation of this requires the crushing out of envy, hatred, malice and all motives and passions. True beauty rests on plain living and high thinking and brains. It is in one sense a relative thing. To dip far into philosophy on the subject is not necessary. The gospel of relaxing, of "letting go," of oneself at times is essential to facial well being. The nervous system, like the violin, must not be kept always at concert pitch. Beauty means harmony balance, the mental fire of sensibility, as well as bodily attractiveness. Banish fretting, trivial perturbation, scowling, whining, wailing, excessive and pointless smiling.

How to Clean Tortoise Shell.

Tortoise shell combs or ornaments that have lost their polish may be renovated by rubbing them with very finely powdered rotten stone mixed with a little olive oil. The rotten stone should be sifted through a piece of muslin before mixing it with the oil. When all marks are removed, polish again with a piece of very soft chamois leather and a little jeweler's rouge.

How to Keep Milk Fresh.

Milk and cream, like butter, should never be left open to the air. It does not suffice to put it into a pitcher without a cover, because the milk gathers every noxious germ afloat in the air. This is the real cause of ice cream poisoning and often of cream cake poisoning.

How to Make Sachet Powder.

An agreeable perfume which is also a preventive to moths is made as follows: Take of cloves, caraway seeds, nutmeg, mace, cinnamon and Tonquin beans each an ounce; then add as much Florentine orris root as will equal the other ingredients put together. Grind the whole well to powder and put it in little bags among your clothes. This will retain its freshness for a long time and will daintily perfume the clothes.

TALES OF THE TIMES.

South Polar Exploration Stimulated by Dr. Nansen's Resolve.

Dr. Nansen's reported intention to undertake an antarctic expedition before returning to his north polar quest is bound to awaken the greatest interest among scientific men. Nansen has long had the confidence of arctic experts on both sides of the Atlantic as a thoroughly well grounded scientist, and his prodigious success in penetrating to the farthest north has given him a prestige among practical explorers quite equal to that which he enjoyed for several years among students. His pluck, intelligence and patience are now beyond dispute, and as these are the supreme qualities of the successful explorer, whether his feet are bent toward the north pole or whether they seek the still more fearful mystery that lies behind the reek of Erebus, he seems to be superbly fitted for the task he is reported to have laid out for himself and his brave Fram.

For various reasons the south pole has not attracted explorers with the same force as the other end of the terrestrial axis. In the first place, the traditional theory of a northwest passage sent many expeditions into the borean seas, and by the time it was exploded and discarded the track made by the futile seekers had penetrated far across the arctic circle and become at once a challenge to the courageous adventurer and a guide to his progress. As early as the tenth century the Scandinavians were in Greenland, but it was not till 1774 that a systematic attempt was made to pierce the antarctic seas. Then the famous Captain Cook—most intrepid of mariners—forced his way as far as 71 degrees south, where he was obliged to abandon all hope of proceeding farther.

His observations and those of his successors in south polar exploration are enough to daunt the most courageous of souls. It is an error to imagine that the two regions resemble each other closely, for within the arctic circle men live and thrive, marry and are given in marriage. But so far as any man of our race knows no human being makes his abode within the antarctic circle. The musk ox thrives in the northern lands, but not a single land quadruped has been found beyond 56 degrees of southern latitude. Not a plant of any description has been seen south of Cockburn's island—in 64 degrees 12 minutes south latitude. The snow line in the antarctic regions and the regions near by extends to the water's edge. The temperature of the arctic regions has been known to rise as high as 56 degrees F. The highest temperature recorded by Sir James Ross was 41 degrees.

Ross' experiences discouraged exploration in the south polar seas, and except by occasional whalers the region remained practically unvisited by man until 1894, when, partly for exploration and partly to determine whether the "right whale" exists in the antarctic sea, Commander Svend Foyn, an old whale hunter of Norway, sent the Antarctic from Melbourne. Sir James Ross and other explorers had spoken of the "black whale." They probably meant the "blue whale," which is far more difficult to catch and far less valuable than the "right whale." The Antarctic lost $25,000 in the expedition because it found no "right whales," but it pierced the ice pack on Jan. 13, 1895, and attained a latitude of 74 degrees 10 minutes south. The captain "noticed a strong tidal current flowing south along the coast of Victoria Land, at the same time the large jellyfish, which he had never seen in very cold water, inclined him to the conclusion that there were warm currents from the north." The expedition, moreover, greatly stimulated antarctic study. Mr. Borchgrevink, a well known observer of antarctic phenomena, is said to be preparing to force his way by boat to Victoria Land and thence to cross the ice to the south magnetic pole, which is in the unexplored region, 17 degrees 25 minutes from the geographic pole. Meanwhile the Royal Geographical society has been striving to induce the British government to send a naval expedition across the dreaded circle.

It will be asked by those for whom human endeavor is worthless unless it yields returns measurable by commercial standards, What is the use of gambling human lives upon an expedition into this fearful region? The answer is afforded by a letter from Captain Creak, which was made public last year by Clements R. Markham, president of the Geographical society. Captain Creak remarked that "if we had not a fair knowledge of the earth's magnetism we should be unable to send our thousands of iron and steel ships over the world with the remarkbale precision which due care can attain." He went on: "Each of these ships is a magnet, and if we would know the nature of their magnetism we must first know the nature of their parent magnet, the earth. Now, the distribution of the earth's magnetism is well known to be constantly changing. But if we can once acquire a correct knowledge of the earth's magnetism for different epochs scientific men can obtain a series of constants, by means of which they will be able to construct in advance those charts of the variation of the compass and of the magnetic dip and force which are so important to navigation." "This," says Mr. Markham, "cannot be done without a magnetic survey of the antarctic area."

Nansen's north polar expedition was child's play to what he is now said to propose. But if Ross' clumsy, blunt bowed boats could tear through the pack to Erebus, and if a mere whaler of the first class could penetrate to 74 degrees, there is no reason to suppose that a scientifically built steamship, with a crew equipped also for overland voyages, could not go much farther.

Nansen has gone the farthest north. May he attain the farthest south!—Chicago Times-Herald.

Bibles of Sweatshop Make.

Members of the executive council of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders met the other night at 475 Pearl street, New York, and discussed the strike of the employees of Edwin Ives & Sons.

Benjamin Boden, the president, said: "Bible covers used in books made for the International Bible company are made in sweatshops located in tenement houses. The men are paid 50 cents a day and required to work on Sunday.

"Ives is a deacon in the Montclair (N. J.) Baptist church. He has a contract with the International Bible company for 150,000 Bibles to be finished before Christmas. One cause of the strike was the low wages paid by Ives."—New York World.

The Revised Version.

"I think," said the stage manager thoughtfully, "that in view of the prevailing craze, when you come to that passage, 'The apparel oft proclaims the man,' you'd better add 'nit' to 'is in order to prevent the gallery from guying you. It's just as well to have it understood that we're up to the times and can readily see where Shakespeare fell down."

He was the same manager who insisted upon putting Ophelia in bloomers.—Chicago Post.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

GRETTA'S WILD RIDE.

Saved Her Own Life and Three Others by Her Courage.

Farmer John Clemons drove into Watertown, N. Y., the other day with a load of potatoes. His spirited horses became frightened at a train and ran away without the driver.

Through the crowded thoroughfares they dashed without a mishap. Following them up Washington street was a nondescript crowd of bicycles, carriages and hacks.

Ahead of the runaways was a pony cart drawn by a Shetland. Riding in the cart were four small children, one the little girl of Michael J. Haney, the millionaire contractor and member of the firm of Ryan & Haney of Toronto, who built the Sault Ste. Marie canal. Gretta was driving.

Nearer and nearer the flying team approached the cart. Standing high upon the seat, reins in one hand, the whip in the other, Gretta, her hair waving behind her, urged the pony to greater speed, while the other three children cowered beneath her.

The team, with nostrils dilated, caught up with the pony cart, and it looked to those behind as if the runaway horses would run over it.

Gretta hit the horses' noses with the whip to check their speed and try to turn them, and then applied it to the pony, who was struggling to carry the children out of danger.

The runaways did not mind the whip, and then Gretta tried another plan.

She drove the pony from one side of the road to the other. But wherever she went the runaways followed.

The girl was displaying marvelous courage, and it seemed to the spectators that she was teasing the runaways.

For a mile the race went on. The runaways were still behind the pony cart and the little Shetland was getting winded from its hard run.

In vain Gretta pounded the runaways' faces with the whip. Her efforts to shake them off were unavailing.

As they were about to run her down she turned the pony sharply up a side street. The runaways dashed by, just grazing the pony cart.

Mr. Haney saw the flying procession pass his house, and followed in a hack. Gretta's thorough training in handling the reins saved her and the children from being crushed to death under hoofs and wheels.—New York Recorder.

A MULE YACHT.

Philadelphia Society Folk and Their Novel Outing Trip.

The mule yacht, a palatial canalboat, owned by a party of high society Philadelphians, is on its way up the Chesapeake and Ohio canal for Cumberland, Md. The party on board consists of 35 persons, of whom 17 are young ladies. The party is in charge of Mr. J. M. Justice and wife, and the captain is Joseph Magruder, formerly of Cumberland.

The party has made the trip over the canal for two successive years, but recently built a boat especially designed for pleasure purposes. The craft is one of the largest of its kind, built for comfort rather than speed. The deck is unobstructed and is used as a dancing floor and promenade. An awning protects the amateur boatmen during the day.

It is drawn by a team of mules, whose trappings are bedecked with colors. The interior of the boat is partitioned off into sleeping apartments, and all the appointments necessary to comfort and convenience are to be found. Fishing and hunting constitute the sports of the men, and they have with them several thousand rounds of ammunition.

A piano, guitars, banjos, etc., furnish dancing music at night. The boat proceeds at irregular intervals, according to the caprice of the party. The tour will not be finished, however, until the latter part of September. Cumberland once reached, the party will return to Williamsport, whence in a chartered car they will go to Philadelphia.

Next summer the party expect to have their boat towed out into the Chesapeake bay, and then by means of inland canals to reach the Hudson river, thence into inland Canadian waters.

The party will arrive at Sharpsburg about Sept. 17, the time the dedication of the Antietam battlefield monuments will take place, and which they expect to witness.—Washington Post.

SOLD THEIR BABE.

These Connecticut Parents Valued Their Affection For Their Child Lightly.

It came out the other day at Bridgeport, Conn., in court, that Walter and Ida Porter of Fairfield, Conn., sold their child for money to Mr. and Mrs. Ash Penny of Bridgeport three years ago, when the Porters were in straitened circumstances. At that time their baby was 6 months old. The agreement and the terms of the sale were drawn by Attorney Howard Joyce, now living in Yonkers, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Penny wanted a child. The Porters had several. The Pennys offered to adopt one, but to this the Porters would not agree. Finally the Pennys offered $100, with the understanding that it should be an out and out sale of the child. This was agreed to.

A year ago Mr. Penny died. Then the Porters determined to get their child back. Mrs. Penny would not part with her.

She was brought into court by Porters' lawyers, and she produced the bill of sale. A copy of the agreement was also in possession of the Porters.

The judge ordered the child to be turned over to its parents. Mrs. Penny protested, but she was told the sale of human beings was not legal under the stars and stripes. The child was taken from court by its parents, but it cried for Mrs. Penny.

A Litter of Calves.

A 4-year-old Jersey cow belonging to Homer Williamson, a farmer, three miles northeast of Winchester, O., gave birth the other night to five fully developed calves, all of which are still living. The calves are about the size of ordinary pug dogs, and Mr. Williamson's farm has been besieged with curious crowds to see the freak of nature.

Lines to H. Smith.

Farewell, Mr. Smith. When the ages have rolled
O'er the heads of a long pedigree,
Your name will be spoken and sweetly extolled.
Unforgot through the decades that flee,
And children with heads o'er their histories bowed
Will murmur, nor deem it a joke,
A word which the darkness of years cannot shroud—
That magical syllable, "Hoke."

And the glory of Cæsar by contrast will fade
And the fame of Napoleon grow dim,
And Solon for wisdom will fall neath the shade
So dense and expansive of him.
And the limners a halo will place o'er his head
As they picture his features refined
And inscribe him in lines that for aye will be read—
"An official who really resigned."
—Washington Star.

First Cuban Republic Marriage.

Carlos Manuel de Cespedes, Cuban rebel governor of the Orient state, Santiago de Cuba province, is reported as one of the first men to have been married in Cuba under the republican marriage laws recently promulgated by the Cuban rebel government. He and his bride were married by a Cuban prefect in the presence of only a few close friends.—New York Herald.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

JUST AS USUAL

Vermont is Casting Her Vote For Republicans.

DEMOCRATS FIGHTING WELL IN GREEN MOUNTAIN STATE.

Betting Against 25,000 Majority for Grout.

St. Albans, Vt., Sept. 1.—This is election day here, and is the first election to be held in the eastern states. A large vote will be cast, and at noon the democrats were betting even against a 25,000 majority for Grout, the republican candidate for governor.

Bennington, Sept. 1.—Great interest is taken in the election here. The registration has been large and a heavy vote is being cast.

Newport Sept. 1.—Unusual interest is being taken in the election, and every indication points to a great republican victory.

Brattleboro, Sept. 1.—The republicans expect a big vote here, and the majority in this city may reach 1000.

THE IRISH CONVENTION

FIRST SESSION HELD IN DUBLIN TODAY.

Justin McCarthy Called to Order—Delegates Present from All Parts of the World A Bishop Chosen Permanent Chairman.

Dublin, Sept. 1.—The first session of the Irish National convention opened this morning. Six hundred delegates were present. Justin McCarthy, M. P., called the convention to order and Rev. Patrick O'Donnell, D. D., bishop of Raphoe was elected chairman of the convention.

SUTHERLAND IS FREE.

The Ex-Police Justice Was Released From Sing Sing Today.

Sing Sing, Sept. 1.—Ex-Police Justice Sutherland was released from prison today after serving a sentence for being implicated in the McKane election frauds.

GRAY BEING URGED

As the Candidate of the Gold Democrats.

Indianapolis, Sept. 1.—About three-fourths of the delegates to the gold convention are in this city. Cleveland's friends are trying to discourage the attempt to place him in nomination and Senator Gray of Delaware is being requested to stand and allow the use of his name.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

Three new cases of typhoid are reported at New Haven today.

The Knights of Pythias will hold their next convention in Indianapolis.

Oliver Brothers' rolling mill at Pittsburg closed today.

It is stated that Buffalo is in the lead for the race for the next G. A. R. national encampment.

SEN. JONES

Will Preside Over the National Campaign Committee.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Senator Jones, chairman of the national democratic committee, will be made chairman of the campaign committee.

HANGED TODAY.

Joseph O. Rose Pays the Death Penalty for Shooting His Sweetheart.

Pittsburg, Sept. 1.—Joseph O. Rose was hanged here today for shooting his sweetheart, who rejected him, after promising to become his wife.

HOKE IS GONE.

The Secretary of the Interior Retired From Cabinet.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Secretary Hoke Smith retired today. Actual business closed yesterday and today was devoted to receiving callers and leave taking of his employers.

SUED FOR $10,000.

Patrick Grady's Claim Against the Boott Mills.

Patrick Grady has sued the Boott cotton mills for $10,000 damages for injuries received to his hand while complying he claims with an order to do some work about a machine with which he was not familiar.

FUNERALS.

DONOHOE—The funeral of Norah Donohoe was held this afternoon from Undertaker O'Donnell's ware rooms and the remains were intered in the Catholic cemetery.

WOODS.—The funeral of Edward F. Woods took place this afternoon from his parents' home, 46 Dummer street, and was largely attended. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

O'SHEA.—Mary O'Shea was buried this afternoon from her parents' home on Adams street. Many relatives and friends of the family attended the obsequies. The burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

New Firm Coming.

The firm of Joseph Cherry & Co. of Amesbury, makers of hand made and face brick, will soon open a branch of their industry at the Navy yard, Dracut, and there employ thirty men.

Spinning Rooms Shut Down.

All the spinning rooms in the Merrimack mills were closed yesterday because they were ahead in work.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

It's a Good Idea

to have your table fare wholesome and delicious as well as economical;—in other words, to use

COTTOLENE

Sold everywhere.

Why Laborers Want Coinage at 16 to 1

The laborers want unlimited coinage at 16 to 1 for the following reasons.

First—Because it is conceded by all fair-minded men that unlimited coinage in the United States at a proper ratio would be beneficial to the laborer.

Second—Because the demonstration that 16 to 1 is the proper ratio is absolutely correct and can not be confuted. The ratio at which gold and silver was coined from 1497 to 1546 was 10.75 to 1—a ratio that was arbitrarly set up by Spain when she had control of the gold and silver of the world by being the greatest producer of the metals. The ratio from 1546 to 1688 was 13.33 to 1—a ratio that Spain advanced and which the world was obliged to accept. The ratio from 1688 to the present day at which limited and unlimited silver has been coined has never been 16 above to 1. This ratio was established by the little country of Portugal when she for a short while held control of the production of gold and silver, and she was able to force the world to accept her valuation of the metals. These being historical facts and the United States now being the greatest producer of gold and silver, the working man wants to know why his government should hesitate to open its mints to the coinage of silver at a ratio really higher by from 1 to 5 than at which the mints of the world coin limited quantities of silver, when if the United States were disposed to do so, it might set up an arbitrary ratio, as did Portugal. It can not be claimed in the light of reason that our government is incapable of doing what was done by Spain and Portugal!

Third—Because the laborer has never had this question answered to his satisfaction. Why England, the nation that is credited with having control of the gold and silver of the world owing to her commercial supremacy did not in 1816, when she demonetized her silver, do as did Spain and Portugal—declare a ratio and compel the world to accept it? If the answer can be other than, that England was unable to declare a ratio as she did not have control of the gold and silver production, the laborer would like to hear it.

DEMOCRAT

HER HAPPY DAY.

A CHARMING STORY OF MEDICINE AND MARRIAGE.

Two Open Letters From a Chicago Girl—How Happiness Came to Her.

Among the tens of thousands of women who apply to Mrs. Pinkham for advice and are cured, are many who wish the facts in their cases made public, but do not give permission to publish their names for reasons as obvious as in the following, and no name is ever published without the writer's authority; this is a bond of faith which Mrs. Pinkham has never broken.

Chicago, Jan. 5th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—A friend of mine, Mrs. ——, wants me to write you, because she says: "you did her so much good." I am desperate. Am nineteen years of age, tall, and weighed 138 pounds a year ago. I am now a mere skeleton. From your little book I think my trouble is profuse menstruation. My symptoms are * * * * etc.

Our doctor (my uncle) tells father that I am in consumption, and wants to take me to Florida. Please help me! Tell me what to do, and tell me quickly. I am engaged to be married in September. Shall I live to see the day? * * * * LUCY E. W.

Chicago, June 16th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

This is a happy day. I am well and gaining weight daily, but shall continue the treatment and Vegetable Compound during the summer, as you suggest. Uncle knows nothing about what you have done for me, because it would make things very unpleasant in the family. I would like to give you a testimonial to publish, but father would not allow it. * * * * I shall be married in September, and as we go to Boston, will call upon you. How can I prove my gratitude? * * * *

LUCY E. W.

Just such cases as the above leak out in women's circles, and that is why the confidence of the women of America is bestowed upon Mrs. Pinkham.

Why are not physicians more candid with women when suffering from such ailments?

Women want the truth, and if they cannot get it from their doctor, will seek it elsewhere.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

Dr WALKER DENTIST Exchange

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

WHAT TO ASK FOR
In the way of seasonable dress designs is shown in the September issue of the
Butterick's Fashion Sheet,
NOW READY
AT
BUTTERICK'S
PATTERN AND CORSET PARLORS
204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST.

Sufficient.

Uncle Rube—Say, don't them electric cars kill people pretty often round here?

Slopsy—Naw; only once.—Up to Date.

Tim
Union Made.
For those who want Tim Union-made — just ask for a Tim that's Union-made and you have a guarantee of purity and cleanliness.
Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

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ONE DOLLAR!
Spent for Footwear at Our Store
NOW!
Insures to the Buyer a Saving of
50c.
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, Prop.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 8.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6. 0 8.30. a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 a. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, ‡6.50, *7.45, *8.50, ‡9.00, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ‡3.00, 4.25, ‡6.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, †45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.44, 6.33, ‡6.53, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.27, 7.33, 7.40, *7.48, *8.07, 9.03, *9.50, 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, ‡3.03, *4.00, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, ‡5.38, 6.24, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, 8.48, *9.14 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
For Woburn, 5.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.28, 5.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ‡Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a. m.; 12.09, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.08 p. m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m; 12.09, 1.40 5.42, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m., 3.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a. m; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.42 a. m.; 12.09, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.51 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, 8.43 p.m., except Saturday.
† Daily for Montre
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

16 TO 1

You will be pleased if your watch and jewelery repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD
Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have
PETER WATSON
call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at
52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

C. B. Coburn & Co.
BASKETS
Suitable for picking fruit.
Bottle, Jug and Jar Corks,
Sealing Wax.
63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 90 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

THERE'S NO QUESTION ABOUT IT.
The line of HATS for fall wear that we are now showing stand preeminent, without a rival. We've never been able to make such a showing before and you'll appreciate what that means. Their quality and price have pleased all who have inspected them.
ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!
Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.
DAVIS & NICKERSON,
Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.
Now Goods Arriving Every Week.

OLD WHEAT FLOUR
This is the season of the year to buy your winter Flour. You are sure of getting old wheat of us and we guarantee the quality and the price.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,
415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET.
Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

Fall Styles
1896-97.
The Gold | The Silver
Derby | Tourist
Our two hats that have been universally indorsed as the most becoming, and best values ever seen in the field for public favor, now ready.
95c., $1.48,
$2, $2.50.
J. L. CHALIFOUX,
49 to 59 Central Street.

SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
READY MADE CLOTHING PRICES
BERTRAND'S 24 Middle Street.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:10; sets, 6:16.
Length of day—13h. 4m.
Full sea—8:15 a. m.; 6:45 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Fair; slightly warmer, preceded by light frosts in northern portions of New England; westerly winds, shifting to southerly.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 45	9 50	6 00	7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 53
6 50	8 03	6 40	7 39
*7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*7 18	8 02	*8 30	9 10
*7 27	8 12	*9 00	9 49
*7 33	8 50	*9 20	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 25	10 45	11 58
*8 00	8 49	11 30	§12 07
8 00	10 30	12 00	§12 56
9 40	10 40	*1 00	§1 38
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§1 52
§11 42	12 23	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 46
1 40	2 55	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	5 32
*4 00	4 43	4 50	5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	6 30	5 25	6 22
*5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 30	6 53	6 15	7 33
*5 24	7 10	*7 30	8 10
*5 47	8 30	*8 00	8 40
8 45	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 23	12 23

Sunday Trains.

*7 18	8 02	2 15	3 05
*7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 52
*9 18	10 10	5 00	5 59
*4 25	6 23	7 30	8 10
*6 38	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 30	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 40	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 33	10 25	11 46
10 58	12 02	1 50	1 58
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 50	3 30	4 27
2 31	3 44	3 40	4 52
3 55	4 02	4 25	6 45
4 05	5 28	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 43	6 04	7 03
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 00	8 06	9 45	10 41
9 30	10 41	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 20	5 00	6 27
5 59	6 29	8 40	9 49
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.
§From Middlesex Station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

J. Joseph Hennessy, Esq., has opened a law office at room 15, Hildreth building.

After you buy shoes at O'Sullivan Bros., store you can get a free electric car ride home.

Send your orders for winter coal by postal or telephone to Rourke & Sullivan, 984 Gorham street. They guarantee satisfaction.

Best coal at lowest prices at E. A. Wilson's, corner of Bridge and Merrimack streets, Runels' building. If you have no time to call, telephone.

Do you keep a horse or cow? You can buy the best of grain, hay and bedding for either of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street. Try a barrel of his flour.

The Lowell Co-Operative bank sold yesterday afternoon through J. E. Conant & Co., house, stable and 8996 square feet of land, No. 412 Stevens street to Albert Henry Whitcomb for $3875.

The Charles Henry Hill whist club of Billerica Centre went to Cresent beach yesterday and were regalled with a fish dinner followed by a general good time. Mr. Thomas Barnes, one of Billerica's winter residents, was the host of the occasion.

Fell Down Stairs.

Acteon Therien, aged 12 years, residing on Word street, fell from a flight of stairs yesterday and dislocated his shoulder.

Registration Dates.

Registration for the state and national election will begin Sept. 21, and continue through the 24th, 26th and 28th, and Oct. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13 and 14. After the first three days there will be afternoon as well as evening sessions.

Another Newspaper Man Gone.

Charles T. Cahill, who for about nine years has been advertising manager of the Lowell Daily Citizen and the Citizen-Courier Co., will sever his connection with these papers and hereafter will devote his entire time and attention to handling the advertising of White Bros. box calf shoe. Mr. Cahill's friends will wish him all possible success in his new field.

NEW THEATRE

May be Started in Old Boston and Maine Depot.

W. S. Spaulding and S. B. Bean of Boston are looking about Lowell with a view of finding a location for a first class variety theatre on the same plan as Keith's in Boston. It has been suggested that the Central street depot of the Boston and Maine railroad would be a good place for a theatre.

BILLERICA SCHOOL MATTERS.

Arrangements Being Made fo the Opening of the Schools.

The schools of North Billerica opens on Tuesday next and all the buildings are ready for use.

Two vacancies are to be filled, but all the other teachers will be the same as last year.

Miss Foss of the Union Hall school and and Miss Sampson of the Talbot school resigned and their successors will probably be announced when Supt. McKenney returns from his vacation.

Mr. Noyes, who was in charge at the Talbot school for the last month or two of the spring term, will return to permanently resume his duties.

At Billerica Centre the opening of the Howe school is likely to be delayed beyond the announced date, by the extensive repairs and alterations which are in progress. The interior is being so completely renovated that those who have known the old building for years will hardly recognize it.

New stairways have been put in, the plastering is being repaired and when it is done the will be tinted in an artistic manner. Besides these items of improvement a complete modern system of heating and ventilation is being put in by Walker & Pratt of Boston, as a recent state law provides that all school houses must be fitted with a system of ventilation which shall supply to each pupil in the room 30 cubic feet of air per minute.

Acknowledgment.

The Sisters and children of St. Peter's orphanage most gratefully extend their sincere gratitude to Mr. Sullivan, general manager of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co., for so many courtesies and kindness so generously tendered on the occasion of our recent outing to Mountain Rock grove. Also to Mr. Gallin whose kind interest on the grounds was deeply appreciated, and to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cahill whom we are deeply indebted for the happy gala day and the bountiful feast furnished the little ones, whose loving hearts still turn in deepest gratitude and love to the fond memory of our late benefactor, Miss Sarah H. Cahill.

New Fall and Winter Goods

Exclusive novelties in the latest shades and styles, from the magnificent house of E. H. Vandingen & Co., New York and London, England, at Louis Alexander's, the tailor, 60 Central street.

1876 and 1896.

For the past twenty years we have been supplying the citizens of Lowell with high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Colwin DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

YET AN OPEN RACE

Delegates to Indianapolis Free To Choose.

ANY CANDIDATE WHOM THEY MAY PREFER.

Bragg Leads, Cleveland Has Been Dropped.

Indianapolis, Sept. 2.—Senator John M. Palmer of Illinois, chairman of the provisional committee, appointed at Chicago five weeks ago, called the convention of gold Democrats to order at noon today in Tomlinson hall. All the indications are that the gathering will exceed expectations, both in point of numbers and states represented. From the lists in the hands of Secretary Wilson, it is certain that over 800 delegates will be present, representing 41 or 42 states and territories. Considering the fact that the original call for the meeting of representatives of 10 middle states was only issued July 20, the managers feel that they have reason to feel proud of the result of their work.

The convention completed the permanent organization and then adjourned until tomorrow, as a big mass meeting has been arranged for tonight, at which Colonel Breckinridge of Kentucky, Fellows of New York, Mr. Ehrich of Colorado and other orators will speak.

The convention was opened with prayer by Rev. John White, the Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Indiana. Ex-Governor Flower, who was selected as temporary chairman of the national convention, delivered the opening speech. After the announcement of the committees' selections was a recess to give the committee on credentials and permanent organization time to meet and report and some orators were called to the platform to fill the time with speeches.

Senator Caffery of Louisiana was chosen permanent chairman. After Senator Caffery had been installed, the convention adjourned until tomorrow, when the platform will be adopted and the candidates named. A sine die adjournment is expected tomorrow evening.

All the flurry which enemies of the new political movement tried to create by circulating the report that Texas would bolt if the convention should insist upon nominating a ticket, has blown over, with the discovery that Texas never made any such threat and never thought of making any. There is no reason up to the present time to suppose that the convention will have any controversies, except as to the make-up of the ticket and what shall go into and what be kept out of the platform, and these differences bid fair to be entirely friendly, though spirited. The fact that there is lively diversity of opinion is interpreted as proving the real importance of the convention, for if it and its consequences were unimportant there would be nothing to debate about.

This convention has not gone far yet in the choice of its standard-bearers, however, and it is probable that little will be determined by any preliminary activity, and that the delegates themselves, when the balloting begins, will have to decide the question. The two-thirds' rule of the historic Democracy will be maintained, but no state delegation will be asked to abide by the unit rule. The delegates, thus unfettered by rule, are coming here remarkably free from instructions or pledges. Wisconsin has instructed for Bragg, Missouri for Broadhead, and Kentucky has named Buckner for vice president, but with these exceptions the race is an open one. It is observable that those who have been most active in this national Democratic movement look askance at the suggestion of nominating any man who has been at all lukewarm in his support of this convention, or concerning whose course there has been any uncertainty. Such an objection is raised against Postmaster General Wilson, who has been rather slow in making his position known.

Cleveland Out of It.

An attempt was made to start a Cleveland boom yesterday. It fell flat. The nearest friends of the president deprecate it most seriously, and say that the president would himself cut it off summarily if consulted. He is reported as being as desirous as one could be to prevent this convention from taking on the appearance of a personal following. While it will undoubtedly in its platform commend the wise and patriotic acts of the administration, and while its leaders are warm in their praise of the conduct of the president, in the desperate emergencies with which he has been confronted, there is a universal agreement to have no element of mere hero-worship in its attitude. Whether the Cleveland talk was started by the opponents of Watterson's nomination for the purpose of creating a diversion, or whether it was started by the Watterson men as a means of killing off some of the rival candidates, it is hard to determine. The one thing that is certain is that the president himself has had no part in the matter.

A leading Cleveland boomer is Hugh C. Wallace of Washington, who created such a sensation by standing out for sound money as a delegate to the Chicago convention and resigning from the national committee after his own delegation, with full knowledge of his position, had elected him to it. He considers that Cleveland is the strongest individual Democrat in the country today and scouts the idea that any number of people could be stampeded by the third-term bugaboo. Ex-Governor Jones of Alabama is cited as another Cleveland man, but it does not appear that he can fairly be counted as among the strong advocates of the president's renomination. He says frankly that the president is loved and admired by the sound money Democrats of his state, but that his delegation has not and will not commit itself to his candidacy, but stands ready to throw its vote in favor of any man who seems to command the widest and most enthusiastic support from the convention generally. He says the vote for the Indianapolis ticket will astound the Bryan men on the day of election.

About an Income Tax Plank.

Some stir has been made among the delegates already on the scene by a discussion of the practicability of planks in the platform favorable to an income tax, and to a change in the procedure of the United States supreme court in dealing with constitutional questions. The income tax idea is vigorously fought by Comptroller Eckels and other conservative leaders, who think it would be unwise to the last degree to drag into the platform any issue on which the sound, old-time Democrats are hopelessly divided. Some of the same reasoning would apply to the proposed reference to the supreme court, which involves the demand that in a decision of constitutional questions there shall be a concurrence of seven members of the court.

There is not much doubt that Senator Vilas could get the nomination if he would consent to run and if General Bragg were out of the way. But the instructions of the Wisconsin delegation to support Bragg had their origin with Vilas himself, and he feels extremely delicate about doing anything that might be interpreted as a desertion of his colors. General Bragg manifests no disposition to get out of the race. He is as chipper and full of fight as he was when he was 20 years younger. He said yesterday: "Not one of the possible candidates mentioned is an office-seeker. We haven't that kind of a man in this whole convention. But it is an honor which nobody can ignore and nobody ought to run away from, to head such a splendid fight for a principle." The general is still chuckling over the fact that in the Ashland district of Wisconsin the Democratic nomination has gone to an Irish leader named O'Keefe, to the defeat and discomfiture of the silver Democratic champion, young Dockery, who caused the factional split in the Wisconsin delegation of Chicago and expected to be the great man in his district thenceforward.

One of the first features of this convention, strictly characteristic of the ordinary national assemblage, occurred yesterday, when the Massachusetts delegation was escorted to their hotel by a drum corps. One of the delegation came on ahead, and, on arriving here, found a Boston dispatch asking him to procure a brass band and prepare in other ways to let the metropolis of this doubtful state know that the gold Democratic movement meant business.

Considerable interest was aroused in the street yesterday by the Florida parade. The participants all wore golden yellow badges and carried huge bunches of palm, while at their head was borne a banner bearing the portrait of President Cleveland as "Florida's candidate," and behind that came a golden alligator rearing on its hind legs, and with its mouth open, ready to devour the Silver party at one gulp.

The following New England appointments for the national committee have been made: Connecticut, Joe L. Sperry; Maine, C. V. Holman; Massachusetts, Nathan Matthews, Jr.; New Hampshire, Gordon Woodbury.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is **GOOD** for all diseases that have their origin in impure blood. It is **BETTER** than other sarsaparillas, better made, of better ingredients and by better methods. Its record of cures proclaims it the **BEST**

HUNG CHANG BANQUET

HE HURT HIS FINGER AND DID NOT ATTEND.

Was Driven Through Chinatown and Saw Some Fine Exhibitions.

New York, Sept. 2.—Li Hung Chang made a tour through Chinatown yesterday, preceded by a squad of mounted police. The arrival of Earl Li in Chinatown was heralded by a display of fireworks, forming one continuous peal, as if of thunder, lasting fully half an hour. Earl Li did not stop at the joss house, neither did he alight from his carriage in his triumphant journey through Chinatown.

Yesterday afternoon he witnessed a display by the fire and police departments. There was also a parade by a portion of the forces of the street cleaning department, but the earl did not see this, as he had left before the program was over, pleading fatigue. The parade by the police was an admirable one, and evoked hearty applause from the spectators. The firemen's display was not up to the average of some previous exhibitions of the kind, owing to the interference of the crowd.

The dinner arranged for the Chinese viceroy at Delmonico's last night was given with all the anticipated splendor, except for one thing, that the viceroy was not there. Whether it was simply due to his being tired after so much sight-seeing, or to any special sickness, the earl was somewhat indisposed and did no feel like going out last night. Consequently he remained in the Waldorf, and the dinner went on without him.

One of the earl's physicians confirmed a rumor that he had hurt one of his fingers, but did not regard it as particularly serious. As the physician understood it, one of Li's fingers got caught in the door of his carriage as he was getting into his vehicle. It was the third finger of the right hand. It was squeezed so severely that the flesh under the nail turned black and blue, and the earl carefully nursed the injured member. With the patience characteristic of his race, he merely said he was glad that it was no worse. The dinner at Delmonico's was given by the Chinese merchants of New York, under the leadership of Consul Sze.

Baseball.

At Boston—Boston, 10; Louisville, 5. Louisville, 7; Boston, 5.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Cincinnati, 6.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; Pittsburg, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 6; St. Louis, 3. St. Louis, 3; Brooklyn, 1.
At Washington—Washington, 7; Chicago, 6. Chicago, 7; Washington, 2.
At New York—Cleveland, 6; New York, 2. New York, 3; Cleveland, 2.
At Bangor—Bangor, 7; Augusta, 1.
At Fall River—Fall River, 10; Brockton, 8.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 14; Pawtucket, 10.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Miss Clara Barton will not return to America at once.

The policy of Russia will not be affected by the death of Lobanoff.

There is a large demand for American coin at the Bank of England.

Italy will send a squadron to protect its interests in South America.

One thousand teachers have attended Maine's summer schools this year.

Charles E. Warburton, proprietor of the Philadelphia Telegraph, is dead.

Two new mural paintings by American artists are on exhibition in New York.

The cruiser Bancroft is fitting for her proposed expedition to the Bosporus.

The New York traction companies cannot gain control of the elevated lines.

A party of five Chinamen were smuggled into this country through Calais, Me.

It is rumored in Rome that King Humbert will soon abdicate in favor of his son.

A national home for disabled volunteer soldiers is soon to be erected at Hartford.

The biennial session of the supreme commandery of the Order of the Iron Hall began at Detroit.

Hunters are planning for trips into the deer hunting regions in northern Coos, N. H., after Sept. 15.

Strong protests from Spain and England are to be made against the clearance of the steamship Bermuda.

The annual convention of chapter general of the American Knights of St. John and Malta opened in Brooklyn.

Fire destroyed the main building of the state feeble-minded institute at Frankfort, Ky. None of the inmates were hurt. Loss, $45,000.

The American watch factory began work at Waltham, Mass., after a three weeks' vacation, with a full number of men, and will run on full time.

Steamer Flambourough, at New York from Central American ports, reports that a new fixed light was recently placed on Cape Gracios, visible 12 miles in clear weather.

William P. Banigan is no longer general manager of the Marvel Rubber company, President E. A. Saunders of that company having succeeded to the position.

President Colt of the Woonsocket Rubber company says that the Alice rubber mill will start Sept. 10, and says the Millville mill will undoubtedly start at the same time.

It is reported that the China, Webster and Pembroke mills, at Suncook, N. H., will resume operations next Tuesday on a four-days-a-week basis. This will give employment to about 1500 hands.

Elbridge T. Burleigh, president of the Essex County Bar association, and one of the most prominent lawyers in Lawrence, Mass., died at Rangeley lakes, Me. Mr. Burleigh was born in Newmarket, N. H., in 1842.

Dr. Charles W. Deyo, president of the Ulster Savings institution and cashier of the State of New York National bank of Kingston, N. Y., was stricken with apoplexy on the street in that city and died a few hours later.

A porker, belonging to H. M. Rigney of Waterville, Conn., wandered on the New England track and was caught in the cattle guard above a crossing. Its squealing drew 11 others to its side, and an express dashed through the drove, killing every one of them.

MR. POWERS HURT.

His Arm Mangled in What was Nearly a Fatal Accident.

James Powers, while at work in the Brussels department of the Carpet, yesterday, had his arm caught in a machine and badly mangled. He was considered fortunate in escaping death.

He was taken to the Lowell hospital, where he is resting as comfortably as could be expected today.

It is not yet known whether amputation will be necessary.

May Run Savoy.

The following from the Nashua Telegraph will no doubt interest Lowell theatre goers:

"Harlie Davis goes to Montreal tomorrow, where with A. H. Dexter, a former Railroad square livery stable keeper, and N. A. Morkill, he has charge of the privileges at a fair. Mr. Davis may run the Savoy theatre, Lowell."

Fifield Tool Company.

The Fifield Tool company held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon and there was a large attendence of stockholders. Hon. George W. Fifield was re-elected president, N. D. Pratt clerk, Hon. John J. Donovan treasurer and the old board of directors was re-elected, Charles Littlefield, the box manufacturer, and Sylvanus Bartlett of Middlesex street being elected to fill vacancies occasioned by the death of the late Francis Jewett.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

"Bennie" Wefers left yesterday for New York where he will resume training at the N. Y. A. C. grounds on Travers Island. He will take part in the American championship games which will be held in New York, Sept. 12 and may be entered in the Canadian games in Montreal, Sept. 26. Wefers' wonderful performance in this city, last Saturday will not soon be forgotten by those who witnessed it. In his race against Burke, he demonstrated his superiority over the laurel-crowned athlete in a 300 yards run. Several local sports dropped a little coin on that race because they supposed Burke was superior in a race of 300 yards as his forte is 440 yards and Wefers' 100 yards. Wefers made additional friends during his stay here, and they will await the result of the championship games with much interest. On Monday, Wefers and Kilpatrick with Richard McCluskey and a few friends sat for a fine group picture. "Dick" McCluskey is a warm admirer of Wefers, and managed to bank a few dollars on last Saturday's race.

The Burke athletic club is preparing for the N. E. A. U. games at the Fair grounds, Sept. 26. They will try and secure a permit for Wefers to run here on that day. Being an N. Y. A. C., man he is debarred from competing in the New England games.

Tomorrow's game on the Fair grounds between the Emeralds and the Florence clubs will be a hummer. The Florence team will try to win back some of that pile dropped the last time the clubs met. Both teams will present their strongest players.

P. Lynch, the barber, has purchased from William Gordon the fast stepper which was raised and for a long time owned by Landlord Frank Harris now of the old Washington tavern. "Patsey" intends to take the dust from no Lowell knight of the shears.

The Young fellows won a victory on the Lakeview alleys last night from the Eureka team. The game was one-sided, the victors having 207 pins to spare. Messrs. Murphy and McLaughlin were the only ones to go over the 500 mark. The score was: Young Fellows, 2397; Eurekas, 2190.

George Picard and Tom Kelly, two old time rivals, are in constant training for their half mile contest which will take place at the Fair Grounds on Monday afternoon next. Both are confident of winning, and like the Burke-Wefers contest, it will be for "blood." Considerable "outside" money is at stake on the result.

ATTACKED BY A DOG.

Constable Dutton's Experience in Tewksbury Yesterday.

Out in Tewksbury, yesterday, Constable George E. Dutton of this city had a very lively experience.

According to his version he went there to serve a writ on a farmer, when the latter set a St. Bernard dog on the constable.

The dog bit his nose and was making a grab for his neck, when the constable seized the dog by the throat and strangled it to death.

The farmer then started for the constable, but the latter drew his revolver and succeeded in quieting the farmer.

BASE BALL.

The City Hall Base Ball club and the Press club team are meeting this afternoon at the Drucut oval, in the play-off or a "rubber" contest each club having won a game from the other.

The Colts and Has Beens, two clubs from the North common district played a "rubber" game on the North common yesterday afternoon, the former winning by a score of 11 to 10. The victors were immediately challenged by the "Hard-workers" of the South common and a game is being played this afternoon between the two teams on the North common.

On Saturday afternoon next the T. R. and T's of North Billerica and the South Ends will meet in a league contest on the Fair Grounds.

POLICE NOTES.

The Nashua police are hunting for Fred Barker, who drove off with a team Saturday and is thought to have come Lowell way.

The Lawrence police are trying to find the thief who stole a telephone apparatus from the Glen Forest pavilion Saturday night by breaking in.

The Heirs Win.

In the case of the Sarah Durkee will, the court has decided that the legacies bequeathed to the Church League and the Associated Charities shall revert to the heirs. The other bequests stand.

For Delicacy, for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals POZZONI'S POWDER.

KNOX GUARDS.

The Boys Desert Lawton for the Lawrence Man.

It will be the Lawton Guards no more. Fred Lawton, the Guards think, has had his day, and now it is Knox's turn. And so they have switched, as it were, from Lawton to Knox.

The Knox Guards will be under the patronage of the Lawrence banker henceforth.

Last night Burton Plaisted was elected third lieutenant, Leslie F. Hunting, quarter-master sergeant, and C. E. Day, color sergeant, Frank Breault, Frank Simpson, Eugene Aldrich and Wm. Thomas were elected corporals.

VERY SUDDEN DEATH.

John J. Donahue Dies After a Brief Illness—He Had Returned From His Vacation.

John J. Donahue, for eight years employed in the post office, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at his home, 184 South street. He had just returned from a vacation of 15 days at Lynn and other beaches. An attack of colic intense in its severity was the cause of death. Mr. Donahue had been employed in the capacity of letter carrier for about six years and his route lay in the Ayer City district. Previous to that he was a collector of mails. He was 33 years of age. His brothers, Daniel J. and Charles Donahue, are prominently known in Lowell. He leaves a wife and several young children. His death is a sad blow to his family and intimate friends. He was quite popular wherever known and much sorrow is felt at his sudden death.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The assessors are busy on the tax bills, but they will not have them ready for committal for ten days or a fortnight.

Clerk Potter, during the month of August, has disbursed for state aid and military aid the sum of $1729.

The Lowell Co-operative bank sold yesterday afternoon, through J. E. Conant & Co., house, stable and 8906 square feet of land, No. 462 Stevens street, to Albert Henry Whitcomb, for $3883.

A WAR RELIC

Of Service of a Lowell Man. Many More Like it.

A distinguished badge in Lowell is the G. A. R. button.

Reminds us all of past service.

But the unseen badges speak louder.

The war left but few men physically right.

The tented field is not a home life.

And hard usage left weak spots for later trouble.

Lame backs and weak kidneys are relics of soldier days.

The men of 50 who have lame backs, in most cases had army experience.

These are the badges the boys don't want.

But having them they are learning the cure.

Frank Zeseweitz lives at 150 Dummer street.

He had two years of light artillery riding.

And suffered much from weak back.

It followed him through life.

Painful backache—urinary trouble—sleepless nights.

Tried many medicines with little benefit.

He adds: "I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Billingwood & Co's., Merrimack and Central streets, and had taken but a few when I felt much better, and today I am free from the backache, and the unnatural urinating has ceased. I am not in any way inconvenienced now and I give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit. You may use my name and say that without hesitation I recommend them to all who have any kidney disease."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

6 Foot Show Case
FOR SALE CHEAP
AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Real estate office. Tenements to let, money to loan, bad debts of all kinds collected, auctioneering and appraising. Room 1, Swan Block.

A GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

EVERY JACKET,

REEFER, CAPE, WRAPPER, SKIRT AND SHIRT WAIST

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

IMPERIAL CLOAK and SUIT STORE

8 Merrimack Square and 11 Bridge Street.

We will inaugurate the lowest prices ever quoted in Lowell for brand new up-to-date goods, will sell everything regardless of cost to make room for a heavy stock of new fall goods.

Children's Reefers, worth $1.50, will go at 59c.
Children's Reefers, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 will go at 98c.
Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, worth $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50, will go at $2.49.
Persian Lawn Wrappers, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.98, will go at 98c. and $1.25.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, 75c., 98c. and $1.25, will go at 25c.

As we have been in business for only six months, and carry nothing but the latest from the largest and best manufacturers in New York, consequently we have no old style or shop worn goods. Come early and get what you may call a genuine bargain. A. M. DRAGON.

A Manufacturer's stock of fine Boots and Shoes to be sold at less than first cost.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

CROCKERY BARGAINS

HERE ARE THREE ITEMS OF GOOD VALUES THAT MAY INTEREST YOU.

Plain white China Ewers and Basins, 46c. for both pieces.

Bed Pans usual price $1.50, 63c. each.

Meat Platters, extra large, 13in. wide by 17in. long, white stoneware with fluted corners, usual price 65c., 35c. each.

And in the same dept. we sell cups and saucers, plates, bowls and all kinds of dishes at equally low prices.

CROCKERY DEPT., BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A Stupendous Bargain Sale OF BED BLANKETS

Opens in Our Store To-day. We have opened this week several cases of new Blankets which manufacturers have been making for us the past four months and we have also purchased from the same manufacturers several cases which are subject to imperfection and which we bought very much less than the price of regular goods. Therefore

We Will Discount this Week the Lowest Prices Ever Paid for Blankets.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK. BUY NOW.

Five cases of Blankets, white and grey, at **49c.** a pair.

Four cases of white and grey Blankets, 11-4 size, at **98c.** a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, white only with border, an elegant quality at **$1.25** a pair.

One hundred pair 11-4 Blankets, imperfect, regularly sold at $2.75, only **$1.75** a pair.

Ninety pair of Wool Blankets, imperfect, sold regularly at $4.00, only **$2.39** a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, very slight imperfections, pink, blue and yellow borders, sold regularly at $5.50, only **$3.75** a pair.

Two cases of strictly all-wool 11-4 Blankets, regularly sold at $7.00, the imperfections are scarcely noticeable, price **$4.50** a pair.

Elegant Blankets in Perfect Goods Up to $15.00 a Pair.

Two Bargains in Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Seventy-five dozen Bleached Pillow Cases 42x36 and 45x36, at **61-4c.** each.

Twenty-five dozen of ready-to-wear Bleached Sheets at **39c.** each.

COMFORTERS.

Complete and entirely new stock of Comforters. New designs, new styles, beautiful colorings, in French Sateen Comforters. All our low and medium price Comforters are filled with pure carded cotton batting. Largest stock in Lowell to select from.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 2. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

THE FORD ARRESTS

Complaint Lodged With The Police Board

AND SUIT ENTERED AGAINST TWO OFFICERS.

Jerome Manning the Instigator of the Suit.

The board of police held a meeting last evening. Lawrence Ford and Margaret Ford made complaint against Officers Henry Quinn and Dennis J. Breen that on Aug. 15th they did illegally and forcibly seize and remove them from their dwelling house and imprison them against their will and in violation of the law. On this complaint a hearing was ordered for the evening of September 15, at 7.30.

The following licenses were granted: Remark E. Wixon, Massachusetts corporation; Daniel Mahan, junk collector, Dane street avenue; Narcisse Deloge, pool room, Lakeview avenue.

Leave to withdraw was granted to William H. Murphy, who asked for a license for a hackney coach. This man does not seem to have a suitable vehicle.

Charles Dumas on Moody street was granted an auctioneer's license.

Two Officers Sued.

Jerome F. Manning, Esq., as attorney, has brought suit for Margaret Ford (above alluded to) against Dennis J. Breen et als. The ad damnum is $10,000 and the allegations is that the defendants, who are police officers of the city of Lowell, did falsely arrest and imprison the plaintiff.

FOR AND AGAINST IT.

The Republican Club Discussed Out Door Meetings Last Night.

Some of the members of the republican club want to hold out door rallies and they also desire to hire brass bands. Then there are others who do not want to conduct out door meetings.

They said so at a meeting of the republican club last night. The barbecue at Lakeview Sept. 12 is not exactly to their liking. Chairman Poore of the republican city committee told the meeting that Congressman Knox does not favor the barbecue unless some big gun like Tom Reed or Bourke Cockran can be secured.

William E. Westall acknowledged that he knows little about the monetary question and considered it advisable to hold a meeting on Fort Hill part or the South common.

Councilman E. K. White favored a rally in some hall.

Finally it was decided to refer the matter to the executive committee of the club. The matter of ward rallies and club buttons was also talked over during the meeting.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McFadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McFadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

BRYAN'S TRIUMPH

Greeted by Crowds of From 50,000 to 100,000.

HIS MAGNIFICENT SPEECH AT CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Terrific Arraignment of the Robber Standard.

Columbus, O., Sept. 2.—The free silver campaign in Ohio attained its high-water mark in Cleveland, but the outpouring of people to see and hear the Democratic presidential candidate at the state capital last night was greater in proportion to size of the city, than that in the northern metropolis had been. Mr. Bryan had the state capitol grounds for his forum, and the memory of local politicians contains no such demonstration as the one in which he played a star part. A roofed and flag-draped platform faced the eastern front of the capitol building, and as Mr. Bryan looked down from its height, 20 feet above the plain of faces, he saw the steps and terraces packed in solid rows, with the gloomy stonewall for the back ground, while about the other three sides of the stage, across the lawn of several acres, to the street beyond, stood regiments of which an accurate estimate was an impossibility, and which a careful guess would place at 20,000. Looking down from the roof of the capitol building an hour before the candidate's arrival, one saw the whole place about its four sides swarming with men, women and children. Mr Bryan's speech was devoted to the financial question.

BRYAN'S GREAT SPEECH

To One of the Three Vast Audiences That Greeted Him at Cleveland—The Gold Standard Arraigned.

Today the people are confronted with this proposition: Are the American people able to govern themselves, or must this government be thrown over to the syndicates to carry on as they think best for their private profit?

(Applause and cries of "No, no.")

A voice, "Everybody vote for Bryan."

(Great applause and cheering.)

Issue of the Campaign.

There is an issue now, and the line is drawn so that no one need be deceived. Is there anybody, any party, declaring that the gold standard is good? Not one. Never in the history of the United States has a national party dared to write in a national platform a single sentence in approval of the gold standard. The gold standard was conceived in avarice. It was fastened upon this country by fraud and it can only be continued by deception.

The gold standard never fought an open fight in all its career. It carries the mask of the burglar and the knife of the assassin. When it was fastened upon this country in 1873 the American people had never discussed it and no party had ever gone before the people indorsing a single measure that leaned toward a gold standard. Every step has been taken at night, and without the knowledge or consent of the people. (Applause.)

Opportunity of Republicans.

The republican party had at St. Louis such an opportunity as seldom comes to a party. The present administration had advanced the gold standard, had forced through under whip and spur a law repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. The administration had issued bonds in time of peace, and, worse than all, it entered into the contract with a few financiers in New York and London by which it paid those financiers an enormous profit for protecting the treasury, which 70,000,000 of people stood ready to protect.

What an opportunity for the republican party! Why didn't the convention denounce the policy of the democratic party? The financiers of New York wrote the republican platform. The laborers of this country, the farmers of this country, were looking and longing for relief, but the republican party was deaf to all sounds save the clinking of gold, and blind to all colors save the glittering yellow. (Tremendous applause.)

The Republican Platform.

It wrote its platform. Did it say the gold standard was good? In the presence of the misery that it has wrought, even the republican party, with all its audacity, did not dare to advocate a gold standard. If anybody comes to you and tells you that the gold standard is good, you ask them who said so. If anybody tells you that it is a blessing, ask him why no political party in the United States ever found it out.

What does it say? Why, it pledges the republican party to get rid of the gold standard and substitute bimetallism—when? When the foreign nations will help us to do it. It confesses the gold standard bad when it says it ought to be abandoned, and yet it confesses that it must ask for foreign aid. This is the platform.

I am not writing republican platform. I am simply quoting to you what the writers of it have said. Did they say that you will suffer for one year? No, they did not limit it to that. Did they say you should bear it for four years? What is the duration of the time during which you must suffer from the gold standard? Forever and ever. (Applause.)

When will foreign nations come? When will they have pity on you? (Great applause.) What hope is there? If the republican party which you have made has no pity on you, how can you expect pity for you across the ocean?

Our opponents preach the gospel of despair. There is no hope, not a promise, not a prospect. They ask you to enter upon a night illuminated by no stars, to embark upon a sea whose future shore no mariner may find, to travel upon a desert where the oasis when reached only makes disappointment a thousand times more keen.

Against this policy, against this surrender of the right of self government, against this vesting of legislative power in the hands of aliens, the democratic party presents a platform which is so clear and emphatic that he who runs may read.

The republican party says that we must maintain for a time, at least, the gold standard. The democratic party declares unalterable opposition to the gold standard. The republican party says that when other nations are willing to restore bimetallism we will do it. The democratic party says:

"We demand the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. (Great cheering.)

There is an issue, my friends, and you can decide upon which side of this question your interest lies. We have not finished the gold standard yet. You think you have suffered. Our suffering has just begun if we have a continuation of the gold standard. We have not reached the end of it. We are but upon the threshold of a period of depression which is indefinite in duration and cannot be described in intensity. Hard times? Why, only a few of the nations are now suffering from gold. Wait until they all demand gold. (Applause.)

Driving Out of Silver.

If they can drive silver out here what nation can stand its influences? Wait until these influences, wait until those heartless, merciless influences have driven silver from here and they will turn to other nations. Wait until they have driven silver from India and 250,000,000 of people reach out after their share of the world's supply of gold. Wait until they have driven silver from China and left 350,000,000 of people to reach after their share of the world's supply of gold.

And at whose bidding do you destroy silver? At the bidding of the farmers of the world? The farmers of the world have never asked for the crucifixion of silver. (Applause.) At the bidding of the laborers of the world? The laborers of the world have never demanded the death of the white metal. Who has demanded it? The money changers, whom the Savior drove out of the temple.

Go to the great money changers when a few men can corner the world's gold and then let it out a little while to the nation that will pay the highest price for it. Go to the large holders of fixed investments, who find that their property rises as stagnation and distress prevail through the world. These are the ones who come to you in the name of honesty and beg you to give them the bread by the sweat of their brow.

They appeal to the laboring men to help them fasten this standard upon the country. My friends, you have the right to ask them, when they tell you that they are laboring for the benefit of the laboring men, to produce some proof of the statement that they feel an interest in those who toil. The Bible tells us that the tree is known by its fruit. These trees have been bearing fruit for years, and yet they have never borne fruit that the laboring men would have in his house. When did these Sauls become converted to ministers of our religion? (Applause.)

Ask the business men who favor bi-metallism why they favor it and they will tell you it is because it is good for them. All these followers of bi-metallism tell you it is good for them and they believe it is good for all the great masses of the people, but the gold men who are the gainers by this robber standard say they want to retain it because it benefits others than themselves.

Every silver man from Bryan down is encouraged by the miserable fiasco, the signal failure of the greatest exponent of the money kings, Bourke Cockran. He is out of his element in pleading such a cause, he is prostituting his eloquence to vile ends in supporting disguised robbery and designating as anarchists, the best friends of the people, the men who preach free silver as the salvation of this nation. But the $250,000 which it is said he is to receive for his services in this campaign may compensate him for espousing such an unpopular cause and for speaking not only against justice and right, but also as it appears against his own convictions.

Hon. George Fred Williams got a great ovation at Bangor last night and made a strong address upon the silver issue.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

SUN Peck's Bad Boy COUPON.

This Coupon and 10 cents will admit any boy or girl to a reserved seat in Music Hall at Next Saturday's Matinee.

PECK'S BAD BOY.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

LATEST

LABOR DAY.

How It Will Be Observed Hereabouts—Business Suspended.

Next Monday will be Labor day and as usual the mills will be closed, as will be the post office, the banks and all other public institutions. All the important stores will be closed in the afternoon.

The labor men of the city will observe the day variously.

The Cotton Spinners' union will conduct a great excursion to Nantasket beach which already gives promise of success.

The Building Laborers will unite with the Lawrence brethren in a picnic at Haggett's pond at which many other labor men will be present.

St. Joseph's union will have a grand gala day on the Fair grounds with numerous attractions.

All the barrooms will close.

LOWELL MEN ENTERED.

Many of Them in the Bicycle Races at Nashua.

The following Lowell wheelmen have entered in the bicycle races to take place at the Nashua, N. H., driving park on Labor day: One mile novice. T. B. Whitcher, Elmer Bowers, Fred Wilson, James Coughlin, Frank Patnaud, I. N. Cox, P. C. Ferron and Mark Bentley. One half mile open—H. E. Dahlberg, G. Cote, F. J. Murphy. One mile open—H. E. Dahlberg and D. Cote. One mile open 2.40 class, T. B. Witcher, D. Cote, James Coughlin, Frank Patnaud, M. J. Murphy, P. C. Ferron and William McKay. One mile handicap open—H. E. Dahlberg, D. Cote, James Coughlin, William McKay, Mark Bentley and M. J. Murphy. Tandem race, one mile open—F. H. Peabody and mate.

REV. FR. DORGAN, O. M. I.,

Transferred to Buffalo, N. Y., For the Present.

Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., who has been stationed at the Immaculate Conception church for the past three months has been transferred to the church of the Holy Angels, Buffalo, N. Y., and will soon start for that place. Prior to coming to Lowell Fr. Dorgan was stationed three months in Texas.

LOCAL NOTES.

Shooting began yesterday for certain kinds of game.

All the sewer work laid out by the committee is now under way.

Mayor Courtney will remain at Old Orchard for the remainder of this week.

During the month of August, there were 67 marriage certificates issued at the city clerk's office.

The Non-Partisan Silver league will hold a regular meeting at their rooms in Barristers' hall this evening.

The railroad commission will hear the petition of the Lowell & Suburban to increase their capital stock Sept. 23.

George H. Wood, the jeweler, yesterday bought the fruit store of W. R. Kilpartrick on Central street to enlarge his own store.

Edward Atwood of Nashua has been invited to bowl with the Lowell bankers in the tournament at Lakeview tomorrow evening.

The following committee meetings have been called for tomorrow afternoon to approve bills: Streets, 2.30; fire department, 3; sewers, 4.30; lighting, 3; printing 3; commons, 3. The committee on accounts will meet at 3 o'clock, on Friday afternoon.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Senator Richard Carter and Mr Daniel Desmond of Lawrence were in the city yesterday.

Clerk Frank Parrott of the Lincoln Square pharmacy has returned from his vacation at Long pond.

Misses Agnes Davis and Gertie O'Conor have returned home after a vacation of four weeks at Whitinsville, Mass.

Mr. Frank P. Putnam and wife have returned from the Isles of Shoals where they have been for several weeks.

Misses Cora A. and Lillian G. Abbott are spending their vacation with their sister, Mrs. Charles Stimson of Hollis, N. H.

Miss Martha McDermott of C. I. Hood & Co.'s laboratory, has returned from her vacation at points of interest in the Granite state and also at the seashore.

Miss Susan Hogan of Lawrence street, Miss Annie Barrett of Manahan street and Miss Mary O'Laughlin of Nesmith street are enjoying their vacation at Lynn and vicinity.

Mrs. Elina Blaisdell of Chapel street will, on her vacation, visit friends in Worcester, enjoy a sail on the Hudson river and make brief sojourns at Albany and Troy, N. Y.

Daniel Sullivan of O'Donnell's stables, John Leary and Frank Garvey left today for Plymouth, where they will ride horses in the races to be held there, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Dennis F. Murphy, Arthur Hassett and Joseph McGaffrey leave Lowell at five o'clock this afternoon to resume their studies at Holy Cross college. Mr. Murphy will graduate in June.

MATRIMONIAL.

Constable John A. McQuade and Miss Jennie Field were united in matrimony this morning in the chapel of the Immaculate Conception church.

FUNERALS.

McDONALD—The funeral of John H. McDonald occurred yesterday afternoon from his late home in the Dracut Navy Yard and was largely attended. The pall bearers were Messrs. Edward St. Ledger, John Roddy, Fred Crowley, Timothy Leary, James Quirk and David Tyrrell. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Fr. Gilday officiated.

Jack McDonough Matched.

Jack McDonough, who was beaten by Dick O'Brien in less than half a round at Lowell, has been matched to box Tom Cauley at Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11. Cauley was formerly Tommy Ryan's sparring partner.

Martin Is Willing.

Martin Flaherty is out with a challenge to meet the winner of the Dixon-White contest, which takes place at the Broadway club, New York, on Sept. 21.

Farmer Hanna: "Wake up, Mack, and go to work. Bill Bryan's goin to get the whole crop."

DRAWING JURORS

By Aldermen at Last Night's Meeting.

A LIVELY DISCUSSION OVER ACCEPTING STREETS.

Hawkers and Peddlers May Sell Wares.

The aldermen held quite a lengthy session last night and disposed of considerable routine business that had accumulated during the vacation season.

Chairman Tryder presided over the meeting and the following petitions were referred:

For sidewalk of edgestone and cinders in Lane and Madison streets; for a sewer in Sargent street; for the removal of trees in Ames street; for gas lights in Orleans street and sewer in Concord street; and for the removal of trees in Wilder street.

The following resolutions were passed: To allow the Lowell and Suburban road to lay tracks over the Moody street bridge? to lay a sidewalk of edgestone and cinders along the westerly side of Fletcher street, near Pawtucket; to lay a sidewalk of edgestone and cinders on Hall street; to lay a sidewalk on Warwick street, from Shaw to B streets; also one on the southerly side of Cross street, from Adams street past the residences of Cornelius Callahan, and another on Clare street.

Notices were read from republican and democratic city committees stating that the dates for caucuses for choosing delegates to the conventions for the nomination of state officers would be as follows: Democratic, Sept. 10; republican, Sept. 16.

The request of the republican city committee for the use of the basement of the new Moody school for caucus purposes, and also for the use of the basement of the new Highland school for the same purpose was referred to the lands and buildings committee.

The resolution to lay out and accept State street was read, and Alderman Crowley wanted to know where State street is located.

Alderman Fleming said it is on new land near the Bleachery. There are no houses on the street.

Alderman Crowley answered that he will vote for no scheme to boom private property at the expense of the city. He wanted to know if State street is a repetition of the Victoria and Stedman streets racket.

"There is only one man benefited by Victoria street," he said," and that is the councilman against whose barn the street runs."

Alderman Fleming made the statement that Victoria street had not cost the city one cent. The resolution then passed. When the resolution to lay out and accept Upham street was read, Alderman Crowley wanted to know where Upham street was. "Near Victoria," was the information received from Alderman Fleming.

The joint standing committee on ordinances and legislation, to whom was referred the proposed ordinance in reference to hawkers and peddlers, refusing them the privilege of streets for crying wares for sale, was returned with the disapproval of the committee on the ground that it was contrary to Chap. 16 of the Public Statutes, a law that has been in force for years.

Alderman Crowley explained the unfairness of the proposed ordinance and said they might as well require the farmers to be licensed and labeled.

The report was accepted.

Voted to appropriate $5000 for use at rifle range in addition to the amount already appropriated.

A resolution was adopted transferring $20,000 from the school house fund to be used on the Carter street school.

A hearing was ordered for Sept. 15 on the question of purchasing the much talked-of portraits of the Mechanics association.

An order was adopted instructing the city treasurer to deposit the city funds to the extent of $100,000 with the Lowell Trust Co. at 4.18 per cent. and if he had funds on hand in excess of that amount to divide them among the other banks, giving prefrence to the Trader's bank in recognition of its bid.

A resolution to lay out and accept Sidney street was then adopted, after which jurors for the Superior court to be held Monday, Oct. 2, were drawn as follows: Austin Keith, 11 Myrtle street; Simon Dean, 516 Lawrence street; Harry V. Huse, 40 Oak street; Edward Learned, 494 Merrimack street; Joseph Mack, 13 Burns street; and Clarence G. Coburn, 215 Mammoth road.

For the U. S. circuit court, grand jury—Charles F. Edwards, 196 Hale street; Thomas Mahoney, 139 Merrimack corporation; and Samuel J. Bigelow, 64 Chapel street.

Petit jury—Fred H. Kilgore, 42 Columbus avenue; Stephen B. Puffer, 942 Middlesex street; Thomas Teague, 19 Burns street, and W. J. G. Myers, 56 Eighteenth street.

A GENERAL MILL CANVASS

WAS CONDUCTED IN THE MERRIMACK YESTERDAY

By the Overseers for State Committee—Other Matters of Local Politics.

It is only a little over one week since Mark Hanna visited Boston and conferred with the Arkwright club and thus early the campaign outlined by him to these mill owners and managers is being conducted along the plan of action decided upon by him.

At that time it was reported that Mr. Hanna impressed upon these mill managers the importance of rolling up a big republican majority in the old Bay State and suggested a canvass to determine as nearly as possible the standing of each city and town, that advance reports of probable gains might be sent out as an indication of what Massachusetts would do for the "sound money" cause.

These mill men determined upon a canvass of the men employed in the concerns under their control, and yesterday the big task, was inaugurated in the Merrimack mills. In the weaving department the overseer had a list containing the names of every male employe. He approached each one with this question.

"Are you a voter?" An affirmative answer being received, he continued, "Will you vote for McKinley or Bryan at the next election?" If the employe answered "McKinley," a little "c" was placed opposite his name; if Bryan was his favorite, he was marked with a "d".

One employe was inclined to be inquisitive. When the second question was put to him, he replied:

"It is my own business how I intend to vote and I see no reason why I should tell you."

"But we are making a canvass for the state committee" was the reply.

"Put me down as a Bryan man," answered the laborer.

It is safe to venture the assertion that the canvass will be far from correct as many gave the impression that they are McKinley men, because they did not care to run the risk of incurring the displeasure of the mill officials who are strong McKinley men.

The republican assessors in wards one and two, particularly, performed their work remarkably well. As a result of their careful enumeration of the voters in the ward, they have succeeded in dropping from the check-lists a remarkably large number of democrats and a surprisingly small number of republicans. In ward one the republicans dropped number about one half the number of democratic voters, whose names are missing.

Secretary Tully is at democratic headquarters every day and evening. At present he is busily engaged making out lists of the names of democratic voters who were dropped.

The democratic city committee has made no definite arrangements for rallies yet. Chairman Pearson promises that some of the best campaign orators will be heard here before election day.

Philip J. Farley, Esq., will start in this week on the work of reorganizing the towns in this vicinity, in the interest of the democratic party.

Merit First

It is our first consideration; whether you buy from us a high or a low priced hat—the hat will be good—be fully worth the money.

We are in business (to tell the truth) to make money. We can't make money unless we get a lot of customers. We can't get the customers unless we give satisfaction—Some stores give a chrome instead, but when it comes to hats, satisfaction is better than a chromo.

THE IMPERIAL HAT

For which we are exclusive agents is new to Lowell yet—it won't be at the close of this season—'tis the popular New York city block; Guyer and Lamson & Hubbard blocks in line also—and the new shapes in Tourists in the fashionable colors.

"OUR SPECIAL"

$2.00 DERBY

If we told you who the maker was you'd allow it had the ear marks of the $3.00 kind—if you want the satisfaction of showing the manufacturer's name, you want the $3 kind.

MERRIMACK Fashion Corner Opp. City Hall CLOTH'G CO.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

THE MAIN ISSUE

As it is Set Forth in Two Convention Platforms.

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEMOCRATS STILL LOYAL.

One For Silver the Other For Cold.

Concord, Sept. 2.—The democrats gathered in large numbers here today for the state convention. There is great enthusiasm manifested on all sides. Shortly after 11 o'clock John C. Amey called to order and John B. Nash was chosen permanent chairman.

His address was received with much applause. The resolutions committee reported a platform declaring for the national ticket and platform and also for a state license law as opposed to the present prohibition law.

Connecticut Republicans

Hartford, Sept. 2.—The termination of an interesting convention contest came today when the republicans nominated a candidate for governor and six presidential electors.

The organization of the convention was completed last night. At 10.20 Chairman McLean called to order and Samuel Fessenden was chosen permanent chairman.

The platform declares for a gold standard until such time as a different arrangement can be made by international agreement.

FIGHTING FOR FOOD.

The People in the Burned District are Starving.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—A despatch from Calumet, Mich., says that there is great distress among the people in the burned district in Ontonagon. Some are starving as the supply of relief is not at all equal to the demand.

Then again there is great fighting for food, the result being that the weaker ones have to go without any. A detachment of the militia has been ordered out to preserve order and attend to the distribution of the food.

G. A. R. PARADE.

Veterans Made a Great Showing In St. Paul Today.

St. Paul, Sept. 2—The parade of the G. A. R., was the main feature of the encampment today. The route was only two miles long. The parade started from Western avenue at 10 o'clock and General Walker rode at the head of the line.

The New Englanders were in the third division. At the lower end of Sixth avenue General Walker left the line and took his place in the receiving stand returning the salute of the veterans as they passed.

BRAGG A SILVER MAN.

Said to Have Declared for the White Metal In 1893.

Indianapolis, Sept. 2.—The delegates to the gold convention are nearly all here. It looks now as though the ticket will be Bragg and Buckner, though other booms are being worked.

A story calculated to destroy Bragg's chances was circulated this morning to the effect that in 1893, he was a free silver advocate, and wrote a letter defining his position. The story was promptly denied.

$20,000 LOST

And Twelve Men Killed in Yesterday's Explosion.

Pinole, Cal., Sept. 2.—The explosion in the glycerine house of the California powder works, yesterday, wrecked the building and killed 12 men. The loss will be $20,000.

GROUT'S MAJORITY.

Returns So Far Received Make It Over 38,000.

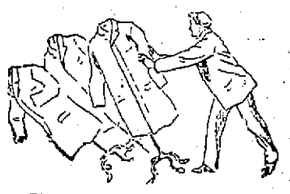
St. Albans, Vt., Sept. 2.—At 9 o'clock this morning returns were received from 225 towns out of the 246 in the state. They show 52,761 votes for Grout, rep., and 14,450 votes for Jackson, dem. The democrats elected seven representatives to the legislature.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Peck's Bad Boy.

Tomorrow evening Music Hall will open its doors to that embodiment of fun and mischief "Peck's Bad Boy," who comes in good company with a bunch of pretty girls and a number of crack comedians. The play has been made up to date with new jokes, new music, new dances, new songs and new faces; in fact its twelfth season sees it as fresh and enjoyable as it first was. Among its clever pretty women is Miss Kurlein, who made such a hit by her beauty and talent in the artists model. Miss Kurlein is as pretty a girl as the stage has today, is chic and charming and can dance and sing in a way to turn the head of every man in the audience. The Bad Boy is as full of fun and frolic as ever and manages to keep everybody in hot water for hours on the stage and in roars in front of it. Don't fail to see him; you will have lots of company.

MILL KINDLING. Just at present I can give a very large load of Mill Kindling for one dollar. Postal order promptly attended to. WILLIAM COGGER, wood dealer, 85 Concord street.



If you wish for one of the FALL OVERCOATS advertised at **$6.00,** there's no time to lose.

Since advertising these overcoats—men's and young men's—half the lots have been sold.

To help out, we've reduced several other lots of fall overcoats to $8.00,—regular and covert lengths—these have sold for ten and twelve dollars.

Boys' and children's FALL REEFERS, and fall suits, all ready.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley J.

Five simple drunks were fined $1.

Mary E. Sullivan, second offence of drunkenness, was sentenced one month to the workhouse, and Ellen Tully for a similar offence was sentenced two months to the same institution.

Several continued cases were disposed of as follows: Nellie Shea, charged with illegally selling liquor, was further continued until Saturday next for trial.

Lycurgus K. Watson, charged with non-support of wife, was continued until Oct. 2.

T. Hanson Partridge, charged with the larceny of a bicycle from James Walsh, was represented by Jeremiah Crowley, Esq., as counsel. The witnesses for the prosecution were Officer Duncan, who made the arrest, James Meers, who pulled the defendant from the stolen bicycle, and James Walsh who owned the machine. Four witnesses were heard in behalf of the defendant, but their evidence was not sufficient to convince Judge Hadley of Partridge's innocence and the latter was consequently fined $25.

Thomas E. Crowe, was found guilty of obtaining board on false pretences from Mr. Thomas Don, boarding house keeper on the Massachusetts corporation, and was fined $15.

DEATHS.

JOHNSON—Mrs. Nellie Johnson, aged 35 years, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 183 Church street. The funeral took place this afternoon and was attended by many relatives and friends. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

BENSON—Sarah Benson died Saturday at St. John's hospital. She was a well known old resident of the city and the mother of the late Councilman Benson. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mrs. William Benson, 152 Charles street, tomorrow afternoon.

MARSHALL.—Fred R. Marshall, aged 22 years, 11 months, died this morning at his late home in Chelmsford. He was the son of Eben R. and Lucy E. Marshal. Funeral Friday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

RYAN.—John J. Ryan, child of James and Mary Ryan, died last evening at their home, 4 Dummer street. The funeral took place this afternoon and interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

MORIARTY.—Annie Moriarty aged 1 year 3 months, child of Martin and Margaret Moriarty, died yesterday at 389 Adams street. There was a large attendance at the funeral which took place this afternoon, and the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

MILLS RESUME WORK.

The Woonsocket Factory and Others Start Up Again.

Worcester, Sept. 2.—It is announced that the Woonsocket Rubber works of Millville will resume business the 10th. These works employ 1200 hands, and with the exception of a few weeks the past summer, have been shut down since last January.

The Alice mill at Woonsocket, R. I., owned by the same company, will start up at the same date.

With Full Number on Full Time.

Waltham, Sept. 2.—The American watch factory began work yesterday after a three-weeks' vacation, with a full number of employes and they will run on full time.

Full Time Now at Hamilton Mills.

Amesbury, Sept. 2.—The Hamilton mills resumed running on full time Monday, after two months of running alternate weeks.

New Drum Corps.

The Highland Independent Drum corps has organized for the coming presidential campaign. It will be composed of fifteen drummers, two bass drummers, and one cymbal player. John J. Shea has been chosen major and Arthur Choate, sergeant. Headquarters for rehearsals have been secured in the Dempsey building in Central street.

Money Deposited

In the savings department of the Trader's National Bank before 4 p. m. Thursday, Sep. 3rd, will commence interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Bank open open daily 8 a. m. till 4 p. m., and Saturdays 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. and Saturday evenings 7 to 9 o'clock. 30 Middlesex street, and 11 P. O. Ave.

FOR SALE—A small grocery business, with horse, harness, wagon and good cash customers. Low cash price. Apply to Charles Spooney, 1296 Lawrence street.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily: Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

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Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

Bryan's triumphs become greater as he moves westward—where he meets his own.

The gold bugs find it hard to select standard bearers because nobody cares to occupy the position of arch traitor to his party.

Mr. Manning's suit against two officers for false arrest will at least induce officers to consider where their brief authority begins and ends, a matter upon which many officers seem to have very hazy ideas.

Many manufactories of different kinds throughout the country have been closed without any apparent cause, except to intimidate the people and induce them to vote for Mark Hanna and the robber gold standard.

Another hearing is to be given on Sept. 16 on the question of purchasing the M. M. A. pictures. The public supposed the advocates of this scheme would let it drop; but no, they persevere. It does not seem that the city has money to spend for any such purpose.

The gold bugs of Wall street are alarmed. They fear the state will go for Bryan. They will have the shivers after the democratic state convention when the Chicago platform will be formally endorsed and when the democrats will enter in earnest into the fight.

Vermont has given an unusually large majority for the republican ticket, but no effort was made by democrats to avert such a result. Now, however, the battle will commence for the national election. There will be a reduced majority for the republican party, which is the most the democrats can hope to accomplish in that hide-bound state.

The reception which Mr. Bryan received at Cleveland, Ohio, indicates that there is the very best prospect of carrying Ohio for the democratic party. Already the republican party is alarmed lest New York should swing over to the democratic column, and now they are cast into utter consternation at the prospect of 100,000 men turning out to greet Mr. Bryan at Cleveland. Even Canton, the home of McKinley, sent 7000 men to the great reception, all organized to do battle for the silver cause.

The silver sentiment is fast spreading in New York state. Mr. Bryan's trolley tour into the farming districts of New York has been an unparalleled success. Crowds of thirty to fifty thousand people have gathored at small villages to hear his address, and men by thousands who have always voted the republican ticket declare that now they will vote for Bryan and Sewall and for free silver. It is clear that Chairman Jones, Senator Gorman and Mr. Bryan made no mistake when they decided to make New York state their chief battleground.

THE GOLD PULPITEERS.

It is amusing to find with what self-confidence some advocates of the gold standard undertake to defend its most dangerous features. They have raised a cry against the "fifty cent dollar," just as if the advocates of free silver ever proposed a fifty cent dollar. They represent the silver men not only as anarchists, but as men who want to repudiate their just debts, and establish a monetary system from which they themselves might derive a financial profit. Now if they would succeed in doing all this, they would not have inflicted half the evil, or the outrage, or the dishonesty upon the country or upon their creditors that the advocates of the gold standard have accomplished, and have been successfully carrying on since 1873.

Those selfish defenders of the gold standard raised a shout for national honor against repudiation of just debts, and claim that any departure from the present financial system would be ruinous to our credit abroad.

This is the very essence of political cant, and it seems all the more despicable when it is taken up by sensational preachers and hurled from their pulpits at inoffensive people who are seeking spiritual help and comfort. It appears that not only are brokers, money changers and the great bond syndicates interested financially in the gold standard, but also the sensational preachers who draw a salary from churches made up chiefly of this class. They, too, have taken up the cry mainly for the purpose of retaining their positions and steadily drawing their salaries. Such pulpit cant is the essence of hypocrisy, a disgrace to religion and its ministers who might be supposed to preach the gospel rather than prostitute their cloth to the vile ends of a mercenary defense of the tottering monetary system that robs one class of people for the benefit of another class.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

PLAIN PEOPLE'S CHANCE

NONPARTISAN, POOR MAN'S VIEW OF POLITICAL FIELD.

The Present Struggle Embraces the Attempt to Break Through the Outposts of Plutocracy—It Is Not Nearly All, but Is Much More Than Nothing.

[Special Correspondence.]

The butterfly becomes a bright, lively creature by simply dropping the envelope of the clumsy caterpillar. Something of the kind has taken place in the recent Chicago convention of July, 1896. The Democracy has dropped the heavy envelope of the gold plutocracy. It has done something more than that. Its platform contains two very important planks besides the silver one, two planks inviting the people to rebuke that judiciary of ours which, in the last two years, has twice insulted the majesty of the American nation, as follows:

First.—Our judiciary has established despotism by injunction against the working masses and practically made strikes impossible, when they are the only weapon that our infernal monopoly laws leave for the workers to at least check the constant exactions of our masters, the corporations and large employers of labor.

Second.—Our judiciary has vetoed the income tax, wanted by the people, on the pretext of its being class legislation.

The supreme stupidity of that pretext can be noticed by the fact that it would have meant an average $60 tax on our 400,000 richest chaps, when by right they should pay ten times as much, if anything. Why? Because our class monopoly legislation condemns 90 per cent of the race to live on a bare average of $500 per annum for each family group when they need and would have four times as much under laws of equal freedom. What a farce that of speaking of class legislation when you attempt to take back a small fragment from 3 per cent of the nation, about $25,000,000, out of the $7,000,000,000 we give them per annum through the most criminal laws of privilege that were ever concocted on the face of the earth.

Well, it remains to be seen what the American people shall do next November on the subject of rebuking our plutocratic judiciary, as the two indicated planks invite us to do. If the invitation is not accepted, if we fail to record that the natural rights of the American people mean something higher, in the eyes of God, than any human constitution or the whims of any lawyers in trying to read it to suit their spirit of oppression, then we shall proclaim to the world that we don't care anything for real freedom, judiciary despotism being good enough for us.

The elections next November shall determine something more than the triumph of this or that party. They shall fix the line of progress for the next 50 years on this side of the Atlantic. We are face to face with a supreme struggle, when all partisanship feelings should be drawn into love for that freedom and that justice without which manhood is impossible. Now is the time to remember that there can be but two logical parties after all in a social compact where the workers want to be the real citizens of their own nation and not the puppets or miserable tools of machine politicians and plutocratic masters. The two parties in question are as follows:

That of monopoly, and so of especial and class privileges.

That of the people, and so of the working masses and equal rights.

The latter party should include all honest, working capitalists and all men rendering useful, healthy services to humanity. That excludes nothing but monopolists, gamblers and schemers, actual or potential, in the flesh or in the spirit. The men just mentioned would melt away like glaciers under a tropical sun as soon as we had a social structure without laws of privilege.

The real happiness or wretchedness of nations is conditioned on two central, social thoughts formulated as follows:

First.—Mighty few laws, only those indispensable to specialize the eternal verities ingrained in the structure of the universe as revealed by human needs and the ethics of the golden rule.

Second.—As many laws as possible, by the bushel and the ton, as we have forever been manufacturing under the despotisms of all monarchs and all parliamentary systems and through which we defy the wisdom of nature and God.

The birth of the antiplutocratic Democracy in Chicago may yet prove a failure. It will all depend on the people whether it becomes plutocratic or not, in this or that form. Just now it simply represents an improvement when in contrast with the intense plutocratic elements against which it has revolted.

We can hardly expect more than a partial success, at the utmost; but that should not discourage the brave and the true. We should remember that the working masses here are essentially conservative, as they have always been in all nations, heathen and Christian, ancient and modern; that conservatism has been the eternal stumbling block of healthy, rapid progress. It has always sent humanity away from the straight line of march toward fundamental truth. It has kept men and nations lingering in the suburbs of all that is right and hanging around that fatal tree of good and evil. We have thus been forever mixing evil with good and giving to evil the power of self existence that good alone can impart to it.

The grand, eternal law of God is to eschew evil, to fly from all evil, to have nothing to do with any wretched mixture of the two elements. And civilization must necessarily be a war against the Father in heaven and all his truth as long as we insist upon our insane philosophy of mixing up evil with good. The final triumph of truth is inevitable, but it can only come through work and hope backed with prayers for the guidance of the All High. JOSE GROS.

Morristown, N. J.

THE GREAT QUESTION.

We Dare Not Intrust Our Affairs to Those Who Doubt Our Nation's Potency.

My friends, in this campaign there is only one great issue. If that is settled, it will not give us a government perfect in all its details, but that one question must be settled first before other questions can be settled.

A nation that is not able to adopt its own financial policy is too impotent to legislate on any question where the people are concerned. We do not say that our opponents are insincere. We do not say they are less honest than we, but we do say that when they attempt to say to the American people that we must be dependent upon the legislative act of some other government, we say it matters not how honest they may be, we dare not intrust legislation to their hands.

I have said that in this contest we have a repetition of the contest of 1776, and that in this campaign, as in that, a line will be drawn between the patriot and the Tory, and when I say it I do not say it, my friends, to criticise the man who believes that this nation is not great enough to legislate for its own people. He believes it honestly, and I recall your attention to the fact that in the struggle of our forefathers for liberty there were those who honestly believed that we ought to continue in this land the political supremacy of Great Britain.

In this they were but mistaken, and if you go to the cemeteries you will find no monument reared by a grateful people to commemorate the names of those who thought English domination should continue. There are people today who believe that this nation is not strong enough to legislate for our people, and there are people who honestly believe that an attempt to do so would bring distress and many evils. We may respect their honesty, but must we enter into a life and death struggle with them because we assert here that the financial domination by a foreign power is as dangerous to the liberties of the people as political domination?—Bryan at Pittsburg.

Wealth of Boston.

With less than 150,000 citizens of voting age, Boston has property assessed this year at nearly $1,000,000,000. This would make the average citizen of Boston worth in the neighborhood of $6,000, but, as every one knows, the average citizen in Boston is as poor as he is anywhere else. The immense wealth of the city is held in the hands of a few men who have gained it by their mortgages on the labor of the east and the farms of the west.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Exact justice demands a return to the bimetallic standard. This can only be done by opening the mints to silver as a money metal. To discredit silver by legislation inflames the divergence between the relative value of the two metals. Parity cannot be restored by making silver an outcast from the mints.

The Major's Temptation.

Sometimes Major McKinley has a darn good notion to yell the word "gold" right out and have it done with.—Detroit News.

SUNBEAMS.

Willing to Let Her Have a Taste.

"Give me a bite of your candy, Jimmy?"

"Nope, but you may kiss me while my mouth's sticky."—Truth.

Similar Impulses.

Miss Romance—Did you hear about that English nobleman who, wanting to know the true character of an American heiress, changed identity with his valet?

Miss Comeon—No. How did it work?

Miss Romance—All right. The heiress had felt the same way and changed places with her maid.—New York Sunday World.

The Mind Cure.

Rantipole—Now, see here, if I can persuade you that your tooth doesn't ache at all you ought to feel relieved, oughtn't you?

Jolterhead—I suppose so.

Rantipole—Well, now, bring your mind to bear on it. It isn't your tooth that aches. It's the nerve.—Chicago Tribune.

The Patient Man.

"De only trouble 'bout havin patience under provocation," said Uncle Eben, "is dat dess ez soon ez er man gits er repytation foh it eberybody seems anxious ter gib 'im er chance ter show off."—Washington Star.

Cold, Callous Girl.

"My heart is burning with love for you"—

"Grandma always told me that a little soda was first rate for heartburn."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Would Not Risk It.

Fond Parent (despairingly)—Can't you be a good boy, Bobby, just for once?

Bobby (decidedly)—No. I might get into a habit of it.—New York Sunday World.

The Mystery of Pain.

"Such a dress must hurt the woman who wears it."

"But it hurts the women who don't wear it more."—Detroit Tribune.

A Rival.

"I should be delighted to accept your offer of your hand, Mr. Mudge," said the landlady, "but unfortunately I am already engaged to Mr. Borrowes, who owes $18 more than you do."—Indianapolis Journal.

His Best Recollection.

"I haven't seen your father for several days, Johnny. Is he out of town?"

"Yep. Paw, he's gone away on his—on his vaccination."—Chicago Tribune.

"Don't be worried, madam. Your little one has nothing the matter with him. All he needs is pure air."

"But, doctor, isn't there anything better for rich people?"

It cures from head to foot.

Puritana

To make the cure of any disease complete and permanent, the purifying, correcting and building-up process must begin and end in the Stomach.

92% of all sickness is caused by a wrong Stomach. Puritana makes the Heart right, the Lungs right, the Liver right, the Blood right, the Kidneys right, the Nerves right, the Health right, because it makes the Stomach right.

The Puritana treatment consists of one bottle of Puritana, one bottle of Puritana Pills, and one bottle of Puritana Tablets, all in one package. Price $1. All druggists.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central St., & 255 Central St., Cor. Middlesex St., & Goodale's Drug Store, 217 Central St., LOWELL, MASS.

LOWELL
RENDERING CO.
Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc.
Dead animals removed.
Factory and Office, So. Lowell
Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 532-4.

TIRED MOTHERS find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives them pure blood, a good appetite and new and needed STRENGTH

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street.
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shadd's Block.
Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
Counsellors-at-Law.
William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE
OLD 64 CIGAR
H. BOUT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

BICYCLES
TO
LET.
Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.
Geo. H. Bachelder,
21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.
Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.
42 CHURCH STREET.

80 Drinks For 15c

Of our Dandelion Nerve Tonic—a delicious invigorating home drink easily made—simply adding water and sugar and is low enough in price so that any one can afford it.

It is a good stomach tonic as well and should be tried by every one—much different and heathier than the majority of oil and soap bark concoctions usually sold 15c. a bottle only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

FINCH'S
GOLDEN WEDDING RYE WHISKEY
1876—20 Years Old—1896
Held in storage by the late C. W. Cheney, for 15 years.
$1.50 PER BOTTLE, FULL QUART.

CHARLES H. JOYCE, 9 and 15 Middle St.

If There is Anything You Need in
FURNITURE
Get it Now and Secure
ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS
When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as
STORY OF MAN — PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES
HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT — AND OTHERS
REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.
PETER DAVEY,
Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,
134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer
TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

Day and Night School
Now in session at New England Business University. Actual business from the start. Call and see us. GLICK & YOUNG, Runels' Building.

MUSIC HALL
Sept. 3, 4 and 5.
Nothing Old but the name. Everybody's Favorite Funny Show,
PECK'S
BAD BOY
12th Annual Tour.
New Specialties, Funny Comedians, Graceful Dancers, Pretty Girls.
An Extraordinary Singing Company.
POPULAR PRICES.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.
New Management Entire and Seventh Week of Success.
KENDAL WESTON COMPANY
In His Great Success in One Act,
"One Touch of Nature."
And the farcical play, "My Uncle's Will."
Prices, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Box seats 50c., for sale during the day at Lead's. Evenings at 8. Matinees at 3 Wednesday and Saturday. Next week, Sept. 7th, commencing with a special matinee Labor Day, "A Happy Pair" and "To Oblige Benson."

LAKEVIEW PARK
ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 31.
THE
Alabama Troubadours
A band of Afro-American celebrities, presenting in a true and realistic manner
Life in the Sunny South Before the War.
Buck and Wing Dancers, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dancers, Male and Female Quartettes, Old Time Plantation Scenes, Camp Meeting Shouters, And the
Great Cake Walk.
Two Exhibitions Daily. Afternoon and Evening.

"GLEN FOREST."
Fare From Lowell 10c.
ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 24.
THE
ALABAMA ∴ TROUBADOURS
A Band of Afro-American Celebrities,
PRESENTING IN A TRUE AND REALISTIC MANNER.
Life in the Sunny South before the war, Buck and Wing Dances, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dances, Male and Female Quartettes, Old-Time Plantation Scenes, Camp-Meeting Shouters, and the
GREAT CAKE WALK.
TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY.
AFTERNOON ∴ AND ∴ EVENING.

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL
TO
SALISBURY BEACH.
Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with Steamer Merrimack, daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. and 12 m.
On and After Sept. 8
Cars will leave daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. only. Steamer leaves beach to return at 4 p. m., one hour earlier. Four hours at the beach.
S. W. GEORGE, Agent.

Have You Ever Tried a Sample of Our
CALIFORNIA WHITE WINES
Hochheimer, Reising, Haut Sauterne, Deidesheimer, Sauterne.
JOHN M. PEVEY'S
55-57 MIDDLE ST.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST. Opposite the Washington House

THE
LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY
Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.
70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

WANT COLUMN.

LOST—A railroad pass near the corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Finder please leave at Sun office.

WANTED—$5000 capital wanted and equal partnership offered on a Lowell theatre, to be run on first-class principal with strong N. Y. dramatic company. Address W. Sun office.

MILLINER WANTED—As trimmer. (Catholic preferred.) Address P. O. Box 430 Milford, N. H.

FOR SALE.—Near Westford and Lane streets, two tenement house, all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land; you can buy this place at a bargain. Call and see G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on credit. Samples, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1354, New York City.

FOR SALE.—Near Powell street, two story house, large lot of land; this is your chance to get a home and on easy terms Price $1450. L. G. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills; good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Checks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE.—On Westford street, cottage house, small barn, one acre of land; this is a bargain. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.—In Pawtucketville, near new bridge, good two tenement house, large lot of land, always rented. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE.—On line of electric road, small place of 10 acres of land, new cottage house; this is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE
HOUSE LOTS.
Now Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 70 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.
A. J. RYAN, Agt.
Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
OFFICE:
22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle
SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.
Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS
With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet
First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.
No charge made for the use of meters.
No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.
Orders when left at office promptly attended to

STOP AND THINK,
Vain Regrets usually follow hasty actions.
Is it cheaper to get a cheap job cheap than to get a good job done at a reasonable price?
Good work at reasonable prices has built up our business.
THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.
Worthen Street.
Builders and Repairers.

BERTRAND
?
A Pound of Facts
Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the
"WOLF GAS COOKER."
Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.
D. H. WILSON'S
279 DUTTON STREET.

5 O'CLOCK EXTRA

FATAL SHOOTING

An Italian Deliberately Murders a Girl

BECAUSE SHE REFUSED TO SCRUB HIS ROOM.

The Murderer Escaped And Is At Large.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 2.—Without an instant's warning the life of little Isabelle Rossi was ended yesterday afternoon. She lived with her parents at 30 Common street. She and a companion were scrubbing the floor in the kitchen, when Antonio Guatiero entered. Guatiero boarded with Isabelle's parents. He went to his room, adjoining the kitchen, and washed his hands and face and combed his hair. He then returned to the room where the two children were at work. "Come to my room and wash the floor," said Guatiero.

Isabelle thought he was joking, and refused. Guatiero went to his room again and returned in a short time with an old army musket. Pointing the weapon at Isabelle's head, he again demanded that she scrub the floor. She still thought him fooling and again refused, and then Guatiero pulled the trigger.

The child sank to the floor, and Guatiero stood for a second like one stupefied as he gazed on the work he had done. Then the shrieks of Isabelle's companion brought him to his senses, and with a cry of "My God! What have I done!" he rushed from the house by the rear door.

Neighbors gathered to learn the cause of the shot, but Guatiero eluded them and ran up an alleyway and made for the woods in South Lawrence.

Guatiero is still at large. He was last seen going in the direction of North Andover, where it is thought he took a train for Portland, Me. The police of the surrounding cities and towns have been notified and all the large cities have been given a description of the murderer.

Dauntless' Detention Ordered.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Acting Secretary Hamlin has directed the collector of customs at Brunswick, Ga., to seize the alleged filibustering steamer Dauntless in that port and hold her, pending an investigation by the department of justice as to whether she has been violating the neutrality laws.

The Public Debt.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt, issued from the treasury department, shows that at the close of business Monday, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, was $978,497,196, which is an increase for the month of $12,342,684, which is accounted for by the loss of nearly exactly that amount of cash on hand due to the excess of expenditures over receipts.

Fought to the Death.

Sergeant, Ky., Sept. 2.—Reliable information has just been received here from a remote section in Magoffin county of a terrible hand-to-hand battle between two desperate factions, in which four men were killed outright and two others seriously, if not fatally, wounded. It is said to have been the result of a "mountain dew" spree and a game of cards on the roadside.

Shutters Are Up.

Lebanon, N. H., Sept. 2.—A sensation was caused here when it became known that Bank Commissioner Baker had obtained an injunction restraining the Lebanon Savings bank from receiving or paying out deposits. There are 3500 depositors, and the injunction proceedings come as a great surprise. The trustees of the bank say that "no one need worry, as no person need lose a dollar."

Direct Evidence Lacking.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 2.—At yesterday afternoon's session of the coroner's jury which is investigating the railroad accident in this city only one witness, Superintendent Cummings of the White mountain division, was asked to testify. Nothing in the way of direct evidence as to the cause of the accident was adduced.

Coinage In August.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the total coinage during August to have been $6,068,220, of which $3,315,000 was gold, $2,650,000 silver and $67,220 minor coins. Of the silver coined $2,650,000 were standard dollars, $30,000 half dollars and $6000 dimes.

Youthful Murderer Executed.

Uniontown, Pa., Sept. 2.—Frank Morris, aged 18, was hanged here for the murder two years ago of Bernard Loker, a farmer of Chestnut Ridge. The object was robbery. The murderer was a cheap-novel fiend and at no time showed any particular concern about his fate.

Objections Appear Well Grounded.

Woonsocket, R. I., Sept. 2.—The arrival yesterday of 75 Italians from Boston to work on the sewer construction caused intense indignation in this city, where more than 1000 laborers are idle, and many are desperate. Over 1100 people are being assisted by the overseers of the poor, owing to the depressed condition of the woolen, cotton and rubber business. Yesterday afternoon 300 unemployed, of all nationalities, met in a vacant lot and gave free expression to their indignation at the importation of laborers. The cry of "work or bread" was taken up, and seemed to crystallize the sentiment and purpose of the meeting.

Firebugs' Dastardly Work.

Halifax, Sept. 2.—At an early hour yesterday morning incendiary fires were started almost simultaneously in four different parts of the city, and all in thickly populated districts. The Ladies College and Conservatory of Music, the Grosvenor hotel, a building at the lower end of Hollis street and the Halifax hotel were the scenes of operation of the firebugs. The operators succeeded in igniting buildings in each case, but timely discovery averted disastrous results.

VERMONT'S VOTE

For Republican Ticket Biggest Ever Given.

LIST OF OFFICIALS CHOSEN AND RETURNS.

Democrats Made No Effort to Stem the Tide.

White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 2.—The Green Mountain state declared for Josiah Grout, Rep., of Derby for governor, and for the Republican state ticket entire by a majority that equalled the prediction of the most confident Republican managers. Returns from the distant towns are, as usual, rather slow in coming in, but the count in all sections of the state shows substantial Republican gains, and indicating that the majority for the Republican state ticket will be nearly 40,000.

This is the largest majority ever given for a governor in this state, the nearest approach to it being in 1888, when the majority was 27,618. The Republican leaders claim that the majority may reach 35,000, and even 37,000.

The final bulletin issued by Chairman Merrill of the Republican state committee, for 230 out of 245 towns, gives a Republican majority of 37,824. The remaining towns, in 1894, gave a Republican majority of 1031, and with this majority added, Mr. Merrill figures a majority of 39,000 for the head of the ticket. He says: "I consider this result a death blow to the Democracy of Vermont, and the majority is greater than I hoped for."

There were four tickets in the field for governor and lieutenant governor, but as has been the case in former elections there was but a small percentage of votes for other than the Democratic and Republican tickets. The following were the candidates for governor on the Republican, Democratic, Prohibition and People's tickets respectively: Josiah Grout of Derby, John H. Jackson of Barre, Rodney Whittemore of St. Albans and Joseph Battell of Ripton. For lieutenant governor, the following gentlemen asked for the support of the people on the four respective tickets: Nelson W. Fisk of Isle La Motte, Ralph Sherwood of St. Albans, Cyrus W. Wyman of Brattleboro and William Dexter of Sheffield.

Two years ago the Democratic vote was 14,142, while Governor Woodbury received a vote of 42,626, or a plurality of 28,521.

The following table gives the vote of the Republican and Democratic parties and Republican majority during every presidential election since the Republican party commenced in national politics, the scattering votes being eliminated:

Year.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep. Maj.
1856	34,757	11,747	22,736
1860	34,183	11,796	20,241
1864	32,052	12,637	19,302
1868	42,615	15,329	27,325
1872	41,946	14,613	25,318
1876	44,723	20,988	23,662
1880	47,848	21,245	25,912
1884	42,524	19,820	21,550
1888	48,522	15,627	27,613
1892	38,918	19,216	17,350

The average majority during the 10 gubernatorial contests in presidential years was 23,102, and the smallest majority was that of Levi K. Fuller over B. B. Smalley, in 1892; while the largest majority was in 1888, when William P. Dillingham was elected over Stephen C. Shurtleff by 27,618 majority. The Democratic tidal wave, in 1892, broke the constantly increasing majority received by the Republicans during the past 40 years.

H. H. Powers, the Republican congressional candidate in the First district, and William W. Grout in the Second are both re-elected by increased majorities, and the state senate and house are in the control of the Republicans by practically the same majority as two years ago.

The Republican managers claim that the result is significant, and shows opposition from all sides to the Democratic currency principle, but the Democrats maintain that the increased Republican majority was expected, and it would have been very surprising if it had failed to develop. The Republican state ticket elected is as follows:

Governor, Josiah Grout of Derby.

Lieutenant governor, Nelson W. Fisk of Isle La Motte.

State treasurer, Henry F. Field of Rutland.

Secretary of state, Chauncey W. Brownell of Burlington.

State auditor, Franklin D. Hale of Lunenburg.

Congressman from First district, H. H. Powers of Morrisville.

Congressman from Second district, William W. Grout of Barton.

The defeated Democratic candidates are:

For governor, J. Henry Jackson of Barre.

Lieutenant governor, Ralph Sherwood of St. Albans.

Treasurer, James H. Williams of Bellows Falls.

Secretary of state, William W. Rider of Bristol.

State auditor, E. P. Seaver of North Troy.

For congressman from First district, P. F. McManus of Rutland.

For congressman from Second district, H. E. Fitzgerald of Island Pond.

Used Shotgun on Himself.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 2.—Richard Skinner, a well known character to the police, who has been confined in the insane asylum a number of times, attempted suicide last evening with a shotgun, but only succeeded in blowing off the side of his face.

Nebraska Bank Closed.

Beatrice, Neb., Sept. 2.—The First National bank of this city was forced to close its doors yesterday afternoon. Liabilities to depositors had been reduced to about $110,000, while the assets are in excess of $250,000.

Alleged Jewelry Thieves.

New York, Sept. 2.—Julius Stein, 21 years old, and Joseph Edison, 24 years old, are locked up in police headquarters in connection with the robbery of diamonds worth $100,000 from the store of Julius M. Lyon of Maiden lane. The loss caused the failure of the firm, which made an assignment last week.

Charles N. Drake, a prominent citizen of Bristol, N. H., died suddenly of heart disease, while officiating as manager at the funeral of a fellow townsman. He was prominent in fraternal orders.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

THE "SUN" HOW COLUMN

AN IDEA OF THE WAY HINDOOS SHAVED.

Peculiar Religious Ceremony in the Far East—How to Tan Furs—How to Estimate Without Weighing.

In the Koran there is no mention of shaving at all, yet the Mohammedans shave their heads in the same manner as the Hindoos. They also shave their armpits. But among the Hindoos—not only now, but ever since the publication of the Purana "Sambo" (the date of which is uncertain)—we find the hairs which grow upon the body regarded with a mixture of veneration and awe, for in this work it is written that according to the hairs a man has upon his body so many years (one year for each hair) shall his body remain in bliss or torment before again returning to the earth. This number is computed at some 3,600,000 And so we find that when a Hindoo child is born many ceremonies are gone through with priests and astrologers, and then "in the first, third, fifth or any odd year they (the parents) generally go to a certain fair and in an auspicious time and near a temple of a god have the child shaved for the first time." On reaching man's estate most Hindoos keep only a cue on the top of their heads and shave the rest of it. There is an object in this, for when they bathe—three times a day is the allotted performance—they tie this cue in a knot and then proceed with "pooja," or worship, saying verses from the Gayatri. Some Hindoos wear mustaches and beards turned up, but all wear whiskers, which are shaved off once when an adult of their connection dies. The shaving off of whiskers is thus a sign of mourning. The Hindoos burn their dead, and the person who sets fire to the pile has himself shaved in every portion of the head and face, except only his cue, but if the person deceased, whether male or female, be younger than he, then he does not shave his whiskers.

How to Tan Furs.

Spread the skin flat, with the inner side upward, and sprinkle it with a mixture of salt two parts, saltpeter one part and alum one part. The mixture must be pounded fine. Put on plenty and roll the skin up tight. In a few days the powder will have dissolved. Then stretch the skin on a board and scrape the inside quite clean. Dry it thoroughly in the sun. Rub it well with neatsfoot oil and dry it again in the sun. Scrape it again, to get the loose oil out, and sprinkle it well with hot plaster of paris powder. Rub this in with a cloth. Dry once more, and the fur will be ready to use.

How to Estimate Without Weighing.

Twelve small eggs without the shells weigh one pound.

Ten medium eggs without the shells weigh one pound.

Nine large eggs without the shells weigh one pound.

An ordinary egg weighs from one and a quarter to two ounces.

A duck's egg weighs from two to three ounces.

A turkey's egg weighs from three to four ounces.

A goose egg weighs from four to six ounces.

Two ounces unmelted butter equal in size an ordinary egg.

Two tablespoonfuls of liquid weigh one ounce.

Two heaping tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar weigh one ounce.

One heaping tablespoonful of granulated sugar weighs one ounce.

Two rounded tablespoonfuls of flour weigh one ounce.

How to Remove a Fishhook.

The hook, if not too deeply imbedded in the flesh, may be generally removed without surgical aid. If the hook is fastened in the hand, cut the line from the hook, turn the point upward and push it through as a needle would be in sewing. If the hook has a broad end or eye, snip this off before attempting to remove it. Do not try to draw the hook out backward, as the barb will lacerate and inflame the flesh.

How to Retain Beauty.

A woman beautiful in all else, but wanting mirth, will grow old, sour, thin and sallow, while the merry, fun loving woman will be fresh and sweet despite life's happenings and sorrows. The highest beauty is the beauty of expression, and the cultivation of this requires the crushing out of envy, hatred, malice and all motives and passions. True beauty rests on plain living and high thinking and brains. It is in one sense a relative thing. To dip far into philosophy on the subject is not necessary. The gospel of relaxing, of "letting go," of oneself at times is essential to facial well being. The nervous system, like the violin, must not be kept always at concert pitch. Beauty means harmony balance, the mental fire of sensibility, as well as bodily attractiveness. Banish fretting, trivial perturbation, scowling, whining, wailing, excessive and pointless smiling.

How to Clean Tortoise Shell.

Tortoise shell combs or ornaments that have lost their polish may be renovated by rubbing them with very finely powdered rotten stone mixed with a little olive oil. The rotten stone should be sifted through a piece of muslin before mixing it with the oil. When all marks are removed, polish again with a piece of very soft chamois leather and a little jeweler's rouge.

How to Keep Milk Fresh.

Milk and cream, like butter, should never be left open to the air. It does not suffice to put it into a pitcher without a cover, because the milk gathers every noxious germ afloat in the air. This is the real cause of ice cream poisoning and often of cream cake poisoning.

How to Make Sachet Powder.

An agreeable perfume which is also a preventive to moths is made as follows: Take of cloves, caraway seeds, nutmeg, mace, cinnamon and Tonquin beans each an ounce; then add as much Florentine orris root as will equal the other ingredients put together. Grind the whole well to powder and put it in little bags among your clothes. This will retain its freshness for a long time and will daintily perfume the clothes.

THE JEWS AIDED

In the Massacre of the Armenians.

FIVE THOUSAND OF LATTER WERE SLAUGHTERED.

Another Note of Warning From the Powers.

Constantinople, Sept. 2.—Additional facts concerning the recent massacres are slowly coming to light. It is now estimated that 5000 persons perished, and that scarcely a male Armenian escaped in the Hassim Pasha and Haskoi quarters. Forty-five women and children in the Hassim Pasha quarter sought refuge on the roof of a house, where they were discovered, slaughtered and their bodies thrown in the street. It is reported that the Jews assisted the Turks in pointing out the homes of Armenians, and it is believed that 300 of the Mussulmans arrested are members of the Young Turks' party, and not partakers in the massacres, as the porte asserts.

Ambassadors of the powers are preparing a note to the sultan, supplementary to the recent note and telegram of warning, in which the sublime porte was told that failure to suppress the riots in the streets of Constantinople, precipitated by the attack on the Ottoman bank by the Armenians, was endangering the existence of the Turkish empire. In this latest note from the representatives of the powers, the whole blame for this week's events is laid upon the shoulders of the government of Turkey.

The Young Turks' party is desirous of dethroning the sultan, whose place is now constantly guarded by 15,000 men.

Among the victims of the recent riots were many rich Armenians. Several cases are reported where the Armenians, being brought to bay, fought splendidly, and from 300 to 400 Turkish soldiers were killed.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—Very serious news has been received here, by way of Athens, to the effect that massacres have again been commenced in several places in Asia Minor and that many Christians have been killed and wounded as a result of these outbreaks.

Pertinent Comment.

London, Sept. 2.—A dispatch to The Times from Berlin says that the Hamburg South American Steamship company, the North German Lloyd Steamship company and the Hamburg Colonization society have united in the acquisition of a large tract of land in the state of Santa Catharina, Brazil. It is the intention of these companies to found there a German colony, with the view to attracting emigrants and trade to the section. In conclusion The Times says: It remains to be seen whether the Brazilians will accord a hearty welcome to this scheme, or whether the United States of America will consider it compatible with a strict interpretation of the Monroe doctrine.

Driven to Suicide.

Vienna, Sept. 2.—Mouthner Von Markow, the millionaire brewer, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. He left a letter attributing his self-murder to the attacks of the anti-Semite newspapers, which have accused him of defrauding the authorities in the matter of payments of Octroi taxes. There is no doubt but what the charges were untrue, for Herr Von Markow, although possessed of great riches, was of an estimable character.

Danger In Ocean Racing.

London, Sept. 2.—The Times this morning publishes a letter from Lord Colville of Colross, remonstrating against the great speed of the modern transatlantic steamers. He says that they cross the ocean at such a furious pace that some calamity is sure to occur in the near future unless the ocean liners are compelled to adopt additional precautionary measures. He cites the case of the steamship St. Paul, which, on Tuesday, nearly swamped a small steamer.

Pluck Kept Him Alive.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Dr. Guion, who performed an operation upon Prince Lobanoff-Rostovsky, in 1891, says that Prince Lobanoff's life since 1891 has been of the nature of a continuous miracle and that he survived only because of his indomitable energy. According to Dr. Guion the Russian foreign minister suffered from grave kidney troubles, combined with cardiac symptoms.

Sees Hope For Bryan.

London, Sept. 2.—The Standard, in its editorial columns this morning, says: William Jennings Bryan, the Democratic candidate for President of the United States, seems to possess the quality which Americans call magnetism, and it may be anticipated that the Republicans have no such easy victory as expected.

Work For Frenchmen In China.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Liberte this morning says: China has engaged French engineers to take charge of the works at the Foo-Chow arsenal and arranged for the building of fast armored cruisers there. The big ironclads, however, will be ordered at the shipyards of other countries.

An Unparalleled Output.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 2.—Word has been received from Cariboo that the clean-up of sluices and cuts in the Cariboo hydraulic mine amounted to $81,600 after a 10 days' run. This is the biggest piece of bullion ever captured from any mine in the same space of time.

Manson Seavy, instructor in mathematics, English high school, Boston, is dead.

There are rumors of impending changes in Concord (N. H.) newspaper circles.

The British Mediterranean squadron has been ordered to the Grecian Archipelago.

Dartmouth's freshman class this year numbers 140, the largest in the history of the college.

The number of doctors in Massachusetts is to be swelled by the addition of 168 new ones.

Lorillard's Diakka won the Peveril of the Peak stakes at the English Derby summer meeting.

New England cotton yarn manufacturers are to consider a further curtailment of production.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

TALES OF THE TIMES.

South Polar Exploration Stimulated by Dr. Nansen's Resolve.

Dr. Nansen's reported intention to undertake an antarctic expedition before returning to his north polar quest is bound to awaken the greatest interest among scientific men. Nansen has long had the confidence of arctic experts on both sides of the Atlantic as a thoroughly well grounded scientist, and his prodigious success in penetrating to the farthest north has given him a prestige among practical explorers quite equal to that which he enjoyed for several years among students. His pluck, intelligence and patience are now beyond dispute, and as these are the supreme qualities of the successful explorer, whether his feet are bent toward the north pole or whether they seek the still more fearful mystery that lies behind the reek of Erebus, he seems to be superbly fitted for the task he is reported to have laid out for himself and his brave Fram.

For various reasons the south pole has not attracted explorers with the same force as the other end of the terrestrial axis. In the first place, the traditional theory of a northwest passage sent many expeditions into the borean seas, and by the time it was exploded and discarded the track made by the futile seekers had penetrated far across the arctic circle and become at once a challenge to the courageous adventurer and a guide to his progress. As early as the tenth century the Scandinavians were in Greenland, but it was not till 1774 that a systematic attempt was made to pierce the antarctic seas. Then the famous Captain Cook—most intrepid of mariners—forced his way as far as 71 degrees south, where he was obliged to abandon all hope of proceeding farther.

His observations and those of his successors in south polar exploration are enough to daunt the most courageous of souls. It is an error to imagine that the two regions resemble each other closely, for within the arctic circle men live and thrive, marry and are given in marriage. But so far as any man of our race knows no human being makes his abode within the antarctic circle. The musk ox thrives in the northern lands, but not a single land quadruped has been found beyond 56 degrees of southern latitude. Not a plant of any description has been seen south of Cockburn's island—in 64 degrees 12 minutes south latitude. The snow line in the antarctic regions and the regions near by extends to the water's edge. The temperature of the arctic regions has been known to rise as high as 58 degrees F. The highest temperature recorded by Sir James Ross was 41 degrees.

Ross' experiences discouraged exploration in the south polar seas, and except by occasional whalers the region remained practically unvisited by man until 1894, when, partly for exploration and partly to determine whether the "right whale" exists in the antarctic sea, Commander Svend Foyn, an old whale hunter of Norway, sent the Antarctic from Melbourne. Sir James Ross and other explorers had spoken of the "black whale." They probably meant the "blue whale," which is far more difficult to catch and far less valuable than the "right whale." The Antarctic lost $25,000 in the expedition because it found no "right whales," but it pierced the ice pack on Jan. 13, 1895, and attained a latitude of 74 degrees 10 minutes south. The captain "noticed a strong tidal current flowing south along the coast of Victoria Land, at the same time the large jellyfish, which he had never seen in very cold water, inclined him to the conclusion that there were warm currents from the north." The expedition, moreover, greatly stimulated antarctic study. Mr. Borchgrevink, a well known observer of antarctic phenomena, is said to be preparing to force his way by boat to Victoria Land and thence to cross the ice to the south magnetic pole, which is in the unexplored region, 17 degrees 25 minutes from the geographic pole. Meanwhile the Royal Geographical society has been striving to induce the British government to send a naval expedition across the dreaded circle.

It will be asked by those for whom human endeavor is worthless unless it yields returns measurable by commercial standards, What is the use of gambling human lives upon an expedition into this fearful region? The answer is afforded by a letter from Captain Creak, which was made public last year by Clements R. Markham, president of the Geographical society. Captain Creak remarked that "if we had not a fair knowledge of the earth's magnetism we should be unable to send our thousands of iron and steel ships over the world with the remarkable precision which due care can attain." He went on: "Each of these ships is a magnet, and if we would know the nature of their magnetism we must first know the nature of their parent magnet, the earth. Now, the distribution of the earth's magnetism is well known to be constantly changing. But if we can once acquire a correct knowledge of the earth's magnetism for different epochs scientific men can obtain a series of constants, by means of which they will be able to construct in advance those charts of the variation of the compass and of the magnetic dip and force which are so important to navigation." "This," says Mr. Markham, "cannot be done without a magnetic survey of the antarctic area."

Nansen's north polar expedition was child's play to what he is now said to propose. But if Ross' clumsy, blunt bowed boats could tear through the pack to Erebus, and if a mere whaler of the first class could penetrate to 74 degrees, there is no reason to suppose that a scientifically built steamship, with a crew equipped also for overland voyages, could not go much farther.

Nansen has gone the furthest north. May he attain the farthest south!—Chicago Times-Herald.

Bibles of Sweatshop Make.

Members of the executive council of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders met the other night at 475 Pearl street, New York, and discussed the strike of the employees of Edwin Ives & Sons.

Benjamin Boden, the president, said: "Bible covers used in books made for the International Bible company are made in sweatshops located in tenement houses. The men are paid 50 cents a day and required to work on Sunday.

"Ives is a deacon in the Montclair (N. J.) Baptist church. He has a contract with the International Bible company for 150,000 Bibles to be finished before Christmas. One cause of the strike was the low wages paid by Ives."—New York World.

The Revised Version.

"I think," said the stage manager thoughtfully, "that in view of the prevailing craze, when you come to that passage, 'The apparel oft proclaims the man,' you'd better add 'nit' to it in order to prevent the gallery from guying you. It's just as well to have it understood that we're up to the times and can readily see where Shakespeare fell down."

He was the same manager who insisted upon putting Ophelia in bloomers.—Chicago Post.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

GRETTA'S WILD RIDE.

Saved Her Own Life and Three Others by Her Courage.

Farmer John Clemons drove into Watertown, N. Y., the other day with a load of potatoes. His spirited horses became frightened at a train and ran away without the driver.

Through the crowded thoroughfares they dashed without a mishap. Following them up Washington street was a nondescript crowd of bicycles, carriages and hacks.

Ahead of the runaways was a pony cart drawn by a Shetland. Riding in the cart were four small children, one the little girl of Michael J. Haney, the millionaire contractor and member of the firm of Ryan & Haney of Toronto, who built the Sault Ste. Marie canal. Gretta was driving.

Nearer and nearer the flying team approached the cart. Standing high upon the seat, reins in one hand, the whip in the other, Gretta, her hair waving behind her, urged the pony to greater speed, while the other three children cowered beneath her.

The team, with nostrils dilated, caught up with the pony cart, and it looked to those behind as if the runaway horses would run over it.

Gretta hit the horses' noses with the whip to check their speed and try to turn them, and then applied it to the pony, who was struggling to carry the children out of danger.

The runaways did not mind the whip, and then Gretta tried another plan.

She drove the pony from one side of the road to the other. But wherever she went the runaways followed.

The girl was displaying marvelous courage, and it seemed to the spectators that she was teasing the runaways.

For a mile the race went on. The runaways were still behind the pony cart and the little Shetland was getting winded from its hard run.

In vain Gretta pounded the runaways' faces with the whip. Her efforts to shake them off were unavailing.

As they were about to run her down she turned the pony sharply up a side street. The runaways dashed by, just grazing the pony cart.

Mr. Haney saw the flying procession pass his house, and followed in a hack. Gretta's thorough training in handling the reins saved her and the children from being crushed to death under hoofs and wheels.—New York Recorder.

A MULE YACHT.

Philadelphia Society Folk and Their Novel Outing Trip.

The mule yacht, a palatial canalboat, owned by a party of high society Philadelphians, is on its way up the Chesapeake and Ohio canal for Cumberland, Md. The party on board consists of 35 persons, of whom 17 are young ladies. The party is in charge of Mr. J. M. Justice and wife, and the captain is Joseph Magruder, formerly of Cumberland.

The party has made the trip over the canal for two successive years, but recently built a boat especially designed for pleasure purposes. The craft is one of the largest of its kind, built for comfort rather than speed. The deck is unobstructed and is used as a dancing floor and promenade. An awning protects the amateur boatmen during the day.

It is drawn by a team of mules, whose trappings are bedecked with colors. The interior of the boat is partitioned off into sleeping apartments, and all the appointments necessary to comfort and convenience are to be found. Fishing and hunting constitute the sports of the men, and they have with them several thousand rounds of ammunition.

A piano, guitars, banjos, etc., furnish dancing music at night. The boat proceeds at irregular intervals, according to the caprice of the party. The tour will not be finished, however, until the latter part of September. Cumberland once reached, the party will return to Williamsport, whence in a chartered car they will go to Philadelphia.

Next summer the party expect to have their boat towed out into the Chesapeake bay, and then by means of inland canals to reach the Hudson river, thence into inland Canadian waters.

The party will arrive at Sharpsburg about Sept. 17, the time the dedication of the Antietam battlefield monuments will take place, and which they expect to witness.—Washington Post.

SOLD THEIR BABE.

These Connecticut Parents Valued Their Affection For Their Child Lightly.

It came out the other day at Bridgeport, Conn., in court, that Walter and Ida Porter of Fairfield, Conn., sold their child for money to Mr. and Mrs. Ash Penny of Bridgeport three years ago, when the Porters were in straitened circumstances. At that time their baby was 3 months old. The agreement and the terms of the sale were drawn by Attorney Howard Joyce, now living in Yonkers, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Penny wanted a child. The Porters had several. The Pennys offered to adopt one, but to this the Porters would not agree. Finally the Pennys offered $100, with the understanding that it should be an out and out sale of the child. This was agreed to.

A year ago Mr. Penny died. Then the Porters determined to get their child back. Mrs. Penny would not part with her.

She was brought into court by Porters' lawyers, and she produced the bill of sale. A copy of the agreement was also in possession of the Porters.

The judge ordered the child to be turned over to its parents. Mrs. Penny protested, but she was told the sale of human beings was not legal under the stars and stripes. The child was taken from court by its parents, but it cried for Mrs. Penny.

A Litter of Calves.

A 4-year-old Jersey cow belonging to Homer Williamson, a farmer, three miles northeast of Winchester, O., gave birth the other night to five fully developed calves, all of which are still living. The calves are about the size of ordinary pug dogs, and Mr. Williamson's farm has been besieged with curious crowds to see the freak of nature.

Lines to H. Smith.

Farewell, Mr. Smith. When the ages have rolled
O'er the heads of a long pedigree,
Your name will be spoken and sweetly extolled,
Unforgot through the decades that flee,
And children with heads o'er their histories bowed
Will murmur, nor deem it a joke,
A word which the darkness of years cannot shroud—
That magical syllable, "Hoke."

And the glory of Cæsar by contrast will fade
And the fame of Napoleon grow dim,
And Solon for wisdom will fall neath the shade
So dense and expansive of him,
And the limners a halo will place o'er his head
As they picture his features refined
And inscribe him in lines that for aye will be read—
"An official who really resigned."
—Washington Star.

First Cuban Republic Marriage.

Carlos Manuel de Cespedes, Cuban rebel governor of the Orient state, Santiago de Cuba province, is reported as one of the first men to have been married in Cuba under the republican marriage laws recently promulgated by the Cuban rebel government. He and his bride were married by a Cuban prefect in the presence of only a few close friends.—New York Herald.

Sufficient.

Uncle Rube—Say, don't them electric cars kill people pretty often round here?

Slopsy—Naw; only onct.—Up to Date.

Tim

Union Made.

For those who want Tim Union-made — just ask for a Tim that's Union-made and you have a guarantee of purity and cleanliness.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £19,000,000 for the seven months of 1896. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS, HON. WALTER C. PEPYS, CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

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ONE DOLLAR! Spent for Footwear at Our Store NOW! Insures to the Buyer a Saving of 50c. EAGLE SHOE STORE 215 DUTTON STREET. J. J. LONERGAN, Prop.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 8.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.10, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.15, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6.0 8.30, a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 a. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.

†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, †6.53, *7.45, *8.50, †9.00, *9.40, 11.03 a. m.; 1.40, †3.00, 4.25, *5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.48, 6.33, †6.53, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.27, 7.28, 7.40, *7.48, *8.07, 9.03, *9.50, 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.40, †3.03, *4.03, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, †5.36, 6.24, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, 8.48, *9.16 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.45, 11.00 a.m.; 1.40, 4.28, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

*Express. §Northern Depot Only. †Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.

For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.53 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 3.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a.m.; 12.00, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 5.08 a.m., 2.00, 5.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m; 12.09, 1.40, 5.42, †8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m. 3.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a.m; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.42 a. m.; 12.09, †8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.54 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, 8.43 p.m., except Saturday.

† Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

16 TO 1

You will be pleased if your watch and jewelry repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

BASKETS

Suitable for picking fruit.

Bottle, Jug and Jar Corks,

Sealing Wax.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

SCOTT & O'DAY,

Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers

Steam, Gas and Water Piping.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

54 APPLETON STREET.

Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

THERE'S NO QUESTION ABOUT IT.

The line of HATS for fall wear that we are now showing stand preeminent, without a rival. We've never been able to make such a showing before and you'll appreciate what that means. Their quality and price have pleased all who have inspected them.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!

Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.

DAVIS & NICKERSON,

Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.

New Goods Arriving Every Week.

OLD WHEAT FLOUR

This is the season of the year to buy your winter Flour. You are sure of getting old wheat of us and we guarantee the quality and the price.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET.

28 THORNDIKE STREET.

Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

Fall Styles 1896-97.

The Gold Derby | The Silver Tourist

Our two hats that have been universally indorsed the most becoming, and best values ever seen in the field for public favor, now ready

95c., $1.48, $2, $2.50

J. L. CHALIFOUX,

49 to 59 Central Street.

SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT READY MADE CLOTHING PRICES.

BERTRAND'S 34 Middle Street.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:10; sets, 6:16.
Length of day—13h. 4m.
Full sea—6:15 a. m.; 6:45 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Fair; slightly warmer, preceded by light frosts in northern portions of New England; westerly winds, shifting to southerly.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 15	6 50	6 22	§7 07
6 30	7 05	6 35	7 53
6 59	8 04	6 10	§7 30
§7 01	7 54	8 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 21	8 12	*9 00	§9 48
§7 33	8 50	*9 30	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 06	11 15
*7 45	8 36	10 15	11 58
*8 50	9 40	11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 01	§12 56
9 40	10 40	*1 00	§1 38
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§1 52
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 40
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*§4 00	4 45	4 50	§5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 30	6 53	6 15	7 30
*§6 23	7 10	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 49
§8 45	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 25	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 50	§1 57
§9 16	10 10	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	5 22	7 20	§8 10
§6 58	7 00	8 05	§8 40
		9 05	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 39	8 03	7 39	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 22	10 30	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	1 39	1 05
12 07	1 57	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 55	3 30	4 21
2 39	3 44	3 49	4 56
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 45
4 05	5 23	5 01	6 20
6 10	6 42	6 01	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 00	8 06	9 45	10 41
9 39	10 41	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 50
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 50	8 40	9 40
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

J. Joseph Hennessy, Esq., has opened a law office at room 15, Hildreth building.

After you buy shoes at O'Sullivan Bros., store you can get a free electric car ride home.

Send your orders for winter coal by potal or telephone to Rourke & Sullivan, 984 Gorham street. They guarantee satisfaction.

Best coal at lowest prices at E. A. Wilson's, corner of Bridge and Merrimack streets, Runels' building. If you have no time to call, telephone.

Do you keep a horse or cow? You can buy the best of grain, hay and bedding for either of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street. Try a barrel of his flour.

The Lowell Co-Operative bank sold yesterday afternoon through J. E. Conant & Co., house, stable and 8996 square feet of land, No. 412 Stevens street to Albert Henry Whitcomb for $3875.

The Charles Henry Hill whist club of Billerica Centre went to Cresent beach yesterday and were regalled with a fish dinner followed by a general good time. Mr. Thomas Barnes, one of Billerica's winter residents, was the host of the occasion.

Fell Down Stairs.

Acteon Therien, aged 12 years, residing on Ward street, fell from a flight of stairs yesterday and dislocated his shoulder.

Registration Dates.

Registration for the state and national election will begin Sept. 21, and continue through the 24th, 26th and 28th, and Oct. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13 and 14. After the first three days there will be afternoon as well as evening sessions.

Another Newspaper Man Gone.

Charles T. Cahill, who for about nine years has been advertising manager of the Lowell Daily Citizen and the Citizen-Courier Co., will sever his connection with these papers and hereafter will devote his entire time and attention to handling the advertising of White Bros. box calf shoe. Mr. Cahill's friends will wish him all possible success in his new field.

NEW THEATRE

May be Started in Old Boston and Maine Depot.

W. S. Spaulding and S. B. Bean of Boston are looking about Lowell with a view of finding a location for a first class variety theatre on the same plan as Keith's in Boston. It has been suggested that the Central street depot of the Boston and Maine railroad would be a good place for a theatre.

BILLERICA SCHOOL MATTERS.

Arrangements Being Made fo the Opening of the Schools.

The schools of North Billerica opens on Tuesday next and all the buildings are ready for use.

Two vacancies are to be filled, but all the other teachers will be the same as last year.

Miss Foss of the Union Hall school and and Miss Sampson of the Talbot school resigned and their successors will probably be announced when Supt. McKenney returns from his vacation.

Mr. Noyes, who was in charge at the Talbot school for the last month or two of the spring term, will return to permanently resume his duties.

At Billerica Centre the opening of the Howe school is likely to be delayed beyond the announced date, by the extensive repairs and alterations which are in progress. The interior is being so completely renovated that those who have known the old building for years will hardly recognize it.

New stairways have been put in, the plastering is being repaired and when it is done the will be tinted in an artistic manner. Besides these items of improvement a complete modern system of heating and ventilation is being put in by Walker & Pratt of Boston, as a recent state law provides that all school houses must be fitted with a system of ventilation which shall supply to each pupil in the room 30 cubic feet of air per minute.

Acknowledgment.

The Sisters and children of St. Peter's orphanage most gratefully extend their sincere gratitude to Mr. Sullivan, general manager of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co., for so many courtesies and kindness so generously tendered on the occasion of our recent outing to Mountain Rock grove. Also to Mr. Golden whose kind interest on the grounds was deeply appreciated, and to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cahill to whom we are deeply indebted for the happy gala day and he bountiful feast furnished the little ones, whose loving hearts still turn in deepest gratitude and love to the fond memory of our late benefactor, Miss Sarah H. Cahill.

New Fall and Winter Goods

Exclusive novelties in the latest shades and styles, from the magnificent house of E. H. Vandingen & Co., New York and London, England, at Louis Alexander's, the tailor, 66 Central street.

1876 and 1896.

For the past twenty years we have been supplying the citizens of Lowell with high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

YET AN OPEN RACE

Delegates to Indianapolis Free To Choose.

ANY CANDIDATE WHOM THEY MAY PREFER.

Bragg Leads, Cleveland Has Been Dropped.

Indianapolis, Sept. 2.—Senator John M. Palmer of Illinois, chairman of the provisional committee, appointed at Chicago five weeks ago, called the convention of gold Democrats to order at noon today in Tomlinson hall. All the indications are that the gathering will exceed expectations, both in point of numbers and states represented. From the lists in the hands of Secretary Wilson, it is certain that over 800 delegates will be present, representing 41 or 42 states and territories. Considering the fact that the original call for the meeting of representatives of 10 middle states was only issued July 20, the managers feel that they have reason to feel proud of the result of their work.

The convention completed the permanent organization and then adjourned until tomorrow, as a big mass meeting has been arranged for tonight, at which Colonel Breckinridge of Kentucky, Fellows of New York, Mr. Ehrich of Colorado and other orators will speak.

The convention was opened with prayer by Rev. John White, the Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Indiana. Ex-Governor Flower, who was selected as temporary chairman of the national convention, delivered the opening speech. After the announcement of the committees' selections was a recess to give the committee on credentials and permanent organization time to meet and report and some orators were called to the platform to fill the time with speeches.

Senator Caffery of Louisiana was chosen permanent chairman. After Senator Caffery had been installed, the convention adjourned until tomorrow, when the platform will be adopted and the candidates named. A sine die adjournment is expected tomorrow evening.

All the flurry which enemies of the new political movement tried to create by circulating the report that Texas would bolt if the convention should insist upon nominating a ticket, has blown over, with the discovery that Texas never made any such threat and never thought of making any. There is no reason up to the present time to suppose that the convention will have any controversies, except as to the make-up of the ticket and what shall go into and what be kept out of the platform, and these differences bid fair to be entirely friendly, though spirited. The fact that there is lively diversity of opinion is interpreted as proving the real importance of the convention, for if it and its consequences were unimportant there would be nothing to debate about.

This convention has not gone far yet in the choice of its standard-bearers, however, and it is probable that little will be determined by any preliminary activity, and that the delegates themselves, when the balloting begins, will have to decide the question. The two-thirds' rule of the historic Democracy will be maintained, but no state delegation will be asked to abide by the unit rule. The delegates, thus unfettered by rule, are coming here remarkably free from instructions or pledges. Wisconsin has instructed for Bragg, Missouri for Broadhead, and Kentucky has named Buckner for vice president, but with these exceptions the race is an open one. It is observable that those who have been most active in this national Democratic movement look askance at the suggestion of nominating any man who has been at all lukewarm in his support of this convention, or concerning whose course there has been any uncertainty. Such an objection is raised against Postmaster General Wilson, who has been rather slow in making his position known.

Cleveland Out of It.

An attempt was made to start a Cleveland boom yesterday. It fell flat. The nearest friends of the president deprecate it most seriously, and say that the president would himself cut it off summarily if consulted. He is reported as being as desirous as one could be to prevent this convention from taking on the appearance of a personal following. While it will undoubtedly in its platform commend the wise and patriotic acts of the administration, and while its leaders are warm in their praise of the conduct of the president, in the desperate emergencies with which he has been confronted, there is a universal agreement to have no element of mere hero-worship in its attitude. Whether the Cleveland talk was started by the opponents of Watterson's nomination for the purpose of creating a diversion, or whether it was started by the Watterson men as a means of killing off some of the rival candidates, it is hard to determine. The one thing that is certain is that the president himself has had no part in the matter.

A leading Cleveland boomer is Hugh C. Wallace of Washington, who created such a sensation by standing out for sound money as a delegate to the Chicago convention and resigning from the national committee after his own delegation with full knowledge of his position, had elected him to it. He considers that Cleveland is the strongest individual Democrat in the country today and scouts the idea that any number of people could be stampeded by the third-term bugaboo. Ex-Governor Jones of Alabama is cited as another Cleveland man, but it does not appear that he can fairly be counted as among the strong advocates of the president's renomination. He says frankly that the president is loved and admired by the sound money Democrats of his state, but that his delegation has not and will not commit itself to his candidacy, but stands ready to throw its vote in favor of any man who seems to command the widest and most enthusiastic support from the convention generally. He says the vote for the Indianapolis ticket will astound the Bryan men on the day of election.

About an Income Tax Plank.

Some stir has been made among the delegates already on the scene by a discussion of the practicability of planks in the platform favorable to an income tax, and to a change in the procedure of the United States supreme court in dealing with constitutional questions. The income tax idea is vigorously fought by Comptroller Eckels and other conservative leaders, who think it would be unwise to the last degree to drag into the platform any issue on which the sound, old-time Democrats are hopelessly divided. Some of the same reasoning would apply to the proposed reference to the supreme court, which involves the demand that in a decision of constitutional questions there shall be a concurrence of seven members of the court.

There is not much doubt that Senator Vilas could get the nomination if he would consent to run and if General Bragg were out of the way. But the instructions of the Wisconsin delegation to support Bragg had their origin with Vilas himself, and he feels extremely delicate about doing anything that might be interpreted as a desertion of his colors. General Bragg manifests no disposition to get out of the race. He is as chipper and full of fight as he was when he was 20 years younger. He said yesterday: "Not one of the possible candidates mentioned is an office-seeker. We haven't that kind of a man in this whole convention. But it is an honor which nobody can ignore and nobody ought to run away from, to head such a splendid fight for a principle." The general is still chuckling over the fact that in the Ashland district of Wisconsin the Democratic nomination has gone to an Irish leader named O'Keefe, to the defeat and discomfiture of the silver Democratic champion, young Dockery, who caused the factional split in the Wisconsin delegation of Chicago and expected to be the great man in his district thenceforward.

One of the first features of this convention, strictly characteristic of the ordinary national assemblage, occurred yesterday, when the Massachusetts delegation was escorted to their hotel by a drum corps. One of the delegation came on ahead, and, on arriving here, found a Boston dispatch asking him to procure a brass band and prepare in other ways to let the metropolis of this doubtful state know that the 'gold Democratic movement meant business.

Considerable interest was aroused in the street yesterday by the Florida parade. The participants all wore golden yellow badges and carried huge bunches of palm, while at their head was borne a banner bearing the portrait of President Cleveland as "Florida's candidate," and behind that came a golden alligator rearing on its hind legs, and with its mouth open, ready to devour the Silver party at one gulp.

The following New England appointments for the national committee have been made: Connecticut, Joe L. Sperry; Maine, C. V. Holman; Massachusetts, Nathan Matthews, Jr.; New Hampshire, Gordon Woodbury.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is **GOOD** for all diseases that have their origin in impure blood. It is **BETTER** than other sarsaparillas, better made, of better ingredients and by better methods. Its record of cures proclaims it the **BEST**.

HUNG CHANG BANQUET

HE HURT HIS FINGER AND DID NOT ATTEND.

Was Driven Through Chinatown and Saw Some Fine Exhibitions.

New York, Sept. 2.—Li Hung Chang made a tour through Chinatown yesterday, preceded by a squad of mounted police. The arrival of Earl Li in Chinatown was heralded by a display of fireworks, forming one continuous peal, as if of thunder, lasting fully half an hour. Earl Li did not stop at the joss house, neither did he alight from his carriage in his triumphant journey through Chinatown.

Yesterday afternoon he witnessed a display by the fire and police departments. There was also a parade by a portion of the forces of the street cleaning department, but the earl did not see this, as he had left before the program was over, pleading fatigue. The parade by the police was an admirable one, and evoked hearty applause from the spectators. The firemen's display was not up to the average of some previous exhibitions of the kind, owing to the interference of the crowd.

The dinner arranged for the Chinese viceroy at Delmonico's last night was given with all the anticipated splendor, except for one thing, that the viceroy was not there. Whether it was simply due to his being tired after so much sight-seeing, or to any special sickness, the earl was somewhat indisposed and did no feel like going out last night. Consequently he remained in the Waldorf, and the dinner went on without him.

One of the earl's physicians confirmed a rumor that he had hurt one of his fingers, but did not regard it as particularly serious. As the physician understood it, one of Li's fingers got caught in the door of his carriage as he was getting into his vehicle. It was the third finger of the right hand. It was squeezed so severely that the flesh under the nail turned black and blue, and the earl carefully nursed the injured member. With the patience characteristic of his race, he merely said he was glad that it was no worse. The dinner at Delmonico's was given by the Chinese merchants of New York, under the leadership of Consul Sze.

Baseball.

At Boston—Boston, 10; Louisville, 5. Louisville, 7; Boston, 5.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Cincinnati, 6.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; Pittsburg, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 6; St. Louis, 3. St. Louis, 3; Brooklyn, 1.
At Washington—Washington, 7; Chicago, 6. Chicago, 7; Washington, 2.
At New York—Cleveland, 6; New York, 2. New York, 3; Cleveland, 2.
At Bangor—Bangor, 7; Augusta, 1.
At Fall River—Fall River, 10; Brockton, 5.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 14; Pawtucket, 10.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Miss Clara Barton will not return to America at once.

The policy of Russia will not be affected by the death of Lobanoff.

There is a large demand for American coin at the Bank of England.

Italy will send a squadron to protect its interests in South America.

One thousand teachers have attended Maine's summer schools this year.

Charles E. Warburton, proprietor of the Philadelphia Telegraph, is dead.

Two new mural paintings by American artists are on exhibition in New York.

The cruiser Bancroft is fitting for her proposed expedition to the Bosporus.

The New York traction companies cannot gain control of the elevated lines.

A party of five Chinamen were smuggled into this country through Calais, Me.

It is rumored in Rome that King Humbert will soon abdicate in favor of his son.

A national home for disabled volunteer soldiers is soon to be erected at Hartford.

The biennial session of the supreme commandery of the Order of the Iron Hall began at Detroit.

Hunters are planning for trips into the deer hunting regions in northern Coos, N. H., after Sept. 15.

Strong protests from Spain and England are to be made against the clearance of the steamship Bermuda.

The annual convention of chapter general of the American Knights of St. John and Malta opened in Brooklyn.

Fire destroyed the main building of the state feeble-minded institute at Frankfort, Ky. None of the inmates were hurt. Loss, $45,000.

The American watch factory began work at Waltham, Mass., after a three weeks' vacation, with a full number of men, and will run on full time.

Steamer Flambourough, at New York from Central American ports, reports that a new fixed light was recently placed on Cape Gracios, visible 12 miles in clear weather.

William P. Banigan is no longer general manager of the Marvel Rubber company, President E. A. Saunders of that company having succeeded to the position.

President Colt of the Woonsocket Rubber company says that the Alice rubber mill will start Sept. 10, and says the Millville mill will undoubtedly start at the same time.

It is reported that the China, Webster and Pembroke mills, at Suncook, N. H., will resume operations next Tuesday on a four-days-a-week basis. This will give employment to about 1500 hands.

Elbridge T. Burleigh, president of the Essex County Bar association, and one of the most prominent lawyers in Lawrence, Mass., died at Rangeley lakes, Me. Mr. Burleigh was born in Newmarket, N. H., in 1842.

Dr. Charles W. Deyo, president of the Ulster Savings institution and cashier of the State of New York National bank of Kingston, N. Y., was stricken with apoplexy on the street in that city and died a few hours later.

A porker, belonging to H. M. Rigney of Waterville, Conn., wandered on the New England track and was caught in the cattle guard above a crossing. Its squealing drew 11 others to its side, and an express dashed through the drove, killing every one of them.

MR. POWERS HURT.

His Arm Mangled in What was Nearly a Fatal Accident.

James Powers, while at work in the Brussels department of the Carpet, yesterday, had his arm caught in a machine and badly mangled. He was considered fortunate in escaping death.

He was taken to the Lowell hospital, where he is resting as comfortably as could be expected today.

It is not yet known whether amputation will be necessary.

May Run Savoy.

The following from the Nashua Telegraph will no doubt interest Lowell theatre goers:

"Harlie Davis goes to Montreal tomorrow, where with A. H. Dexter, a former Railroad square livery stable keeper, and N. A. Morkill, he has charge of the privileges at a fair. Mr. Davis may run the Savoy theatre, Lowell."

Fifield Tool Company.

The Fifield Tool company held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon and there was a large attendence of stockholders. Hon. George W. Fifield was re-elected president, N. D. Pratt clerk, Hon. John J. Donovan treasurer and the old board of directors was re-elected, Charles Littlefield, the box manufacturer, and Sylvanus Bartlett of Middlesex street being elected to fill vacancies occasioned by the death of the late Francis Jewett.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

"Bennie" Wefers left yesterday for New York where he will resume training at the N. Y. A. C. grounds on Travers Island. He will take part in the American championship games which will be held in New York, Sept. 12 and may be entered in the Canadian games in Montreal, Sept. 26. Wefers' wonderful performance in this city, last Saturday will not soon be forgotten by those who witnessed it. In his race against Burke, he demonstrated his superiority over the laurel-crowned athlete in a 300 yards run. Several local sports dropped a little coin on that race because they supposed Burke was superior in a race of 300 yards as his forte is 440 yards and Wefers' 100 yards. Wefers made additional friends during his stay here, and they will await the result of the championship games with much interest. On Monday, Wefers and Kilpatrick with Richard McCluskey and a few friends sat for a fine group picture. "Dick" McCluskey is a warm admirer of Wefers, and managed to bank a few dollars on last Saturday's race.

The Burke athletic club is preparing for the N. E. A. U. games at the Fair grounds, Sept. 26. They will try and secure a permit for Wefers to run here on that day. Being an N. Y. A. C., man he is debarred from competing in the New England games.

Tomorrow's game on the Fair grounds between the Emeralds and the Florence clubs will be a hummer. The Florence team will try to win back some of that pile dropped the last time the clubs met. Both teams will present their strongest players.

P. Lynch, the barber, has purchased from William Gordon the fast stepper which was raised and for a long time owned by Landlord Frank Harris now of the old Washington tavern. "Patsey" intends to take the dust from no Lowell knight of the shears.

The Young fellows won a victory on the Lakeview alleys last night from the Eureka team. The game was one-sided, the victors having 207 pins to spare. Messrs. Murphy and McLaughlin were the only ones to go over the 500 mark. The score was: Young Fellows, 2397; Eurekas, 2190.

George Picard and Tom Kelly, two old time rivals, are in constant training for their half mile contest which will take place at the Fair Grounds on Monday afternoon next. Both are confidetn of winning, and like the Burke-Wefers contest, it will be for "blood." Considerable "outside" money is at stake on the result.

ATTACKED BY A DOG.

Constable Dutton's Experience in Tewksbury Yesterday.

Out in Tewksbury, yesterday, Constable George E. Dutton of this city had a very lively experience.

According to his version he went there to serve a writ on a farmer, when the latter set a St. Bernard dog on the constable.

The dog bit his nose and was making a grab for his neck when the constable seized the dog by the throat and strangled it to death.

The farmer then started for the constable, but the latter drew his revolver and succeeded in quieting the farmer.

BASE BALL.

The City Hall Base Ball club and the Press club team are meeting this afternoon at the Dracut oval, in the play-off or a "rubber" contest each club having won a game from the other.

The Colts and Has Beens, two clubs from the North common district played a "rubber" game on the North common yesterday afternoon, the former winning by a score of 11 to 10. The victors were immediately challenged by the "Hard-workers" of the South common and a game is being played this afternoon between the two teams on the North common.

On Saturday afternoon next the T. R. and T's of North Billerica and the South Ends will meet in a league contest on the Fair Grounds.

POLICE NOTES.

The Nashua police are hunting for Fred Barker, who drove off with a team Saturday and is thought to have come Lowell way.

The Lawrence police are trying to find the thief who stole a telephone apparatus from the Glen Forest pavilion Saturday night by breaking in.

The Heirs Win.

In the case of the Sarah Durkee will, the court has decided that the legacies bequeathed to the Church League and the Associated Charities shall revert to the heirs. The other bequests stand.

For Delicacy,

for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals Pozzoni's Powder.

KNOX GUARDS.

The Boys Desert Lawton for the Lawrence Man.

It will be the Lawton Guards no more. Fred Lawton, the Guards think, has had his day, and now it is Knox's turn. And so they have switched, as it were, from Lawton to Knox.

The Knox Guards will be under the patronage of the Lawrence banker henceforth.

Last night Burton Plaisted was elected third lieutenant, Leslie F. Hunting, quarter-master sergeant, and C. E. Day, color sergeant, Frank Breault, Frank Simpson, Eugene Aldrich and Wm. Thomas were elected corporals.

VERY SUDDEN DEATH.

John J. Donahue Dies After a Brief Illness—He Had Returned From His Vacation.

John J. Donahue, for eight years employed in the post office, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at his home, 184 South street. He had just returned from a vacation of 15 days at Lynn and other beaches. An attack of colic intense in its severity was the cause of death. Mr. Donahue had been employed in the capacity of letter carrier for about six years and his route lay in the Ayer City district. Previous to that he was a collector of mails. He was 33 years of age. His brothers, Daniel J. and Charles Donahue, are prominently known in Lowell. He leaves a wife and several young children. His death is a sad blow to his family and intimate friends. He was quite popular wherever known and much sorrow is felt at his sudden death.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The assessors are busy on the tax bills, but they will not have them ready for committal for ten days or a fortnight.

Clerk Potter, during the month of August, has disbursed for state aid and military aid the sum of $1729.

The Lowell Co-operative bank sold yestrday afternoon, through J. E. Conant & Co., house, stable and 8996 square feet of land, No. 4e2 Stevens street, to Albert Henry Whitcomb, for $3885.

A WAR RELIC

Of Service of a Lowell Man. Many More Like it.

A distinguished badge in Lowell is the G. A. R. button.

Reminds us all of past service.

But the unseen badges speak louder.

The war left but few men physically right.

The tented field is not a home life.

And hard usage left weak spots for later trouble.

Lame backs and weak kidneys are relics of soldier days.

The men of 50 who have lame backs, in most cases had army experience.

These are the badges the boys don't want.

But having them they are learning the cure.

Frank Zesewcitz lives at 150 Dummer street.

He had two years of light artillery riding.

And suffered much from weak back.

It followed him through life.

Painful backache — urinary trouble—sleepless nights.

Tried many medicines with little benefit.

He adds: "I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co's, Merrimack and Central streets, and had taken but a few when I felt much better, and today I am free from the backache, and the unnatural urinating has ceased. I am not in any way inconvencied now and I give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit. You may use my name and say that without hesitation I recommend them to all who have any kidney disease."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

6 Foot Show Case
FOR SALE CHEAP
AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Real estate office. Tenements to let, money to loan, bad debts of all kinds collected, auctioneering and appraising. Room 1, Swan Block.

A GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

EVERY JACKET,

REEFER, CAPE, WRAPPER, SKIRT AND SHIRT WAIST

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

IMPERIAL CLOAK and SUIT STORE

8 Merrimack Square and 11 Bridge Street.

We will inaugurate the lowest prices ever quoted in Lowell for brand new up-to-date goods, will sell everythng regardless of cost to make room for a heavy stock of new fall goods.

Children's Reefers, worth $1.50, will go at 59c.
Children's Reefers, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 will go at 98c.
Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, worth $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50, will go at $2.49.
Persian Lawn Wrappers, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.98, will go at 98c. and $1.25.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, 75c., 98c. and $1.25, will go at 25c.

As we have been in business for only six months, and carry nothing but the latest from the largest and best manufacturers in New York, consequently we have no old style or shop worn goods. Come early and get what you may call a genuine bargain. A. M. DRAGON.

A Manufacturer's stock of fine Boots and Shoes to be sold at less than first cost.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

CROCKERY BARGAINS

HERE ARE THREE ITEMS OF GOOD VALUES THAT MAY INTEREST YOU.

Plain white China Ewers and Basins, 46c. for both pieces.

Bed Pans usual price $1,50, 63c. each.

Meat Platters, extra large, 13in. wide by 17in. long, white stoneware with fluted corners, usual price 65c., 35c. each.

And in the same dept. we sell cups and saucers, plates, bowls and all kinds of dishes at equally low prices.

CROCKERY DEPT., BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A Stupendous Bargain Sale OF BED BLANKETS

Opens in Our Store To-day. We have opened this week several cases of new Blankets which manufacturers have been making for us the past four months and we have also purchased from the same manufacturers several cases which are subject to imperfection and which we bought very much less than the price of regular goods. Therefore

We Will Discount this Week the Lowest Prices Ever Paid for Blankets.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK. BUY NOW.

Five cases of Blankets, white and grey, at **49c.** a pair.

Four cases of white and grey Blankets, 11-4 size, at **98c.** a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, white only with border, an elegant quality at **$1.25** a pair.

One hundred pair 11-4 Blankets, imperfect, regularly sold at $2.75, only **$1.75** a pair.

Ninety pair of Wool Blankets, imperfect, sold regularly at $4.00, only **$2.39** a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, very slight imperfections, pink, blue and yellow borders, sold regularly at $5.50, only **$3.75** a pair.

Two cases of strictly all-wool 11-4 Blankets, regularly sold at $7.00, the imperfections are scarcely noticeable, price **$4.50** a pair.

Elegant Blankets in Perfect Goods Up to $15.00 a Pair.

Two Bargains in Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Seventy-five dozen Bleached Pillow Cases 42x36 and 45x36, at **6 1-4c.** each.

Twenty-five dozen of ready-to-wear Bleached Sheets at **39c.** each.

COMFORTERS.

Complete and entirely new stock of Comforters. New designs, new styles, beautiful colorings, in French Sateen Comforters. All our low and medium price Comforters are filled with pure carded cotton batting. Largest stock in Lowell to select from.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.